THE WEATHER
Rain or snow and warmer tonight. Indications point to rain or snow on Tuesday. Fresh easterly winds, increasing and becoming westerly Tuesday.

THE LOWELL SUN

5 O'CLOCK

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IRELAND'S CAUSE

Pleaded by Conor O'Kelly and Other Speakers

CONOR O'KELLY, M. P.

In a Big Meeting at Huntington Hall Last Night—Home Rule for Ireland Now the Goal—Land Question Settled

The home rule demonstration, held at Huntington hall, last evening, under the auspices of the United Irish League, was one of the most successful meetings of the kind held here since the Davitt-Dillon reception in the same hall. The people flocked to see and hear the Irish delegate, Conor O'Kelly, M. P., and the audience filled the large hall in every part. The program, both musically and oratorically, was rarely excelled in this city, and it stirred the enthusiasm of the audience to a high pitch. Miss McLaughlin's singing of Irish airs in the Gaelic tongue proved a taking feature and the audience recalled her again and again. Mr. O'Kelly proved to be a calm, logical and convincing speaker, just the kind to convince the skeptical that the Irish movement is now nearing the goal of legislative independence.

On the platform were seated: Conor O'Kelly, M. P., Rev. William O'Brien, P. R.; Rev. Fr. Ronan, Rev. James A. Walsh, Rev. Fr. Flynn, O. M. I.; John J. O'Callaghan, national secretary United Irish League; Charles F. Malley, Esq., of Boston; Martin Crehan of Boston; Dr. M. F. Sullivan and Bernard J. Donigan of Lawrence; John Nolan, Edward Cawley, Daniel J. Donahue, Esq., Richard Lyons, M. A. Lee, Thomas M. Reedy, Michael Connolly, Edmund Costello and many representatives of local Irish societies.

The meeting was opened by Vice President Richard Lyons in a neat and appropriate speech, introducing Rev. James A. Walsh as chairman of the evening. The reverend gentleman made a pithy speech, pointing out the burdens which the recent reforms will lift from the shoulders of Irishmen and women in this country who in years just have been sending home from their earnings money to help their parents or other relatives pay the rent of the farms on which they were born. Is it not better, he asked, to expend a little money in wiping out the landlord system and rooting the people in the soil than to help support an iniquitous system by sending money across the ocean to pay exorbitant rents. Keep up the progress in the movement and soon it will not be necessary for the youth of Ireland to go into exile in order to find the opportunity of earning a livelihood. The people will remain at home and build up a happy and prosperous nation—if they only secure the one and only remaining measure needed—home rule.

Miss Mabel M. Lee was then introduced and sang sweetly "Sweet Little Isle of the Sea," and was vigorously encored.

MR. O'CALLAGHAN'S ADDRESS.

John O'Callaghan, national secretary of the United Irish League, got a rousing reception. In opening Mr. O'Callaghan congratulated the league upon the splendid meeting and the fact that as in Ireland today and in the past there is a perfect union of priests and people.

It is just a year ago, he said, since it was my privilege to address a Lowell audience in this city, in company with Mr. Joseph Devlin, M. P., for North Kilkenny. Your honored guest of tonight, Mr. Conor O'Kelly, the trusted representative of North Mayo, was then undergoing a sentence of imprisonment in Castlebar jail, because he had faithfully represented the voice of his constituents, and opposed Dublin castle rule in Connaught. Coercion was at that time rampant, landlordism was riding roughshod over the people, the people's representatives were in prison, and what we were told was the strongest government numerically of a century was in power in England.

Lord Salisbury too had told us only a year or two before that Ireland should never get home rule, because if she had had home rule during the Boer war she would have given armed assistance to the gallant burghers of the South African republics.

What is the position today, after the short space of one year? Coercion has been thrown aside as a useless and discarded weapon, the back bone of landlordism has been broken in the passage of the land act of last year; and the question now is, not on the going of Landlordism, but that it go at once. English credit to the extent of some $600,000,000 has been pledged for the purpose of drlving from the ownership of the soil of Ireland that alien garrison who so long have held it for England, and for placing back upon the fertile plains of Ireland the descendants of the people who have been plundered and robbed for generations by the Cromwellians and Sassenachs who have ruled the roost there for three centuries.

The Irish party, united, disciplined, magnificently led, and loyal as a band of brothers to the old cause of Ireland are dealing smashing blows to the government that was supposed to be invincible, and it is conceded by all authorities that it is only a question of weeks, if not days, until the Irish representatives bring the Tory government tumbling down like a house of cards around the heads of British statesmen.

(Continued to Page Five.)

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RELIABLE DRUGGISTS
417 MIDDLESEX STREET
Opposite Northern Station
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Open from 6 a.m. to 11.00 p.m.

WASN'T DRUNK

Thomas Brennan Said Lowell Police

COULD NOT ARREST ANY ONE EXCEPT OLD WOMEN

And the Officer Gave Him the Lie

BY TAKING HIM TO THE POLICE STATION

He Has Money in the Bank

The vernacular of the street was freely indulged in in police court today. Just for a few seconds a police officer thought he was on the East side and Thomas Brennan, who was charged with being drunk, allowed that he would make a little speech and set the court right as to the circumstances surrounding his arrest. Thomas said he was no orator, but he certainly did very well for a fellow that didn't lay any claim to speech-making. He was arrested from Welch's restaurant in Merrimack street, Sunday forenoon. The arresting officers said that Thomas used vile language and after they had told their story Thomas was told he might ask any questions he wanted to.

"Who was with me when you arrested me?" he asked the officer.

"There was a woman with you."

"Very true. Did you hear me use any bad language?"

"Yes I did."

"What did you hear me say?"

"You called me a — — — — — —."

"Not on your handsome," said Thomas; "I am not in the habit of using such expressions. I would respectfully ask you, Mr. Officer, to tell me why you didn't arrest me in the street if I was drunk."

"Because I didn't want to," answered the officer.

"Why did you follow me into the restaurant and arrest me there?"

"Because you had gone the limit."

"The limit eh, well that's going some."

Thomas was accused of having indulged in a few drinks before coming to court, but he denied the allegation. He said if his eyes looked glassy it wasn't his fault—he couldn't help it.

"Your honor," said Thomas, "I'd like to be sworn," and forthwith Thomas was sworn.

"As I said before," continued Thomas, "I am not an orator, but I will state my case to the court and the court will draw its own conclusion.

"I didn't know that the men who arrested me were police officers. They did not have their official regalia with them.

"You see, I came down here from Jaffrey, Cheshire county, N. H., Saturday to put money in the bank. I met a lady friend and we were about to have breakfast Sunday forenoon when I was arrested.

"I'll tell you what I did say, that I suppose made the cops a bit sore. I said that the Lowell police couldn't arrest anybody except some poor old widow woman who sold a drop of liquor to keep from starving.

"When I said that the officer stepped up and says to me, 'you're a pretty fresh guy.'"

"Not any fresher than you, says I."

"You'll have a few thinks coming pretty soon," says he.

"That might be," says I.

"Go on," says he.

"I'm going," says I.

"You're rotten drunk," says he.

"Not quite," says I.

The even tenor of Thomas' "says I's and says he's" was broken by the court and his story was cut short in the twenty-second round. He said the officer followed him into the restaurant, argued with him, and finally arrested him. He declared he was not drunk.

"Find him guilty and impose a fine of $5," said Judge Hadley.

"I appeal to a higher court," said Thomas and he was ordered in $200 for the superior court. Later he withdrew his appeal and paid the fine.

Upon leaving the court room he said to a reporter, "Sure I might as well pay, the whole horse was against me."

FOUR JUVENILES.

Ernelis Vladreus, 14, charged with the larceny of a $5 bill and John H. Quigley, Hugh Fife and Frank White, charged with the larceny of gum from a penny-in-the-slot machine, had their cases continued to Friday, juvenile day.

FOR DRUNKENNESS.

Michael E. and Mary E. Gibbons, husband and wife, moved on to the workhouse for four months. All of their children are being cared by the state and the arresting officer said that Michael was no earthly use to himself or anybody else and that Mary was ditto.

Ernest Brucher will get his mail at the city farm for the next three months. Eugene Lafrance, John J. McAndrews and Martin Curry were fined $5 each and Edward J. Doyle was fined $3. Nine first offenders were fined $2 each and five others were placed on probation with suspended sentences.

WANTED—By a French Canadian young man, an inside position; speaks English and French language. Please refer 16 557 Middlesex street.

PROSPECTIVE FARMER wishes to buy harness and farm implements second hand, but in good condition. Write at once giving full particulars to Mr. A. Z., Sun office.

We Want Your Opinion on
"DOWD'S HONEST TEN" CIGAR

CONFLICTING CLAIMS

Japanese Report Port Arthur Has Been Taken

Russians Deny This Story and Say No Fighting Has Occurred During Past 24 Hours — Pres. Roosevelt's Move Pleases the Russians

WEI HAI WEI, MARCH 14.—THE JAPANESE HERE REPORT THAT PORT ARTHUR HAS BEEN CAPTURED.

ONLY DEAD MEN FOUND ON BOARD

TOKIO, Monday, March 14—A supplementary report from Vice Admiral Togo concerning the effort made by the crews of the Japanese torpedo boat destroyers in the action off Port Arthur on the tenth instant to rescue the crews of the disabled Russian torpedo boat destroyers reached here today. Capt. Shogiromsai, commanding the fleet of torpedo boat destroyers states that the Japanese would have been able to rescue many more of the enemy but for the deadly fire of the shore batteries and the close approach of the Russian cruiser Novik. The report, also explains that four men rescued were not part of the crew of the Stereguschtichl, as originally reported. When the Japanese rescuers reached the Stereguschtichl only the dead remained on board and it is believed the living members of the crew jumped overboard and perished. Three of the Russians rescued are engineers and the fourth is a torpedo operator. Two of the captives were slightly wounded. They were all placed aboard a Japanese battleship and were given food and medicine.

ROOSEVELT'S MOVE PLEASES RUSSIA

ST. PETERSBURG, March 14—President Roosevelt's recent proclamation regarding the observance of neutrality has produced a great impression here. The newspapers today print prominently articles commending the substance and spirit of the proclamation in the highest terms.

The official Gazette accepts it unreservedly as a complete answer to the charges that the American government is hostile to Russia and declares that hereafter despite any seemingly untoward incident which may arise it will be considered settled once for all that "the American government has taken a friendly attitude towards our aims and policies in the far east," adding:

"This undoubtedly marks a change in American sentiment, the people there realizing the danger of supporting Japan."

The Novisti hails the auspicious initiative of President Roosevelt in the interest of universal peace and good relationship between Russia and the United States, saying:

"He wields practically unlimited authority with respect to the foreign policy of the country. Secy. Hay submitting to the will of the president."

The Russian welcomes the proclamation as convincing evidence of a more friendly feeling on the part of Americans for Russia.

The Bourse Gazette remarks: "Theodore Roosevelt was the first ruler to respond to the warning cry issued many years ago by Emperor William against yellow peril."

The St. Petersburg Zeitung asserts that the proclamation leaves no further doubt that the United States has a firm intention to observe strict neutrality and adds: "It bears the stamp of strong and most distinguished personality."

The paper also makes a display of a denial of the Newchwang report that the United States intends to support the protest of the commander of the United States gunboat Helena against the plan of the Russian authorities to sink junks at the entrance of the Liao river evidently considering that this puts an end to the statement which caused a flurry here yesterday and further comment is unnecessary. The Alexander committee announces that in addition to the regular army pensions a supplementary pension of $25 a year will be given to the widows and orphans of the non-commissioned officers and $24 to those of soldiers and sailors killed in the face of the enemy.

HIS ARM BROKEN

Willian Draper Met With Serious Injury

William Draper, residing at 728 Lawrence street, and employed as house painter at the power house of the Boston & Northern railroad in this city, met with a painful accident while at work this morning.

He was at work on a car in the sheds and when alighting from the car missed his footing and fell into what is known as a well. The well is an excavation into which men descend when they have to make repairs underneath the car.

The ambulance was summoned and he was removed to St. John's hospital where it was found that his left arm was broken and he had sustained severe bruises about the body.

DEATHS

MARTIN—Mrs. Hermina Martin, wife of Joseph Martin, died yesterday at her residence, 9 Cates street, aged 34 years. Besides her husband she leaves five children, the oldest of whom is 11 years of age.

DOUCETTE—Miss Mary Doucette, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clovis Doucette of 2 South Whipple street, died yesterday at her parents' residence, aged 14 years. Besides her parents deceased leaves three brothers and two sisters to mourn her loss. She had been ill for two months, and before her illness had been a pupil of the Sacred Heart school.

CLARK—Mrs. Mary Clark, aged 83 years, died at the City hospital Saturday. Deceased leaves a son, William H. and one sister, Mrs. Catherine Mahoney of Bangor, Me.

YOUNG—Henry J. Young, father-in-law of Mrs. Louise Young of this city, died at his home in Goffstown, N. H., Friday, aged 69 years.

ADAM—Arthur Adam, aged 2 years, 10 months and 5 days, died Sunday at the home of his parents, Samuel and Domina, 99 Tucker street.

LEMIRE—Henry Lemire, aged 4 years, 11 months and 14 days, son of Alfred and Malvina, died yesterday at the home of his parents, 4 School street, Dracut.

HOLLAND—Mrs. Margaret Holland, an old and highly respected resident of North Chelmsford passed away at her home, Holland avenue, in that town last night. The deceased was the widow of the late Michael Holland. She leaves to mourn her loss four children, Annie, Kittie and Stephen of North Chelmsford and John of Boston.

CONSTANTINO—Miss Lizzie V. Constantino, daughter of Mrs. Mary and the late Nelson Constantino, died yesterday afternoon in Boston, aged 22 years. Miss Constantino was a well-known young lady of North Chelmsford, where she lived the greater part of her life. Recently she received employment in Boston and while at work there contracted typhoid fever, which resulted fatally. Besides a mother, she is survived by five sisters, Mrs. George Rafferty, Mrs. John F. Crowley, Mrs. Frederick Gandette and the Misses Louisa and Florence Constantino; also three brothers, Perley, Nelson and Felix. The body was brought to this city by Undertakers O'Donnell & Sons, and taken to her home in Depot street, North Chelmsford.

The funeral will take place Tuesday morning at 8.30 o'clock from her home in Depot street, North Chelmsford, and a high mass of requiem will be celebrated at St. John's church at nine o'clock.

FUNERALS

HOWARD—The funeral services of Frank Howard were held Saturday afternoon at the rooms of Undertaker Weinbeck. Rev. R. A. Greene officiating. Burial was in the Lowell cemetery.

ALLEN—The funeral of Mrs. Catherine E. L. Allen was held yesterday afternoon at the rooms of Undertaker C. M. Young in Prescott street. Rev. Ransom A. Greene was the officiating clergyman. Relatives were bearers. The burial was in the Edson cemetery.

MASSICOTTE—The funeral of Mrs. Adelard Massicotte took place Saturday, the funeral services being held at St. Jean Baptiste's church. Rev. Fr. Audibert, O. M. I., officiated, assisted by Rev. Frs. Lamothe and Campeau, O. M. I., as deacons.

The bearers were Joseph Lebrun, Arthur Genest, Amedee Belanger, Louis Carignan, Elzear Turcotte and Wilfrod Mongrain.

The body was entombed at St. Joseph's cemetery. Undertaker Amedee Archambault had charge.

McEACHERN—The funeral of Jeannote McEachern took place Saturday afternoon from her late home, 19 Farmland road. Interment was in the Edson cemetery. Undertaker Currier in charge.

HANCHETT—The funeral of Mary Hanchett took place yesterday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock from her late home, 89 Dover street. Burial was in the Lowell cemetery, under the direction of Undertaker Currier.

BURBANK—The funeral of Mrs. Eliza J. Burbank took place yesterday afternoon from 1420 Bridge street. Prayers were read by Rev. E. I. Kelley, pastor of the Central Congregational church, Dracut. Burial was in the Edson cemetery, under the direction of Undertaker Currier.

MALONEY—The funeral of Mrs. Nellie M. Maloney was held yesterday afternoon, from her residence, 21 Franklin court, off Franklin street, and was attended by a large gathering of friends and relatives. Among those present from out of town were: Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Quinn of Lynn, Mass.; Miss Mary Carpenter, Miss Helen Dowd of Woburn, Mass.; Miss Annie York of Lynn, Mass.; and the Misses Susan and Julia Brown of Boston. The bearers were Michael Connolly, Lawrence Quinn, Michael Monahan, Patrick Brown, Thomas Brown and Martin Pendergast. Burial was in the family lot in the Catholic cemetery, in charge of Undertaker O'Donnell & Sons.

QUINN—The funeral of Annie Quinn took place yesterday from the residence of her aunt, Mrs. Dunlavey, 72 Davidson street, and was largely attended by relatives and friends. The cortege proceeded to the Immaculate Conception church, where the burial services were read by Rev. Fr. O'Neil, O. M. I., of the Tewksbury novitiate. The bearers were Messrs. Charles Hogan, John J. Carrigg, Martin McDonald, John Hogan, Dennis J. Murphy and Jeremiah Crowley. Burial was in the family lot in the Catholic cemetery, in charge of Undertaker Jas. W. McKenna.

The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful, among the most prominent being a pillow inscribed "Annie," from Patrick and John Quinn, brother of the deceased; spray of pinks, Mrs. Julia Quinn; spray of callas, Mr. and Mrs. John Hogan; basket of flowers, from the stage hands of the Opera House; spray, Mr. and Mrs. Laskey; spray of pinks, Miss Marguerite Dunlavey.

SERIOUS CHARGE

Against a Middlesex Street Tailor

Inspectors Walsh and Maher arrested Louis Schwartze, Saturday afternoon, on a warrant charging him with attempted felonious assault. The complainant was Mrs. Marie Notman. The inspectors took Schwartz from his tailor shop at 201 Middlesex street. Mrs. Notman alleges that Schwartze made improper advances to her last Thursday evening. She was in the employ of Schwartze at the time. He was taken to the police station where bail was fixed at $1000. Schwartze did not have any difficulty in securing bail. Messrs. Cohen and Paruski went surety for him.

In police court today Schwartze pleaded not guilty to the complaint against him and said he was ready for trial. The government was not ready, however, and the case was continued to Saturday, the amount of bail, $1000, remaining the same.

BANK ROBBERS

SLATERVILLE, R. I., March 14.—Five bank robbers made an unsuccessful attempt to rifle the vault of the First National bank of Smithfield in this village early this morning. Their efforts were frustrated through the inner door of the vault being blown inwards and bulging in such a manner that they were unable to dislodge it with 16 explosions. The robbers worked from half-past one o'clock for two hours and during that time, while many claim to have heard the explosions, practically nobody took the pains to investigate the matter. The robbers finally left in the direction of Woonsocket. There is no clue to their identity.

SUPERIOR COURT.

The unusual and striking picture of a venerable and hoary-haired justice of the superior court sitting side by side on the bench with a bright looking boy startled and impressed the visitors to the court house on Gorham street this morning when the criminal session of the superior court opened its spring session.

The justice was Judge Sherman of the superior court, and the youngster was little Willie Reilly, 12 years old, son of Mr. Peter Reilly, of Wentworth avenue. It seems that Willie and the judge spent the summer up country last summer and got to be great chums. Incidentally, it is said, that Willie was captain of His Honor's base ball team. When Judge Sherman came to town he sent for Willie to visit him and accorded him the distinguished honor of a seat on the bench. Willie looked as wise as the traditional owl, but owing to his lack of height he was forced to do considerable "rubbering" in order to see everything that went on. Willie sat through a liquor case.

OPENING OF COURT.

The spring term of the Middlesex superior court, criminal session, came in at the court house at 10 o'clock this morning with Judge Sherman on the bench and Clerk Ambrose at the desk.

The session opened with prayer by Rev. C. R. Crossett of the Advent church.

District Attorney Sanderson and Assistant Attorney Bancroft represented the government and they were assisted in the prosecution by Supt. of Police Moffatt. There was a large attendance of lawyers, police and citizens.

LANDLORDS.

If you have a tenement idle that rents for $15 a month, you are losing 50 cents a day every day it is vacant. A little ad. in The Sun "To Let" column will rent your tenement in a very few days. Others have tried it with good results; why don't you try it?

FINAL MEETING

All Ready for Saint Patrick's Day

The final meeting of the St. Patrick's day convention was held in A. O. H. hall yesterday afternoon and the attendance was so large that the hall could not afford seating capacity for those who wanted to take part in the proceedings. Michael Markham presided and on the platform with him were delegates from the A. O. H. divisions of Lawrence, Haverhill and Nashua.

These men reported that they would come to Lowell with full ranks and that the showing that the out of town divisions will make will be a surprise to the people here. The reports from these delegates were loudly cheered. It was stated that the local Hibernians will turn out about twelve hundred men.

Chief Marshal O'Connell was present and when called on for remarks received a great greeting. He said that the prospects are that the demonstration next Thursday will be the best the city has ever held. He felt satisfied, he said, that the enthusiasm shown at this time has never been equalled here. He also was pleased to see that outside the ranks of the A. O. H. there was a feeling that all should join in making the day one of the greatest ever celebrated in Lowell. He reported that all arrangements have been completed for the parade.

He expressed his thanks to the men from other cities who are working so hard for the success of the parade in this city and said that he hoped the local men will not forget the efforts of their brethren in Haverhill, Lawrence and Nashua and when the time comes that the people of the latter cities may call on Lowell for help he felt certain that the response will be ready and willing.

Thos. H. Boyle addressed the meeting and reported the work he has done for the cavalcade, which will be a feature of the parade. He said that he has invited Irishmen and the sons of Irishmen to take part in his division regardless of their affiliation with any society and he knew that this arrangement will meet the approbation of the convention. He expressed his pride in being honored with the marshalship of the cavalcade and said that his only hope now is that the day will be a fine one and the turnout worthy of the Irish population of the city of Lowell.

Thomas J. Lynch and John P. Mahoney also spoke and their remarks were cheered by the meeting.

Later the different marshals met and prepared their list of aids. The work of decorating different places in the city has begun and one of the best decorated buildings in the city will be the A. O. H. hall in Prescott street.

CATHOLIC FEDERATION

QUARTERLY CONVENTION HELD IN SOMERVILLE.

The quarterly convention of the Middlesex branch of the Federation of Catholic societies was held in St. Joseph's hall, Somerville, yesterday. Delegates were present from most of the cities and towns of the county, including Somerville, Woburn, South Framingham, Lowell, Malden, Watertown, Belmont and Waltham. Each city or town was represented by four or five sets of delegates.

President John F. Burke was in the chair. The resignation of Mr. Purley of Cambridge was accepted and J. H. Reicy of Malden was elected to fill the position for the remainder of the term.

Remarks exhibiting the plan of the federation were made by ex-President John Sheehan of the Suffolk county branch, James O'Sullivan and Rev. James A. Walsh of this city and Peter Mullin of Cambridge, also spoke.

Y. M. C. A. STAR COURSE.

The Redpath Grand Concert company of New York will give the closing concert in Y. M. C. A. Star course at First Congregational church tomorrow evening at 8. Every member of the company is an artist of recognized ability, as the following press comments show:

Carl Dolf as Lucifer sang with exquisite imagination and fervor, and will probably know no greater triumph than he experienced in his "Drinking Song."—Brooklyn Citizen.

Anita Rio sang magnificently and made a great success. She sang the solos in the cantata and "Liberty," and aroused great admiration by her intensity of expression and dramatic fire. Her solo number, "Les Filles de Cadix," was also encored.—Newark Sunday Call.

Miss Leslie Bonsall's operatic selections were rendered with a perfection and brilliance that bids fair to establish her in the foremost rank of modern vocalists.—The New York Press.

Ion Jackson, the tenor, was heard for the first time, and praise for him was unanimous. His superb voice seems utterly devoid of the piercing, wiry quality which is extremely disagreeable in many tenor voices, and the teeling, the finish and refinement which permeated his work showed immense possibilities for this young singer.—Musical Courier.

Miss Maud Paradis, formerly of Lowell, is pianist of this company.

LOST—Between Elm street and Opera house Thursday night, brown terrier; wore collar with name plate hanging off; no name on. Finder return to 37 Elm street. Reward.

NOTICE

To my customers and the general public: I am now up to my orders and prepared to make prompt delivery. I am still selling the best Anthracite Coal mined, all sizes, at from $5.50 to $7.00 per ton. Thoroughly Dry Mill Kindling Wood in $1.00 and $2.00 loads.

Commencing today and until further notice, I will sell 12 bushels of thoroughly dry New Hampshire Hard Cord Wood for $1.00.

Mail and telephone orders receive prompt attention.

JOHN P. QUINN
OFFICE AND YARDS, JUNCTION OF GORHAM AND DIX STS.
Take any Gorham Street car.

REPLY TO JAPAN

Russia's Position Relative to Korean Neutrality

ST. PETERSBURG, March 12—2.50 p. m.—The following reply, inspired by the foreign office to Japan's rejoinder to the Russian protest against the violation of Korean neutrality may be accepted as official:

Japan's argument that she was justified in landing troops in Korea before the declaration of war because she had Korea's permission and also that these troops arrived in Korea after "the existence of a state of war," is without value as Korea in January promulgated her neutrality to the powers, which received it warmly, Great Britain, even officially conveying expressions of gratitude to the Korean government. Therefore no state of war gave the Japanese the right to violate her neutrality by landing troops in her territory. Even the consent of Korea, though extorted by the Japanese, is without force, from the fact that the despatch of troops was not only before the war, but before the breaking off of diplomatic relations, as clearly established and indeed arknowledged good by the Japanese themselves.

Japan's contention in defence of the attack on the Russian ships at Chemulpo, that the port was not neutral Feb. 9, is false again, because Korea had proclaimed her neutrality.

Japan's denial of malicious interference with the transmission of Russian telegrams over the Danish cable cannot be sustained. A telegram to Baron Delrosen (then Russian minister to Japan), at Tokio, sent from St. Petersburg, Feb. 5, was not delivered until the morning of Feb. 7. That delay did not occur on the Siberian line, as shown by the fact that a reply telegram from Viceroy Alexieff sent at the same time was received the same day. Therefore, it is conclusive that the Be-Rosen telegram was held by the Japanese and not delivered for two days.

Communication with M. Pavloff (the Russian minister to Korea) by the Korean telegraph ceased in the middle of January. As the Koreans were enjoying friendly relations with Russia there is good ground for believing that the interruption was due to the Japanese. Thereafter M. Pavloff used a mail steamer or a special warship to communicate with Port Arthur. The minister of Russia at Seoul Feb. 8, therefore knew nothing of the diplomatic rupture.

Japan pleads that the charge against her seizure of Russian merchantmen before the declaration of war cannot lie after the establishment of prize courts. Their seizure before the declaration of war being proclaimed is not defensible by the establishment of prize courts, which cannot exist before a declaration of war. The steamer Russia was seized in the waters of Southern Korea even before M. Kurino had presented his note here.

The reply concludes: "Our information regarding Japan's announcement that in future Korea would be under her administration came from M. Pavloff and also from the representatives of a friendly power at Seoul. Japan's denial, consequently, is fruitless, as is also the attempt to refute our statement that the Russian minister and consul at Seoul were told to leave. We have conclusive proof in St. Petersburg February 10 that the French minister at Seoul had officially notified our representatives that the Japanese government had intimated that they should leave and that the Japanese had occupied territory in Korea. M. Pavloff was unable to notify our consul at Fusan, his telegram being refused at the telegraph office.

There is a deep seated conviction here that henceforth there will be a complete change of sea tactics and that Admiral Makaroff will make the fleet at Port Arthur an aggressive force. He enjoys the reputation throughout the length and breadth of the empire of being a dashing officer who delights in brilliant achievements and his action of Thursday adds to his laurels as a bold and fearless fighter who loves to take the chances of war. His ideas run counter to those generally accepted by naval experts and strategists. One of his pet aversions is armor. The admiral is ever outspoken in his criticism of the heavy battleship, which he has always contended placed too many eggs in a single basket, and shows his partiality for a fleet composed of a large number of swift, unarmored cruisers, armed with heavy guns and attended by an unlimited number of torpedo boats. The protected cruiser Novik, to which he transferred his flag in the attempt to rescue the torpedo boat destroyer practically without armor protection, Admiral Makaroff's predilection for swift ships has earned him the soubriquet of "the Cossack of the Sea." He is not likely to give the enemy much rest while any of his cruisers or torpedo boats remain afloat. Something like a night torpedo boat attack on the enemy's base behind the Elliott islands, for instance would be such a thing as the admiral would undertake. He began his career with several gallant exploits during the Turko-Russian war, while commanding a steamer which he had rigged up as a torpedo boat and played havoc with the sultan's flotilla in the Black Sea and on the Danube.

Prince Arsene Kuragoongevitch (brother of the king of Servia) is leaving today for the far east.

The ladies' club at Vladivostok has undertaken to make thousands of sandbags for fortification purposes.

ADMIRAL MAKAROFF THE POPULAR HERO

ST. PETERSBURG, March 12—2.20 p. m.—Admiral Makaroff's name is on every lip in St. Petersburg today. He is the hero of the hour. The details of Thursday's fighting at Port Arthur did not become public until this morning, when eager crowds, unmindful of a heavy snowfall, gathered about Viceroy Alexieff's bulletins, which were posted at every corner. The sorrow over the loss of the Russian torpedo boat destroyer was swallowed up by the admiration caused by the daring exploit of the Russian naval commander-in-chief in going personally to her rescue.

JAPANESE LOAN EASILY SUBSCRIBED

WASHINGTON, March 12—The Japanese minister today received from his government a cablegram stating that the subscriptions to the loan of 100,000,000 yen exchequer bonds amount now to 463,000,000 yen. The dispatch further states that it is expected that when all the returns have been received the subscriptions will exceed 500,000,000 yen. The smaller subscriptions averaging between 55 and 200 yen will, the cablegram states, alone amount to 75,000,000 yen.

RUSSIANS UNABLE TO LOCATE JAPS

PORT ARTHUR, Friday, March 11.—Last night passed without incident. The Japanese squadron which disappeared after Thursday's bombardment and naval fight has not returned. The Russian squadron proceeded to sea this morning and returned this afternoon. It is understood that no Japanese ships were sighted.

Although during the bombardment a number of shells from the Japanese ships burst in the streets of the town, the damage to the buildings was comparatively slight.

The new town sustained the greatest damage. A shell burst a few yards from the house of M. Sidorski, a lawyer, whose wife is a daughter of Colonel Baron Frank. M. Sidorski and his daughter were killed on the spot, the latter's head being blown off. Mme. Sidorski was injured by fragments of the shell and a girl named Waleritsch was wounded and died afterwards in a hospital. a Chinaman was killed and several Chinamen were wounded.

Gen. Stoessel, the commander of the Russian troops at Port Arthur, and his staff, while watching the bombardment from a battery were peppered by splinters from a shell but sustained no injuries.

On Golden Hill, Lieut. Wachtin and one soldier were wounded.

Two sentries on Electric Cliff were wounded.

A Japanese iron-clad was struck by Russian shell and slowly withdrew.

The bombardment which was severe only ceased at 12.45 in the afternoon.

FEW JAPANESE LEFT IN SEOUL

SEOUL, March 12—Detachments of Korean soldiers marching up and down the main streets in the neighborhood of the palace at all hours of the day and evening give an air of martial activity to this city. But few Japanese soldiers remain here. All have gone north and the foreign legations continue to be guarded by marines. The American legation has 35 men on duty in the grounds and others are quartered at American business houses for the sake of better accommodations. Foreigners, however, feel perfectly safe, although there is more real business activity at Chemulpo.

The Japanese authorities treat foreigners very courteously, and have just given American Minister Allen permission to go to the front with a passage on a transport to Chemulpo where he is expected to arrive today.

War preparations continue here methodically, while about 20,000 Koreans pursue their normal, every day life free from excitement. The funeral of the late empress dowager will take place on Monday next.

RUSSIAN TROOPS FORCED TO RETIRE

SEOUL, Friday, March 11.—An engagement took place on the eighth instant between Russian and Japanese cavalry scouts, near Kason, 57 miles north of Pingyang. One Japanese trooper was killed during the fight. The Russians eventually retired.

The engagement referred to in the above despatch is possibly the same one as reported from Tokio under date of March 10, which, however, made no mention of casualties.

AMERICAN PEOPLE WILL BE REMOVED

SEOUL, Friday, March 11.—The United States cruiser Cincinnati will leave Chemulpo tomorrow for Chinampo, to bring away the women and children from the American company's mines at Unsan. The families of American missionaries south of the Yalu are not considered to be in any danger but every precaution is being taken for their safety. A messenger from the mines at Unsan who left Chinampo Wednesday last says everything is quiet in that vicinity. Only a few reconnoitering parties of Cossacks have been seen north of that point and there are probably only a few hundred Russians in all south of the Yalu. There is little prospect of any serious conflict in this quarter within the next six weeks. Thus far there has been no trouble at the mines and there is little likelihood that they will be interfered with, both sides having given every assurance in that respect. The only possible danger is from straggling parties of pillagers, but against these the miners are in a position to protect themselves, having on hand three Colt guns and an ample supply of rifles.

A FEW CHINESE WERE KILLED

CHEFOO, March 12.—The British collier Foyton Hall, which had been detained at Port Arthur since the first attack made by the Japanese has just arrived here. She reports that the Japanese warships coming from Talienwan made another attack on Port Arthur at midnight on the 9th instant, during a rainstorm. The shore batteries did not return the fire, but the armored cruiser Novik steamed outside the harbor, firing at the enemy. The Novik finally retired. She was slightly damaged. The numerous shells exploded in the harbor and town did no injury except to wreck a house and kill a few Chinese servants. After an hour and a half of bombardment the Japanese fleet withdrew.

RUSSIANS IN FEAR OF FLOATING MINES

ST. PETERSBURG, March 12, 5.55 p.m.—Admiral Stark's detailed reports of the attempt to bottle up the Russian fleet at Port Arthur Feb. 24 and the engagement of Feb. 25 says:

"The Japanese steamers intended to be sunk in the fairway were fireships of the deadliest sort, being soaked with petroleum and sprinkled with coal dust. A large quantity of calcium carbide on board the ships prevented the possibility of quenching the flames. One of the ships burned for a week. The Russians were also seriously hampered in the pursuit with torpedo boats owing to fear of floating mines among the wreckage in the roadstead.

"Charts found on board the hulks showed the spots where it had been planned to sink them and also the exact position of the battleship Retvizan.

"In the action of Feb. 25 the cruisers Novik, Bayan and Askold had gone to sea in search of the missing torpedo boat destroyers Bezposhchadni and Vnushitelni, sent out the previous evening. The former during the engagement managed to run in at full speed, but the Vnushitelni was cut off by a division of the enemy's cruisers and returned to Pigeon bay, where she was followed by the Japanese and upon and considerably damaged. The compressed air reservoir of her triple magazine was pierced."

It is understood that another official dispatch concerning Thursday's fight at Port Arthur has been received and will probably be given out tonight.

It is rumored that the Russians sustained greater material losses than reported, but there is no confirmation of these rumors, official or otherwise.

SEATON ARRAIGNED

HE IS CHARGED WITH MURDER.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 12.—Joseph Seaton, who, it is alleged, shot and killed Estelle Taylor last night, was arraigned today on a charge of murder. A plea of not guilty was entered and Seaton was held without bail for examination March 17. The shooting occurred shortly before midnight in the home of Seaton's mother. Seaton is 19 years of age and the Taylor girl was of the same age. Both are colored. So far as can be learned the only motive for the crime was jealousy. Seaton tried to kill himself with chloroform after the shooting but was prevented in carrying out his design.

REDUCING ARMY

COLOMBIA WILL HAVE 5000 INSTEAD OF 1,000 MEN.

WASHINGTON, March 12—The state department has received the following cablegram from U. S. Charge Snyder at Caracas, dated yesterday:

"The Colombian government has just issued a decree reducing the standing army from 11,000 to 5,000 men; also one declaring peace again in the republic, except Panama."

SENATOR McLAURIN

DENIES REPORTS PUBLISHED IN PAPERS.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—At the beginning of today's session the senate passed a number of bills pertaining to affairs in the district of Columbia. One of them authorized the solemnization of marriage ceremonies in the district in accordance with the rites of the Quaker society.

Mr. McLaurin of Mississippi took the floor to make a personal explanation regarding a newspaper paragraph saying that authorities of Indianola, Miss., are engaged in arresting people for selling photographs of President Roosevelt and Booker Washington. Ordinarily, said Mr. McLaurin, a story of this character would not be worth attention, but that under the circumstances he felt he should refer to it for the purpose of refuting it, as it is entirely without foundation.

Mr. McLaurin said that the paragraph had grown out of a statement made in a newspaper letter written by A. G. Paxton, an attorney of Leland, Miss., who told of the arrest at that point of three men who, he said, were engaged in selling pictures of the president and Mr. Washington, seated at a table together and also pictures of obscene character.

OSGOOD ARRESTED

CHARGES AGAINST BOSTON BUSINESS MAN.

BOSTON, March 12—Charles Osgood of the large steel importing house of Osgood, Bray & Co., 77 Summer street, was arrested today charged with defrauding the government in connection with the payment of duties on consignments of merchandise from Germany. It is alleged that the goods which are said to have been shipped by Bray, another member of the firm, who is in Germany, were under invoice at the custom house here. Osgood was given a hearing before U. S. Marshal Waters during the day and the case was continued until next Friday. It is said that the case has been under investigation for some time and that other instances of a similar character are being looked into.

NEW CONSTABLE

TERRORIZED THE TOWN OF CANAAN.

WINSTED, Conn., March 12.—Mistaking shadows for robbers Newman Tinker, the new night constable, aroused the whole of the village of Canaan last night with a fusillade that sounded like the Japanese navy bombarding Port Arthur.

When Tinker caught sight of the shadows first he aimed his own revolver at them. The pistol hung fire. He rushed to the Warner House, awakened the landlord and borrowed his shotgun.

From behind a tree he blazed away at the wraiths. Villagers rushed out of their homes to see what had happened. It was found that Tinker's burglars were dancing shadows made by a light in an upper hotel window.

TO SETTLE BANK AFFAIRS.

BOSTON, March 12.—At a special meeting today of the stockholders of the Hancock National bank, it was voted to continue the receivership control of affairs of the institution. Denison B. Blanchard, a banker of this city who was originally appointed receiver by the comptroller of the currency when the government took charge of the bank, was empowered by the stockholders to settle the affairs of the institution. Receiver Blanchard said that he would soon issue a statement to all concerned.

FRANCIS' STORY

His Statement of the Dietrich Case

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Jacob Fisher, postmaster at Hastings, Neb., resumed his statement today before the special senate committee appointed to investigate the charges against Senator Dietrich. Senator Spooner attended today's meeting but Senator Cockrell was absent.

Mr. Fisher said that at the time he was appointed postmaster his relations with Hahn had been rather unfriendly; that previous to that time Hahn made a daily visit to his (Fisher's) place of business but that these visits stopped when he received news of his appointment. He did not recall any visit by Hahn on April 23 and he was sure that under the circumstances he would have asked Hahn what he thought of his (Fisher's) appointment as his (Hahn's) successor, as Hahn had testified.

"That statement I absolutely deny," said the witness. He also said that he had not asked Hahn what the office paid and flatly contradicted Hahn's statement that he had asked Hahn to consult a lawyer for him to ascertain whether he would have to pay a note he might give to Dietrich to secure the appointment.

"I never asked him," he said, "and no note was given."

Edwin E. Francis, deputy postmaster at Hastings, under Fisher, replying to questions by Mr. Platt, said that he had agreed to pay half the rental of the back room of the Dietrich building and had done so for five months, the total being $61. The arrangement was that he was to have half of any proceeds derived from the room. He said these payments on account of the room had had nothing to do with his salary. He contradicted the statement of Mr. Hanna that he had assented to a statement that he (Francis) had to pay $100 to Mr. Dietrich or that he had told Hanna that Fisher had paid $200 to Dietrich.

Mr. Francis testified that he had had a conversation with District Attorney Summers relative to testifying before grand jury in the case against Dietrich. Mr. Batty then asked for the particulars of that conversation, but before he could reply Mr. Hear interposed with an inquiry as to the purpose of the examination.

"We want," Mr. Batty replied, "to show the pressure the district attorney put upon witnesses in these cases; that he told the witness that if he did not testify he was himself liable to prosecution and imprisonment."

Mr. Hear suggested that such a line of inquiry would broaden the inquiry to an undesirable extent and after conversation with Senator Dietrich the attorney temporarily withdrew the question.

HAM INDICTED

THERE ARE TWENTY-THREE COUNTS AGAINST HIM.

BOSTON, March 12—Two indictments charging larceny, one in 18 counts and the other in five were reported today against Wallace H. Ham, until recently manager of the Boston office of the American Surety Co., of New York. The larger indictment alleges the appropriation of stocks, bonds, certificates and cash with an aggregate value of $214,000, from the American Surety Co., and the second bill alleges the larceny of $24,000 from St. Luke's Home for Convalescents, of which Ham was treasurer up to the time of his arrest.

THE UNIT RULE

HEARST MEN ARE TRYING TO PUSH IT.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 12—The two anti-Hearst men in the delegation of eight chosen on Thursday to represent the Rhode Island democracy at the national convention did not attend a meeting this afternoon, called to adopt the unit rule in voting at St. Louis.

Col. Patrick Henry Quinn of Warwick, chairman of the state committee, decided not to be present and Col. Samuel R. Honey, the other leader of the unsuccessful faction who was given a complimentary place on the delegation, was in New York.

Rep. John J. Fitzgerald of Pawtucket and National Committeeman George Greene of Woonsocket, the leaders of the dominant wing of the party and the other four delegates who are in sympathy with them, agree to enforce the unit rule, as provided by the national committee rules.

HE STOLE MILK

TO GIVE TO STARVING MOTHER AND SISTERS.

NEW YORK, March 12.—William Lynch, seventeen years old, was before Magistrate March of Stapleton, S. I., yesterday, charged with stealing milk.

Theodore Sanger said he had received many complaints from customers that they were not receiving milk as usual. He secured an officer and went to Lynch's house, finding thirty-seven empty bottles.

Lynch confessed. He said he had no money to buy food, and that, as his mother and sisters were starving, he stole the milk, knowing it would not do anyone great injury and it would do his family a great deal of good.

They went to Staten Island a week ago from Mount Kisco, the boy's father having written to his family to come on and live with him. They came, but could not find any trace of the father. The young fellow searched for work, but could not get a place.

Magistrate Marsh said he was very sorry, but that he had no alternative but to hold the boy for the Court of Sessions, as Sanger persisted in pressing the charge.

CANCER VICTIM OPERATED UPON.

NEW YORK, March 11.—A satisfactory preliminary operation for the removal of a cancer-infected tongue was performed yesterday on Thomas J. Maguire, the theatrical man, at the New York Skin and Cancer hospital by Prof. William Seaman Bainbridge. The lingual parts were bound and the lymphatic glands removed. An opening was made on each side of the neck and the diseased part curetted. The major operation will be performed later.

Expert Advice

is needed in the care of the eyes.

Optician George G. Rogers,
145 MERRIMACK STREET
Up Stairs.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

REV. DR. LABORI

WAS WELL KNOWN PRESBYTERIAN MISSIONARY.

NEW YORK, March 12—Cable dispatches from Urumia, Persia, announcing that Dr. Labori, an American missionary, has been killed, are believed to refer to the Rev. Dr. Benjamin Labaree, one of the best known Presbyterian missionaries in the Asiatic field, who has been stationed in Persia since 1869. No report of his death has yet reached the Presbyterian board of foreign missions. Secretary Robert E. Speer says it has been reported to him recently, however, that a Mohammedan fanatic claiming descent from his prophet himself has of late been causing much trouble among the villagers about Urumia and his actions are supposed to have led to the missionary's death.

Dr. Labaree was nearly 70 years old and had one son who was assisting him in his work. They are natives of Massachusetts.

HALIFAX IMPREGNABLE

SUCH IS BELIEF OF MILITARY AUTHORITIES.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 12—A series of manoeuvres by the artillery at the forts and a careful inspection of the harbor defences have convinced the military authorities that Halifax is impregnable. An attack by any number of warships, it is believed, would fail to force an entrance. During the last three years nearly every Furness line steamer arriving here from England has brought powder and projectiles and an immense quantity of ammunition is now in storage.

It was recently reported that another fortress would be constructed, but it is learned that the rumor had no basis. The military authorities say that Sandwich Point battery is the last to be constructed here, as the harbor is now considered secure from attack. All the forts are equipped with the most modern weapons and everything has stood all tests satisfactorily. The garrisons are called out at intervals to keep the men familiar with their positions and the defences in general.

There is considerable interest in the proposed visit to England in six weeks or two months of Hon. Raymond Prefontaine, minister of marine and fisheries in the federal cabinet, for the purpose of conferring with the admiralty office regarding the Canadian naval reserves. The government desires to obtain two warships on which to train Canadians for the naval reserves. Mr. Prefontaine will introduce a bill in parliament, now in session, within a short time, providing for the establishment of a navy in Canada. It is proposed to place one cruiser in the Pacific and one in the Atlantic, the Atlantic.

COMMITTEE NAMED

TO INVESTIGATE THE BRISTOW CHARGES.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—When the house met today Speaker Cannon announced the special committee provided for in the McCall resolution adopted by the house yesterday to investigate the "indictment" report from the postoffice department as follows: McCall (Rep. Mass.), chairman; Hitt (Rep. Ill.); Burton (Rep. Ohio); Metcalf (Rep. Cal.); McDermott (Dem. N. J.); Bartlett (Dem. Ga.), and Richardson (Dem. Ala.).

A bill was passed directing the secretary of war to expend $125,000 heretofore appropriated for a deep water channel through Sabine Pass, Texas. The conference report on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was agreed to.

A resolution calling on the civil service commission for information as to how many times the civil service law and regulations have been suspended since its operation was agreed to.

Mr. Campbell (Kans.) was made chairman of the committee of the whole and the consideration of private pension bills was begun.

BOTH DEAD

CASE OF MURDER AND SUICIDE.

NEW YORK, March 12.—Robert Gray, a painter, and his wife, Lizzie, were found dead in their apartment here today, the woman in bed with the right side of her skull crushed in and her husband in the bath-room, having apparently committed suicide by gas asphyxiation.

The case is supposed to be one of murder and suicide.

WATER HAS FALLEN.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 12—The water in the Susquehanna river has fallen to 22 feet. On the east shore the river is within its banks, but on the west shore the water is spread over the lowlands. Corpes at Plymouth Pittston and Nanticoke threaten the city and smaller towns along the river. The Lehigh Valley railroad between this city and Pittston is open today. The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad is open as far as Plymouth. Thousands of men are working on the Pennsylvania railroad tracks, but it will be many days before repairs are completed.

GIVE UP UNION STAMP.

LYNN, Mass., March 12.—Thomas Corcoran & Sons, shoe manufacturers, whose factory was struck Jan. 16, 1903, by the Knights of Labor in the fight against the Boot and Shoe Workers' union, have surrendered the stamp of that organization and will settle with the Knights of Labor.

THE SYLPH IS SAFE.

PORTLAND, Me., March 12.—The Boston fishing schooner Sylph, Capt. Ernest McCullom, reported yesterday as having been missing three weeks and probably sunk by ice cakes or in a gale, came in to this port during the night and anchored in the lower harbor.

The Sylph has been ice-bound at Swans Island and Port Clyde. Capt. McCullom says he encountered extremely cold weather and had much difficulty in avoiding the immense ice cakes. He had plenty of provisions.

LOSS IS $15,000.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 12.—A special despatch from Angola says a fire which broke out in Cash Brothers' grocery store destroyed that building, a barber shop, two barns and a bakery. Loss about $15,000. An engine sent from Buffalo was stopped at West Seneca.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S TRIP.

BREMERHAVEN, Germany, March 12.—Emperor William sailed this morning for the Mediterranean on the North German Lloyd steamer Koenig Albert. On his majesty's arrival at Vigo, Spain, he will be met by the king of Spain.

Y. M. C. A. CONVENTION.

KEENE, N. H., March 12.—The sum of $710 to be used in carrying on the work of the association in the state, was pledged at today's session of the state Y. M. C. A. convention. The following committee members to serve for three years was appointed: O. H. Douglass, Concord; H. L. Smith, Nashua; A. L. Mansfield, Hillsborough; Henry Kimball, Concord; and Walter L. Goodnow, East Jaffrey.

THE STEEL TRUST

Made Over $100,000,000 Last Year

NEW YORK, March 12—The second annual report of the United States Steel corporation dated March 1, was issued today. The statement is a voluminous one, dealing with the income accounts for the year, comparative income, the preferred stock conversion plan, financial obligations, capital, expenditures and a detailed statement of production. It also includes the certificate of the chartered accountant, showing assets and liabilities, together with a condensed general profit and loss account.

Net earnings for the year after deducting expenditures for maintenance and interest on bonds and fixed charges of subsidiary companies were $109,171,152 compared with $133,308,763 in 1902.

The balance of net earnings for 1903 was $83,675,786, as against $108,534,374 in 1902.

There was charged off last year for depreciation in inventory valuation and for the adjustment of sundry accounts $5,378,827. The previous year nothing was charged off to this account.

Dividends on the preferred stock in 1903 amounted to $30,404,173 as against $35,720,177 in 1902.

Undivided profits for 1903 were $12,304,916, as against $34,263,656.

Payments for account of common dividends in 1903 were $12,707,562 compared with $20,332,690 in 1902.

Reports show the balance of undivided surplus for 1903 of $66,096,618.

Expenditures made by all properties during the year for maintenance, renewals and extraordinary replacements amounted to $34,785,191, all of which was charged to current operations. It is declared that the physical condition of the properties has been not only fully maintained, but greatly improved and strengthened by these extensive outlays.

Regarding the preferred stock conversion plan the report said:

"Up to Dec. 31, 1903 there had been issued and were outstanding United States Steel corporation ten sixty year five per cent. sinking fund gold bonds dated Apr. April 1, 1903, for the aggregate principal sum of $152,902,500. These bonds were issued in payment for 1,500,000 shares of preferred stock at par, as well as in consideration of $7,177,100 cash received from J. P. Morgan & Co., for a syndicate, being part of $20,000,000 cash receivable under the contract of April 1, 1902, approved by the stockholders in special meeting and thereafter sustained by the courts.

"Since January, 1904, and up to the date of the writing of this report there has been received from J. P. Morgan & Co. $3,322,900 additional on account of the aggregate of $20,000,000 cash receivable as above, and there have been issued additional bonds of a par value of $5,097,500, making at this date (March 1, 1904), a total issue of bonds for the aggregate principal sum of $158,000,000. Thus the corporation has received from J. P. Morgan & Co. for the syndicate $11,000,000 cash and has delivered $8,000,000 in bonds, leaving $9,000,000 cash to be received and $12,000,000 bonds to be delivered.

"The corporation has the right at its option at any time to call for the remaining $9,000,000 cash but in order to avoid the unnecessary burden of interest upon bonds issued for money not immediately needed, arrangements have been made with J. P. Morgan & Co., whereby until otherwise provided, the corporation will not be required to call the remaining $9,000,000 cash or to deliver bonds therefor, except when and as the cash shall be needed by the corporation. Interest upon these bonds begins to run only as and when the corporation receives cash for them. Under article three of the contract Morgan & Co., representing the syndicate, have received or will receive as compensation 4 per cent. upon the par of $170,000,000 bonds for which there have been sold to and received by the corporation 1,500,000 shares of preferred stock, at par besides the $20,000,000 in cash received or receivable as above stated."

The average number of employes in 1903 was 167,709 and the total annual salaries and wages were $120,763,896. In 1902 the employes numbered 168,127 and the payroll was $120,526,343.

In the way of general comment, Chairman E. H. Gary and President W. E. Corey said:

"During the year the general trade conditions materially changed and the business of the subsidiary companies in common with the business of all others suffered by reason of the falling off in orders. So soon as it became evident to the directors that there was likely to be a large diminution in the net profits to be realized by way of dividends from subsidiary companies it was deemed wise and prudent to reduce the dividend on the common stock of this corporation and later for the same reason to suspend payment of dividends on this stock. In the determination of these questions, the directors gave careful consideration to all the facts and circumstances bearing upon the subject and due regard to the relative rights and claims of all who are interested in the continuous and permanent success of the corporation and the advancement of its business.

"On Dec. 31, 1903, the tonnage of unfilled orders on the books was 3,215,123 tons of all kinds of manufactured products in comparison to the tonnage of 5,345,253 at corresponding date in the previous year.

"Occasionally publications are made concerning the affairs of earnings or results of the business of the corporation, which are stated to be based on information derived from an 'official' or 'director' or 'one identified with the corporation,' or 'from inside sources.' Obviously it would be inexpedient to undertake to contradict or explain statements of this kind even though inaccurate and unreliable. From time to time information relating to the affairs of the corporation is given out by the officials for publication, but it is the rule in such cases to accompany the statement with the name or office of the official making the statement and no publication should be considered authoritative unless so identified."

LIVES IN DANGER

Fire in Melrose City Hospital

MELROSE, Mass., March 12.—The lives of seven patients in the Melrose City hospital were in great danger for a time early today from a fire which broke out in the operating room of the institution. All were finally removed to a place of safety and although several had recently undergone dangerous surgical operations it is believed that fatal results will not follow. The fire which was caused by an overheated furnace was discovered by one of the patients when the flames burst through the floor of the operating room. Patrolman Eaton, who was passing the hospital sent in an alarm and with the assistance of several officers from the central station, carried six patients from the third floor by way of the fire escapes. The seventh patient who was on the lower floor, was easily rescued and with the others was taken to the nurses' home nearby.

The fire was soon extinguished and the financial loss will not exceed $1,000.

PATHETIC LETTER

FOUND IN YOUNG HIGHWAYMAN'S POCKET.

NEW YORK, March 12—Three young highwaymen who have been robbing and terrorizing women in the vicinity of One Hundred and Fifteenth street and Broadway, walked into a trap laid for them last night and were gathered in by the police. They are Vivian Brewer, of No. 17 East Twenty-third street; Emile Wasserman, of No. 1470 Fifth ave., and Walter Nathan, of 213 East Thirteenth street, each about seventeen years old.

Miss Eliza Allen, a nurse in St. Luke's hospital, was, on Thursday night, held up and robbed of a pocketbook by the three youths in true highwayman style. Wasserman had a policeman's billy and the other boys carried knives. Miss Allen reported the affair to the police and her complaint was but one of many made by women of the vicinity in the past few weeks.

Last night Miss Allen started out for a stroll about Broadway and One Hundred and Fiftieth street. Detectives followed quietly some distance behind. At about the same place she was attacked on Thursday evening Miss Allen was again held up and asked to hand over her pocketbook. The detectives pounced upon the boys and captured them.

All of the boys were well dressed.

In Brewer's pocket was found this letter:

"My Darling Boy:

"Your letter received, and you can imagine the joy your poor mother felt at your having a good position. Vivian, try hard and hold your position and some day you and your mother and little sister will all have a home together. Above all things, dear, keep out of bad company. Try hard and lead a straight, upright existence, and you will surely succeed.

"Little Venetia sends her love, and she got you a large valentine, which I will give you when I see you again. The poor little thing is very proud of her big brother. Dearest, it is growing late, so I will close. May God guide you, and keep you from all harm. Your Loving Mother."

The big desk sergeant in the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street station house started to read the letter, but after he got part way through it he put it down, turned and looked out of the window.

GALLAGHER INDICTED

COHEN AND HATCH ALLOWED TO GO.

BOSTON, March 12.—The federal grand jury today reported indictments against Mrs. Lena Thompson and her husband, Robert Thompson, alias Dr. J. H. Roberts, formerly of New Hampshire, on a charge of counterfeiting national bank notes. Each defendant entered a plea of not guilty and they were remanded to jail under bail of $8000 for Thompson and $1000 for his wife. Mrs. Thompson furnished surety later.

The charges against the Thompsons are based on alleged dealings with Wilson and Wiggin who recently pleaded guilty to charges of counterfeiting. Three others, Patrick J. Gallagher, Hyman Cohen and Dr. Geo. S. Hatch also were before the grand jury in connection with the counterfeiting cases but Gallagher was the only one indicted. He is charged with having passed counterfeit bank notes and he was held for trial in $3000. Cohen and Dr. Hatch were released upon the report of no bill by the grand jury.

KEEPER IN CHARGE.

BOSTON, March 12.—The crew of the Gloucester fishing schooner Monitor today placed a keeper on board the vessel on account of the alleged nonpayment of wages to the men. This is said to be the first instance known here in which a crew has taken such action.

The Itch Fiend

That is Salt Rheum or Eczema,—one of the outward manifestations of scrofula.

It comes in itching, burning, oozing, drying, and scaling patches, on the face, head, hands, legs or body.

It cannot be cured by outward applications,—the blood must be rid of the impurity to which it is due.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has cured the most persistent and difficult cases. Accept no substitute for Hood's; no substitute acts like it.

SPECIAL

A White Enameled Table with one pound of 60 cent Tea.

O'Brien Bros
TEA DEALERS

227 CENTRAL STREET Telephone 679-5.

Millinery Opening

Miss Lena Lalumiere

wishes to announce that the Spring Millinery Display will take place March 17th, 18th and 19th and all the ladies are cordially invited to attend.

226 OLD CITY HALL BLDG.
UP ONE FLIGHT.

From Saturday's Late Edition

LIQUOR DEALERS

May be Given Right to Appeal

The legislative committee on liquor laws yesterday gave hearings on four additional bills to amend the present liquor laws.

The most important of these is a bill on the petition of William W. Clarke for legislation to authorize appeals to the superior court by persons whose licenses have been revoked. The bill provides that the appeal may be heard by a single justice, who may revoke the license or impose a fine not exceeding $200 for each breach of the conditions of the license.

House bill No. 774, on the petition of Charles J. Lord, aimed at grocery stores and druggists, provides that no license of the fifth or sixth class shall be granted except to persons "whose exclusive business, carried on in the licensed premises, is the sale of intoxicating liquors, cigarettes, cigars and tobacco."

House bill No. 772, on the petition of Alfred A. Poulin, seeks to amend the law regarding the sales of native wines by the makers by striking out the word "wholesale" and inserting the phrase "in quantities not less than one quart."

Senate bill 198, on petition of Edward Holway, provides that no license of the first, second or third class shall be granted within 300 feet of the main entrance of any school, or on the same street within 400 feet; "but the provisions of this section shall not prevent the granting of such license to be exercised on premises fitted up and occupied as a place for selling liquor under a license and by a license of a corresponding class of the preceding year, although said premises are within the distances above named of the entrance of a building used temporarily in whole or in part for school purposes, if such use will cease permanently within one year after the granting of said license."

For House bill 774, no one responded in favor. In opposition, Edward F. Hollis, counsel for the Massachusetts Wine & Spirit Dealers association, had come prepared to put in evidence in opposition, but as no one had spoken in favor of it he didn't intend to take up time. William W. Bartlett, representing the Massachusetts Pharmaceutical association; E. W. Hutchins, for S. S. Pierce & Co., and a representative of the Ginter Grocery company, appeared in opposition.

M. L. Sullivan of Salem, appeared for House bill 772, saying "wholesale" did not define with sufficient clearness in what quantities sales could be made. M. M. Johnson argued that there was no call for the legislation.

When Senate bill 198 was called up, Atty. Slattery appeared for Judge Washburn for time to present a substitute bill to give the school committees in cities discretion in allowing saloons near a school. The committee decided to hear Judge Washburn later. Edward F. Hollis and Melvin M. Johnson appeared strongly in opposition.

William W. Clark, himself a member of the committee, appeared in behalf of his bill, House 1091, providing for right of appeal to the superior court by licensees whose licenses have been revoked. The law now gave absolutely no redress to the man whose license was revoked.

Mr. Clark told of a man in South Boston whose license had been revoked without his being allowed to prove, as he could have proved, that he had not violated his license. This man went home to supper on Saturday night, and returned to find the door of his place locked and his license in the possession of a police officer. He could have sold his business easily for $15,000; now he is paying rent under an old lease and has lost very heavily. The whole cause of this trouble, Mr. Clark urged, was that this man had refused to give a policeman liquors and cigars to take home after 11 o'clock at night.

Mr. Hollis, in support of the bill, also referred to this case.

DEATHS

ESTES—Word has been received of the death in Amesbury of Mrs. Hannah Moody Estes, formerly of Lowell. Mrs. Estes made her home in Belvidere for years when a Lowell resident. The burial will take place in Byfield, Mass.

DOUCETTE—Marie Doucette, aged 14 years, died at the home of her parents, Clodis and Rosie, 23 South Whipple street, yesterday.

SCOBLE—Edward Scoble, aged 48 years, died at his home, 96 Jackson street, last evening. He is survived by a widow and five brothers.

QUINN—Emma Quinn, aged 34 years, died this morning at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Dunlavey, 72 Davidson street. She leaves to mourn her loss, a mother, two brothers, Patrick and John Quinn.

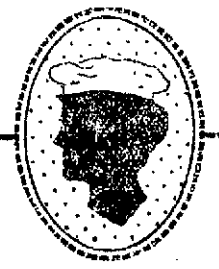
FUNERALS

DUNNIGAN—The remains of the late Mrs. Jane F. Dunnigan were consigned to their final resting place in the Catholic cemetery this morning. The funeral took place at 8.30 o'clock from her late home, 4 Roosevelt place, off Coburn street, and was largely attended. The funeral cortege proceeded to St. Michael's church, where a high mass of requiem was celebrated at 9 o'clock by Rev. Mr. Mullin. The choir under the direction of Mr. Thomas P. Boulger sang the Gregorian mass and Miss Carolyn White presided at the organ. During the service appropriate selections were rendered by the members of the choir.

There was a profusion of floral tributes in evidence showing the esteem in which the deceased was held by her many friends and acquaintances, the following being the most prominent: Mammoth pillow, bearing the inscription "Mother," from the family of the deceased; spray of pinks, Mrs. John J. Dunnigan; pillow, inscribed "At Rest," from Stephen Fedigan, a cousin of the deceased; broken wreath on base, inscribed "Grandma," from the grand children of the deceased, bouquet, Mr. McManus.

The bearers were Messrs. Simon Flynn, Stephen Fedigan, Stephen Dunnigan, Philip Dunnigan, Michael Garity and William McManus.

The interment was in the Catholic cemetery, where the committal prayers were read by Rev. Fr. Mullin. The funeral was under the direction of Funeral Directors James F. O'Donnell & Sons.



No other food product has ever received the endorsement of so many Teachers of Cookery and Domestic Science Lecturers as

Cleveland's Baking Powder

POLISH CHURCH

Work Was Begun on It Saturday

H. F. and E. A. Clark, contractors of South Boston, began work today on the new Polish Catholic church in High street, near Porter street, and the work of building it will be pushed without delay. The plans were drawn by a Boston architect named T. Edward Sheehan and call for a cosy edifice. A description of the new church appeared in The Sun a few weeks ago when the building permit was granted by the superintendent of buildings.

The new church being a Roman Catholic place of worship, will be convenient for the many Catholic families living in the vicinity in bad weather.

REPORT OF DEATHS

FOR THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 12, 1904.

March
4—Esther A. Holden, 70, sarcoma.
Charles Maillard, 65, nephritis.
5—Onesime Doucette, 62, bronchitis.
Adeline Charroux, 57, pneumonia.
James Lally, 53, epithelioma of tongue.
Andrew E. Boileau, 33, heart disease.
Henry Freeman, 32, heart failure.
John J. Roak, 29, nephritis.
Delina Veilleux, 27, tuberculosis.
Raoul Gregoire, 25 days, enteritis.
6—Abbie K. Libby, 93, old age.
Sarah Head, 60, septicaemia.
Josephine Veuillette, 2, pneumonia.
7—Augusta B. Kendall, 71, heart disease.
Charles T. Fish, 64, suicide.
Herbert W. Lance, 23, convulsions.
Raymond Giroux, 1, enteritis.
Alexander Guilmette, 9 mos., enteritis.
8—Lea Bossiere, 55, enteric fever.
Helena Kazok, 8 mos., pneumonia.
9—Henry H. Wilder, 80, dis. of brain.
Rose A. Bonin, 1 month, debility.
10—Elizabeth N. Marr, 73, dis. of heart.
Jane F. Dunnigan, 64, cer. hemorrhage.
Nellie M. Maloney, 28, epilepsy.
11—Callixte Dozois, 56, apoplexy.

GIRARD P. DADMAN, City Clerk.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

ASSISTANT CHIEF NORTON REMOVED TO HIS HOME.

Chief E. S. Hosmer, of the local fire department, is out of town on business today and his place is being taken by Assistant Chief George F. Salmon.

The board of engineers has been badly disabled this year through both accidents and sickness, Chief Hosmer and Assistant Chief Edward Meloy being the only ones to escape.

Assistant Chief Salmon fell through a scuttle at the fire at Davis & Sargent's in Middlesex street and sustained a broken shoulder blade, while the ligaments of his arm and hand were strained. He is now, however, able to be around and attend to his duties, though his left arm is still very stiff.

Assistant Chief Henry W. Burton is on deck again also, having had a touch of pneumonia.

Assistant Chief James F. Norton, who was injured at the Fellows' block fire in Middle street, is still at his home in Ames street and is improving rapidly.

There have been but six fires this month, an exceptionally small number as compared with the number of fires during the first half of the other months of this year.

AGENT SOUTHWORTH

OPPOSES THE WEAVERS' SPECIFICATION BILL.

At the state house yesterday the remonstrants to the Weavers' Specification bill were heards by the committee on labor.

The bill under discussion amends the present law so that 2½ per cent. instead of five per cent. is made the maximum by which the actual may exceed the intended length of a cut or piece of goods.

Charles G. Bancroft, representing the Arkwright club in opposition introduced W. S. Southworth, agent of the Massachusetts mills at Lowell.

In speaking against the bill, Mr. Southworth said he felt it was not feasible in the line of manufacture of cotton goods to decrease the per cent. of the cut in relation to the intended cut. Cotton yarns are elastic, he said, and the marks where the cloth is to be cut is made at regular distances in a machine called the "slasher." When the warp is then transferred to the loom there is considerable tension and it stretches, thus increasing the length between the cut marks. If the condition under which cloth was manufactured in Lowell was radically different from this in New Bedford and Fall River, he thought that Lowell and the other places should receive some consideration.

DINNER AND DANCE

YOUNG PEOPLE WENT TO WILLOW DALE.

What was intended to be a sleighride party, and afterwards a barge party, resulted in a trolley ride which took place to Willow Dale this afternoon.

Sixty young men and women of this city a short time ago agreed to run a sleighride party, but on account of the inclement weather the party was postponed. After waiting several days for snow which failed to come the party decided to go to Willow Dale in barges but as none of the owners of barges cared about going over the road to Willow Dale a trolley party was resorted to.

This afternoon shortly after three o'clock the party left Merrimack square on a special car and upon their arrival at Willow Dale a fine dinner was served, which was followed by a delightful literary and musical program and the remainder of the evening will be devoted to dancing.

TWO MORE CITIES

Will Enter New England Baseball League

WORCESTER AND LYNN WANT FRANCHISES

Making It a Ten Club Circuit

At the next meeting of the New England league to be held in a few days applications for franchises from Worcester and Lynn will be received and these cities will be admitted to membership, making the circuit one of 10 clubs.

For some time past there has been talk of these teams coming into the New England league, while the Connecticut state league has been making desperate efforts to get Worcester and some great hustling has been done on both sides.

But it can be now stated without fear of contradiction that the Connecticut league will not get any further into the New England league territory than it was last season.

Mike Leonard, well-known in base ball circles, will have the management of the Lynn team, while Mike McDermott and a Mr. Mason will have the Worcester franchise. Both cities are fine baseball towns and always were, though Lynn has been out of it for some time. The beauty of the 10-club circuit is that should one or two teams fail to make good they can be dropped without making a noticeable hole in the league, for there would still be eight clubs left, the same number as played last year.

VERY GOOD THING

Probation System is a Charitable One

This was Probation Officer Slattery's busy day. More than 100 probationists called at his office during day and such faithfulness on the part of those to whom is extended the probation privilege proves beyond a doubt that the system is a good one.

Where there is the least ray of hope Judge Hadley gives the offender the benefit of the doubt and passes him over to Mr. Slattery. It sometimes turns out that the confidence of the court was misplaced, but in the majority of cases the probationist lives up to the letter of his agreement and visits Mr. Slattery at least once a week. The fact that over the head of each probationist hangs a suspended sentence has something to do, of course, with the probationist's sincerity in the performance of his duty.

The long line of men, women and children that extended from the door at the head of the stairway to Mr. Slattery's office today spoke volumes in favor of the probation system. True, as an observer remarked, it is kind of hard to live under the guardianship, so to speak, of a probation officer, but better that than a term in prison.

NEW EMPLOYES

BEING BROKEN IN BY B. & N. ROAD.

The Boston & Northern Street Railway Co. is breaking in a number of motormen and conductors for the summer rush. About this time every year new men are taught the duties of the man on the front and the rear end of the car, as year after year more cars are put on the road necessitating an increase in the force.

With the good weather near at hand the construction gang will soon get their plans for the summer, which include the laying of new rails, the repairing of road beds and various other things. One of the principal jobs on hand this spring will be the repairing of the Chelmsford Centre line, making it one of the best leading out of the city.

MRS. JORDAN DEAD

SHE DIED IN TEWKSBURY FIVE YEARS AGO.

A few days ago The Sun published an inquiry relative to the whereabouts of a Mrs. Jordan who lived in Tewksbury. The query came from across the water and several answers have since been received at this office. Mrs. Jordan died at the home of her nephew, James Matthews, in Tewksbury Centre, about five years ago. She was buried in St. Patrick's cemetery in this city and a marble slab marks her resting place.

BIRGE PATTEE

WRITES FROM CALIFORNIA WHERE HE IS NOW LOCATED.

City Messenger Pattee has received a letter from his son, Birge Pattee, formerly a well-known young man of this city, who is now in business in California. Birge writes that California is the greatest country on earth and invites his "dad" to take a trip on and see him. As "Joe" is a holdover this year it is extremely doubtful that he will take the trip.

STREET DEPT. CLOSES

NO MORE WILL BE LAID OFF DURING WINTER SEASON.

The street department closed the week with its pay-roll numbering 250 men and this number are due for steady work for the remainder of the cold weather as no more will be taken off for the present.

WILL CUT WAGES.

SHARON, Pa., March 12.—The American Sheet Steel and Tin Plate companies of the United States Steel Corporation, has informed its employes that a ten per cent. reduction in wages is necessary. Representatives of the men's association and officials of the companies will discuss the matter next week. The reduction will affect thousands of employes.

FOUGHT A DUEL

Rifle and Pistol Brought Into Play

CHICAGO, March 12.—A rifle and pistol duel through the door of the structure that was the Delaware state building at the world's fair took place today in the suburb of Hegewisch, where the building now stands. Ellis Bennett, the owner, has been defending a "squatter" claim to 160 acres. A deputy sheriff attempted today to enter the house. Bennett greeted the officer with two rifle shots. The deputy answered with two shots through the door. The sheriff then proceeded to the Hegewisch police station and sent word for assistance. Other deputies had left Hegewisch last night expecting that Bennett would surrender today.

CANAL COMMISSION

WILL SAIL FOR PANAMA ON MARCH 29.

NEW YORK, March 12.—William Nelson Cromwell, counsel for the Panama Canal Co., sailed for Cherbourg today, on the steamship New York, to arrange for the final transfer of the properties and records of the company to this government. Before leaving he announced that the Isthmian commission will sail from New York for Panama on March 29.

"I will bring back the deeds of transfer," he said, "and they will be formally turned over to the attorney general and the secretary of the treasury in New York. I have fought single-handed for the building of the canal by this government for six years and during that time I have overcome many obstacles. I can be depended upon that I shall not fail in this last great step.

"Things are in such shape on the Isthmus that Admiral Walker and the commission which sails from New York on March 29, will be in a position to undertake the work leading to the actual transfer.

"I have the preliminaries so far in hand that the formal meeting can be held in Paris on April 20. That is an early date for completing the work of such magnitude."

MILL OPERATIVES

FEAR A CURTAILMENT OF PRODUCTION.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 12.—Some uneasiness prevails among the cotton mill operatives here, as it is understood a light demand for goods and great cost of raw material may force a curtailment of production. Just how extensive the curtailment may be has not been determined, but as the spring advances it is expected, the number of idle spindles will gradually increase. The Sagamore mills were idle yesterday and today. The Flint mills will run five days a week until the demand for cloth improves. It is said two other large corporations will also lessen the output in a short time.

ADMIRAL DEWEY

LANDED WITH HIS PARTY AT HAVANA.

HAVANA, March 12—Admiral Dewey and his party landed today from the auxiliary cruiser Mayflower and with Assistant Sec. of State Loomis and Minister Squiers, called on President Palma. Mr. Loomis may sail for New York on the steamer Morro Castle today.

The Mayflower may remain here over Sunday and then proceed direct to Washington.

With reference to the situation in Santo Domingo which Mr. Loomis inquired into to a considerable extent, the assistant secretary of state said to the correspondent of the Associated Press, that there appeared to be no cessation of the series of revolutions and fighting which had been going on for a long time. Mr. Loomis said in response to a question that the United States had no present intention to intervene in any manner except for the protection of the United States interests.

EMPEROR WILLIAM

WILL RECEIVE YOUNG KING ALFONSO.

BERLIN, March 12.—The mother of King Alfonso wrote to the emperor recently saying that she very much wished to present her son to him and the emperor accordingly while on his way to the Mediterranean will receive the young king on board the North German Lloyd steamer Koenig Albert at Vigo, to which place King Alfonso will go on a yacht.

VERMONT MAN

NOMINATED FOR ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL.

WASHINGTON, March 12—The president today sent to the senate the following nominations:

Assistant attorney general, Charles M. Robb, Vermont.

Postmaster, Massachusetts, Clark P. Harding, Medway.

TURKISH-BULGARIAN TREATY.

PARIS, March 12—The foreign office advices indicate that the signing of the Turkish-Bulgarian agreement is a matter of a few hours, probably today or tomorrow. The officials say it is distinctly pacific and that it further puts off the chances of a Balkan uprising.

JAGGERS WILL BE HANGED.

NEWTON, N. J., March 12.—George Jaggers, convicted of the murder of Mrs. Mary E. Bevans, was sentenced today to be hanged on April 22. The prisoner collapsed after sentence had been pronounced.

MADE ASSIGNMENT.

BATH, Me., March 12—John S. Jackson and Son, who are among the largest ship block makers in the country, assigned this afternoon to Mayor E. W. Hyde and H. A. Duncan. This company was burned out two years ago and has since rebuilt and enlarged its property. No figures were given but representatives of the company said they would pay dollar for dollar.

STEAMER CAUGHT IN ICE.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 12.—Steamer Strathcona, which arrived here today from Canso, reports that she sighted a steamer in the ice off Green Island and another off Cranberry Head.

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, March 10, 1904. The Committee on Mercantile Affairs will give a hearing to parties interested in the petition (House bill No. 1058) of W. S. Southworth and others for an extension of the time within which annual meetings of stockholders shall be held after the close of the fiscal year of corporations, at room No. 436, State House, on Thursday, March 17, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. F. M. Heath, Chairman. Frank Seiberlich, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, March 11, 1904. The Committee on Mercantile Affairs will give a hearing to parties interested in bill accompanying the petition of Paul Barron Watson and others for legislation to authorize the Wentworth Institute to hold real and personal estate, at room No. 436, State House, on Tuesday, March 22, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. F. M. Heath, Chairman. Frank Seiberlich, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, March 11, 1904. The Committee on Mercantile Affairs will give a hearing to parties interested in House bill No. 716 accompanying the petition of Charles F. Adams 2d and another for legislation relative to buildings in the city of Boston, at room No. 436, State House, on Thursday, March 17, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. F. M. Heath, Chairman. Frank Seiberlich, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, March 11, 1904. The Joint Committee on the Judiciary will give a hearing to parties interested in the following petitions: (House bill No. 1000) for legislation to give to persons sentenced for contempt of court a right to trial by jury in certain cases; (House bill No. 966) relative to the assumption of risks by employes; (House bill No. 969) for legislation to limit the meaning of the word "conspiracy" and the use of restraining orders and injunctions as used in disputes between employers and employes; (House bill No. 891) for legislation to limit the effect of attachments of real estate made against persons by names other than their true names; (House bill No. 892) for further legislation relative to the recovery of costs in civil actions; (House bill No. 890) for legislation to revise the law relative to trustee process; at room No. 227, State House, on Thursday, March 17, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. Wm. F. Dana, Chairman. Wm. A. Kelley, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, March 11, 1904. The Committee on Election Laws will give a hearing to parties interested in House bills Nos. 356 and 604, for legislation to provide for direct nominations of candidates for elective officers in counties and to repeal the law allowing ballots to be removed from ballot boxes before the closing of the polls, at room No. 438, State House, on Tuesday, March 15, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. James H. McKinley, Chairman. George A. Turner, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of John L. Currier, late of Lowell, in said county, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court for probate by Catherine Currier, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate court to be held at Cambridge, in said county of Middlesex, on the twenty-second day of March, A. D. 1904, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least before said court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, first judge of said court, this seventh day of March, in the year one thousand nine hundred and four.

W. E. ROGERS, Asst. Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of John W. Fitzgerald, late of Lowell, in said county, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court for probate by Annie I. Donovan, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Lowell, in said county of Middlesex, on the fifteenth day of March, A. D. 1904, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day, at least, before said court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, first judge of said court, this second day of March, in the year one thousand nine hundred and four.

W. E. ROGERS, Asst. Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Margaret Sullivan, late of Chelmsford, in said county, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court for probate by John J. Hogan, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Lowell, in said county of Middlesex, on the fifteenth day of March, A. D. 1904, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day, at least, before said court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, first judge of said court, this second day of March, in the year one thousand nine hundred and four.

W. E. ROGERS, Asst. Register.

Best Coal in Lowell

SOLD BY THE

WHOLEY COAL CO.

Office, 1075 Gorham Street.
Telephone 1086-3.

SPECIAL NOTICES

DOUBLE STAMPS, Light Blue, all this week; 100 with Baking Powder; 40 with Tea and 20 with Coffee. Dickson's Tea Store, 63 Merrimack street.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—The Sun is on sale every day at both news-stands of the Union Station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Boys to distribute samples. Apply at St. Charles hotel. Inquire for X. Ray tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock.

WANTED—Housegirl. 60 Elliot street. Hamilton corp.

WANTED—Experienced coat and pants makers. Raymond & Snyder, 233 Middlesex street.

WANTED — Experienced canvassers, splendid opportunity for right men; straight salary. Apply in person between 8 and 9 Monday morning at 259 Gorham street.

WANTED—A second meat cook at the New American house.

LADIES can have permanent income assured by pleasant, respectable effort. For full particulars send two-cent stamp to Swan Mason & Co., Arlington, Mass.

WANTED—Men everywhere, good pay, to distribute circulars, adv. matter, tack signs, etc.; no canvassing. National Adv. Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED—Everywhere—Men willing to distribute samples, tack signs, etc., at $3 daily; permanent; no canvassing. Continental Distributing Service, Chicago.

OUR MEN make $3 to $10 a day fitting glasses; our 24-page Free Eye Book tells all about it; write Jacksonian Optical College, College Place, Jackson, Mich.

LADIES—$15 per week sewing at home; materials free; no canvassing; beautiful sample sent free on receipt of addressed envelope. Majestic Lace Co., New York.

WANTED—Experienced Housegirl. 8 Washington street.

WANTED—Millinery makers at Hard & Garland's, 115 Merrimack street, over Ginter's grocery store. Apply at once.

WANTED—Boy at the Reliable Cooper's Cloak and Suit store, 339 Merrimack St.

LADIES—That embroidery, crochet or knit can earn $12 weekly working for us at home; addressed envelope for free sample of work and designs. Mexican Co., 132 Nassau street, N. Y.

WANTED—A middle aged woman to keep house for small family. Call after 6 o'clock, 128 Fayette street.

$12 WEEKLY; home work two hours daily; no outfit to buy; send addressed envelope for instructions. Nassau Supply Co., 150 Nassau St., New York.

HOME WORK—$9 weekly during spare time; no canvassing, experience or money needed; enclose stamp for outfit, instructions, etc. Address Priverval Co., 225 W. 23d street, New York.

WANTED—Young man 16 to 18 years to learn light manufacturing business. Box 867.

WANTED

WILL the gentleman who went to Crystal lake in reference to running automobile please call at 1096 Middlesex St. Joseph Brouillet.

ANYONE wishing to board a baby with an experienced mother and at a reasonable price, address Box 168, Chelmsford, Mass.

WANTED- Everybody in Billerica to buy Zome Washing Fluid of J. S. Walsh. Makes washing easy.

WANTED—Carpentering, paperhanging, whitewashing, all kinds of repairs. Address All-Round Mechanic, 1 Charles street court.

MRS. A. BLANCHARD'S new lying-in hospital at 658 Pleasant street, Drucut Centre, is now all equipped for patients. Telephone 794-4.

WANTED—For cash, a place 5 to 20 acres close to a city and electrics. Call or write to the Arlington house, Lowell. Mr. Dalton. Call 6 to 9 p. m.

TO LET

TO LET—Upstairs tenement, 7 rooms, pantry, bath, hot water, separate piazza. Apply 341 Fairmount street, near Rogers.

FOR RENT—Six room house in good condition, 874 Lakeview avenue; also land for sale by Capt. H. Reade, 871 Lakeview avenue.

IF YOU are thinking of moving this spring come and see what we can offer you in a tidy, comfortable tenement for small money; if you want an extra healthful home of from three to five rooms where you will have quiet, self-respecting neighbors, call and see us. T. H. Elliott, 61 Central street.

TO LET—Pleasant furnished room, gas and bath, private family. 522 Central street.

TO LET—A restaurant; also an apartment of five rooms with bath. Branch street, cor. Nichols.

TO LET Flat of six rooms, bath and pantry, hot water. Inquire in the afternoon between 2 and 4 at 476 Rogers street.

TO LET—Tenement of four or five rooms, 130 South street. Apply 34 Gorham street.

TO LET—Two two-room tenements. Inquire 81 Chestnut street.

TO LET—Best located room in city for one or two; modern conveniences. Also smaller room, reasonable. No. 271 Gorham street, opposite Court house.

TO RENT—A lovely four room tenement, good location, $8. G. P. Walker, 251 Middlesex street.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED—Situation as first class coachman in gentleman's place, also an all round man; seven years in last place; best of references. Address 18 Roper street, Wigginville.

WANTED—Housework by a woman; is a good cook and laundress. Address M. C., 25 Rogers street.

REGISTERED DRUG CLERK, willing and reliable, wants situation. Address "Drugs," Sun office.

WANTED—A situation as coachman. Inquire at this office.

WANTED—A situation by a middle-aged woman at light housework or would mind children able to attend school or would wash dishes in a hotel or restaurant. Inquire at 59 Crosby street.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—A side bag between East Merrimack and Bridge streets. Finder rewarded at Sun office.

FOUND—A pocketbook containing small sum of money. Owner can have by applying to John Hickson at the police station.

LOST—A wallet containing a large sum of money. Finder please return to 118 Branch street and be liberally rewarded.

LOST—Chatelaine bag between Church street and Broadway Friday evening containing sum of money. Reward at 59 Church street.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Eggs for hatching from heavy laying strain of barred Plymouth Rocks at 5c each. 21 Epping street, Wigginville.

FOR SALE—Chest of steam-fitters' tools. Inquire at this office. Call after 6 p. m.

FOR SALE—Cheap, cobbler's repairing machine, Singer. Apply 51 Sydney street.

376 BRIDGE STREET, White Sewing Machine Co.—ladies, before buying try our Automatic drop machine; we have several other makes; you are sure to get suited; good second hand machines on hand; give us a call.

FOR SALE—Hard, soft, and kindling wood at Eugene Paquin's, 157 Chelmsford street.

FOR SALE—Almost new runabout buggy, pneumatic tires, used very little last summer; also a Whitman riding saddle. Apply at Sun office.

FOR SALE—Horse and team, cost $300 last fall; will sell for about one-half that price, as I have no use for it now. Inquire G. M., Sun office.

FOR SALE—New milch Jersey cows. Apply A. Fells, 989 Lakeview avenue.

FOR SALE—A boarding house, rooms all occupied at present, at 238 Appleton street; if sold at once will let it go at $350; there are 12 rooms in the house and all furnished; sickness the only cause for wanting to sell. Inquire at 238 Appleton street.

FOR SALE—Very large boarding and lodging house, centrally located, very near P. O., all modern conveniences, hot and cold water, steam heat, gas; best location in city; doing big business at present. Further particulars at Sun office.

FOR SALE—To mend your stove bricks use Eagle Stove Clay. Hardware and stove dealers sell it in three size packages.

FOR SALE—A variety store situated in a good business neighborhood, established trade of seven years; an exceptionally fine place for one who dressmakes; poor health of owner reason for selling. For all particulars, terms, etc., inquire of E. R. Donovan, room 1, Swan block, 26 Central street. It may be your opportunity.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices; 1-in. one line stamps 15c; 1½ in., 20c; 35c ink pads, 25c; 25c ink pads, 15c; 50c linen markers, 25c; business stamps, 15c per line. J. M. Follows, 158 Merrimack St.

CASH REGISTERS

The best is none too good. The Hallwood is the best. Not made by a trust. Easy payments. Room 45 Donovan bldg.

MISCELLANEOUS

STORAGE—First class storage room for furniture; private rooms from $2 to $4 a month, according to size, at 255 Hildreth street. Call there or at 637 Merrimack street.

LAWN MOWERS sharpened and repaired, 75c and $1. James Moulton, 24 Davis street.

MISS UPHAM, clairvoyant and card reader; cards read 25c. 81 Merrimack St., corner John.

MRS. CLARA ADAMS, clairvoyant card reader and ladies' employment office. 355 Gorham street, opposite Court house.

LIMBURG—Chimney expert; chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1128 Bridge street. Telephone.

MOTHERS—Bent's Destroyer kills lice on children and all insects; cures dandruff and itching scalp; prevents falling hair; harmless, 25c. Only at Falls & Burkinshaw's, 418 Middlesex street.

MADAME LENORE—Clairvoyant card reader; also gifted with drawing power. 71 Tyler street.

GLORIA is the greatest family beverage; gives weakly, nervous women vigor and health. Baylo Bros., agents. Tel.

MME. WATSON EMERSON—Clairvoyant and psychological readings at 474 Central street, also instruction in elocution and physical culture.

DRESS GOODS REMNANTS, cheap, from the Merrimack woolen mills. Corner Store, Lakeview avenue and Pleasant street, Navy Yard.

HORSEMEN, ATTENTION!—We are now prepared to shoe your horses in the most satisfactory and scientific manner, especially horses lamed by incorrect shoeing, at the reasonable low price of 4 new shoes for $1.00; we also keep in stock a line of hand-made shoes turned by L. J. Padien, at the Fair Grounds shoeing forge, 1051 Gorham street, Lowell, Mass.

PIANO OR ORGAN LESSONS at your home; special pains taken with children or advanced pupils; will accompany any instrument for entertainments; years of experience. Mabel Randall, Chelmsford Centre.

STOVES—New and second-hand bought, sold and exchanged. Reliable Furniture Co., 165 Middlesex street.

MUSIC—German zither music furnished at reasonable rates for concerts, dinner parties, church entertainments and home socials. John C. Hansen, Bon Marche studio.

IF YOU WANT your mattresses made over at your home call at 940 Central St.

BUY YOUR HAT at Delorme's, where you can have it cleaned free of charge for one year. Repairing a specialty. 281 Middlesex street.

SAVE MONEY by buying your wall papers and having your paperhanging done at D. Baker & Co's, 150 Gorham St. We will paper your room with gilt paper for $2. Good workmanship guaranteed; send postal, will call with samples.

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE bought and sold; also furniture moving done in a careful manner; always big bargains at our store. McGauvran Bros., Merrimack St., opp. City Hall.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound gives positive relief; powerful combination; used by 200,000 women; price 25 cents; druggists or by mail. Address LaFranco & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MONEY TO LOAN

PAWNBROKER—Money to loan; money loaned on all valuable articles, clothing; rates reasonable. A. Stein, 343 Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and all personal property. Private office. (Strictly confidential.) Room 5, Swan building, 26 Central street.

MONEY ON CREDIT without security. Boarding houses, retail merchants and salaried people; easy payments; lowest rates in the city. Merrimack Loan Co., 25 Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses, without security; easy payments; largest business in 42 principal cities. Tolman, room 26, Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN at short notice on furniture, pianos, etc. Leases paid off and more money advanced. All business strictly confidential. Address W. E. Leinhas, room 9, Barristers hall.

POULTRY

POULTRYMEN—To make hens lay feed green cut bone; nothing like it; cut fresh daily. Adams Supply Co., 40 Middlesex street, room 12, Lowell.

FERRYBOAT SUNK

It Struck a Submerged Scow

ALL THE PASSENGERS WERE SAVED

Boat Went Down in Five Minutes

BOSTON, March 14.—The Chelsea ferryboat City of Boston, which left the Boston slip at 10 o'clock last night, struck a submerged scow when nearly opposite Cunningham's wharf, in East Boston, and within five minutes sank on the flats with only her rails above water.

Had it not been for the promptness and presence of mind with which Capt. Phelps grasped the seriousness of the situation, and headed his boat for the flats, it is safe to say that most of the 35 or 40 passengers on board would have been drowned.

As it was, nobody was lost, but there was such a panic on the boat as few of those will forget who witnessed it. The shrieks of the passengers could be heard on the Boston side, to say nothing of the East Boston and Chelsea shores. These cries, with the distress whistles from the ferryboat, attracted the attention of the police boat Watchman, of the people on board the Dorchester bay life-saving boat, which is tied up at Cunningham's wharf in East Boston, and of George D. Post, the watchman on the Chelsea ferry slip.

The Watchman instantly headed for the scene of the disaster, followed by the Dorchester bay life-saving boat and the lifeboat from the Chelsea slip. The first two boats took off the passengers and the last boat the crew.

There was the utmost confusion on board the sunken ferryboat when the Watchman and the life-savers arrived on the scene, and it was with the greatest difficulty that some of the passengers were taken off, especially one man who was under the influence of liquor, and who was caught in the flood of water which rushed ewen onto the decks and into the waiting rooms inside of five minutes.

When the boat struck the scow many of the passengers were thrown flat on the floor. The deck hands immediately got all of the people onto the hurricane deck, but even before some of them could get up the ladder the inrushing flood caught them and they were obliged to wade almost knee deep in water. But they were all finally gotten on the upper deck. Then pandemonium broke loose among them again.

Luckily there were only a few women on board, but some of the men acted even more scared than the women, and shrieked even louder, despite the reassuring words of Capt. Phelps and the deckhands that there was nothing to fear, as the boat was beached.

The ferryboat struck the scow on the port side and with such force that a hole was stove in her side just forward of the engine room, more than six feet in length and a foot or more in breadth.

Thomas Belyea was in the fireroom at the time and he was thrown off his feet, but he rushed for the decks. Before he had time to think what the matter was, the flood of water poured in on him. He warned the engineer, George Mitchell, and both were obliged to dash to the decks.

The whole thing was so sudden that nobody knew what to do and only the coolness of the captain saved a catastrophe. He did not hesitate a moment. He put the wheel hard a-port and headed for the neary Meridan street flats. He barely got to the edge of these flats—all within five minutes—when the boat sank down in the mud. He breathed easier, however, when he felt her touch bottom. The last turn of the great wheel had been made a few moments before and he just got her on the flats by the momentum that was left. It was a close call.

When George D. Post, night watchman on the Chelsea slip, heard the signal of distress, he called John Noseworthy and Henry Bradstraw and they lowered the lifeboat instantly and headed for the sunken craft. All they were called upon to do, however, was to take off the crew.

It was a clear night and the captain maintains he was in his regular course. The scow was so low in the water that it could not be seen. It had evidently floated away from some point over near the navy yard and was just about sinking at the point where the ferryboat struck it.

The ferryboat now lies about 500 yards from the Chelsea slip.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Curse OF DRINK
CURED TO STAY CURED BY
White Ribbon Remedy
No taste. No odor. Any woman can give it in glass of water, tea, coffee or food without patient's knowledge.
White Ribbon Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for all alcoholic drinks, whether the patient is a confirmed inebriate, a "tippler," social drinker or drunkard. INDORSED BY MEMBERS OF A. W. C. T. U. Impossible for any one to have an appetite for alcoholic liquors after using White Ribbon Remedy. It has made many thousands of permanent cures, and in addition restores the victim to normal health, steadying the nerves, increasing the will power and determination to resist temptation. Sold by druggists everywhere and by mail. Price 50c and $1.00.
Also a Special Size guaranteed to cure or money refunded by the druggist.
Trial package free by writing or calling on MRS. A. M. TOWNSEND (for years Secretary of a Woman's Christian Temperance Union), 218 Tremont street, Boston, Mass. All letters destroyed as soon as answered. Everything private. Sold and recommended by special agent in Boston, Mass.
ELLINGWOOD & CO.,
Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts.

CUNARD LINE
Fast Twin Screw Steamers
New, 14,250 tons, 600 feet long, fitted with Marconi's wireless system. Rooms upper decks midship. Perfect ventilation.
Boston, Queenstown, Liverpool.
Saxonia March 29, April 26, May 24, June 21, July 19.
Ivernia March 15, April 12, May 10, June 7.
A Cunarder from New York every Saturday.
Discount allowed on combined outward and return first and second cabin fares.
Rates, sailings, plans, etc., apply CHAS. P. SUMNER, Agent, 128 State street, Boston.
DENIS MURPHY, 18 Appleton street, Lowell, Mass
J. F. O'DONNELL, 324 Market street, Lowell, Mass.
O. A. BERNSTON, 25 Andrew street, Lowell, Mass.
PHIL J. WIDEN, 49 Lundburg street, Lowell, Mass.
ANDERS THOMASSON, 277 Central street, Lowell, Mass.

TO THE MEDITERRANEAN
FROM BOSTON DIRECT TO THE AZORES, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, MARSEILLES, GENOA, NAPLES & ALEXANDRIA, EGYPT.
WHITE STAR LINE
Republic (new).....Mar. 26
Romanic.....Apr. 9, May 14, June 18
Canopic.....Apr. 23, May 28, July 2
(Send for rates and illustrated booklet.) Those steamers are the largest in the Mediterranean service.
First Class $65 Upwards.
Boston to Liverpool via QUEENSTOWN
Cymric.....Mar. 17, April 21, May 19
Cretic.....Mar. 31, May 5, June 2
Republic (new)...Apr. 30, June 9, July 7
First class $60 and $65 upwards, according to steamer. For plans, etc., address
WHITE STAR LINE, 84 State Street, Boston, or to
Denis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.
E. F. Leeds, 5 Bridge St., Lowell.

"PADDY" FENTON

Refuses to Tel' Who Shot Him

NEW YORK, March 14.—"Paddy" Fenton came down from Boston three years ago and punched his way into the leadership of the "Five Points" gang. They call him "Paddy Brock," because smallpox left him pockmarked and his friends have almost forgotten his right name.

Two years ago he carried Meyer Moore into Ollifte's drug store, at 6 Bowery. He and Meyer had been making love to the same girl. This night Meyer had a bullet hole in his right side. The police arrested Paddy.

"I didn't do it, did I," said Moore, Paddy of his rival.

"No, you didn't do it," said Moore, and died.

Last night Paddy himself was carried into Ollifte's drug store. A bullet had cut through his windpipe, and it looked hard for him.

"Who did it?" asked the police working over Paddy, while they were waiting for an ambulance.

"Nobodty. Youse leave that to me," said Paddy.

That was all they could get out of him. An ambulance came and took him to the Hudson street hospital, where he is now dying. Coroner Scholer, called to his bedside to get an ante mortem statement, told Paddy he was going to die and that he had better ease his conscience by owning up and telling who shot him.

"All right, pard," said Paddy, and he gave the coroner a story that sent the police scurrying away off the scent. They asked him questions again, telling him his murderer would escape if he (Paddy) died.

"Well, I got me friends, ain't I?" said Paddy significantly.

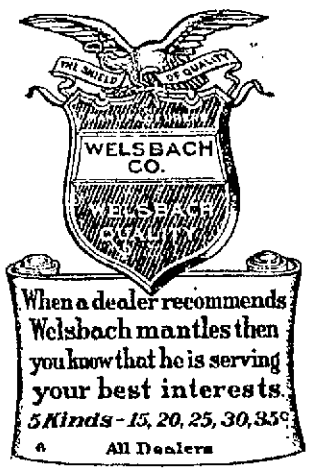
Finding the dying man's determination to follow the unwritten law of the gangs and fight his own battles, the police started out on their own hook. They found that Paddy and "Rootsie," his pal, had made threats to clean out Pietro Traverso's saloon at 24 Baxter street early yesterday morning, and had gone there for the purpose. The tip got ahead of them, according to the police story, and some one shot Paddy as he entered.

Traverso is being held a prisoner, but he swears he knows nothing about it.

BOY TERRIBLY FROZEN.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., March 14.—After wandering about Coosack mountain during the night with the thermometer at the zero point, Harold, the three-year old son of Henry Camp, was found by a searching party yesterday morning, unconscious and terribly frozen. His recovery is hardly expected.

The little fellow wandered from his home early Saturday night and his absence was not discovered until some hours afterward.

See that the *Shield of Quality* is on the Box


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Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. Longest and most obstinate irregularities from any cause relieved at once. No risk or failure. No pain, danger or interference with work. Success guaranteed at any stage. Mail, $2.00. Particulars and confidential advice free. All letters truthfully answered. Money letters should be registered. Address, DR. J. W. EMMONS CO., Room 140, 120 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

IN THE PULPITS

Sermon by Rev. A. R. Dilts

AT THE FIFTH STREET BAPTIST CHURCH

Man Must Have Sanctification

At the Fifth Street Baptist church, Sunday morning, Rev. Asa Reed Dilts, pastor of the Branch Street Tabernacle Baptist church, preached from Acts 1. 25: "That he might go to his own place."

He said in part: "Darwin formulated the law he called 'The survival of the fittest'—meaning that those that are adapted to their environment and are fit to live, shall live. There is a fitness necessary in order to cope successfully with those met in the business world. I suppose there is no more unscrupulous man in the business world today than John D. Rockefeller, who does not hesitate at any measures to rid himself of business competitors. The same is true concerning the kingdom of God. The future state is a question of the survival of the fittest. A man who is to live in the kingdom of God must have sanctification to commence with God.

"So long as a man lives on earth and has correspondence to earth, he is measurably well off; but when earth slips from beneath him and he is transferred to a new environment, adaptation to the kingdom of God is necessary. Men sometimes laugh at the idea that God or any being would shut them out of the kingdom of heaven without stopping to consider whether or not they would be able to exist there.

"The gates of the New Jerusalem are wide open at all times, and no angel stands guard with flaming sword, those who approach and turn away do so by their own volition. A sinner turns away because he knows he is not fit for heaven.

"There is coming a time when the unfitness or fitness will be the fixedness of character, and there will be no possible change. No one will blame God, nor call Him unjust or arbitrary. Each one will know he is where he ought to be. There is no such thing as sin in heaven, or the consequences of sin. Only those enter heaven whose characters are pure and holy. Every one in heaven sustains a close relationship to Jesus Christ, and has his name written in the Lamb's Book of Life. God has His own record of the life of every man written on the soul, and He will judge according to the facts of a man's life. Sooner or later spiritual gravitation will take a man where he belongs."

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR AND THE CHURCH.

The regular quartet and organist of the Eliot church, augmented by a quartet composed of the Misses Edith McElroy, Mabele L. Gardner, Daisy C. Farrell and Grace E. McElroy, afforded pleasing music at the Eliot church last evening.

William Shaw of Boston, treasurer of the United C. E. societies, spoke upon "Christian Endeavor and the Church." He said in part:

"While I am speaking to you, Dr. Clark, the founder of the society, is addressing a congregation in far-away Australia. Nearly 4,000,000 members acknowledge the joy and blessedness in the Christ-like service of Endeavorers. The purpose of the work is to develop Christlike manhood and womanhood, to promote a realization of the duties one owes to others, and to cause Endeavorers to refrain from living the selfish life of him who says, 'What can I get for my own use alone, and to encourage the spirit of getting for the sake of giving.' As I have reached that point in life, where the sunset is nearer than the sunrise, I realize not merely the opportunities and privileges of youth, but the responsibilities of mature life.

"Remember, fathers and mothers, the wise saying of Oliver Wendell Holmes: 'The right way to bring up a child is to select the right grandparents.' The influence of your habits is shaping the minds of all the boys and girls with whom you come in contact. Your influence on the mind of your people is like water tanks on the surface of the earth. The direction these young lives will take, will depend upon the character of these impressions they receive. You older people, does your influence lead them to the prayer meeting, or to the playhouse? To the Bible, or to the Sunday newspaper? To spend dollars for selfish pleasure, while they give pennies to the cause of Christ and His church? You show great energy and zeal concerning worldly matters, and but feeble interest in religious things. On the night of the weekly prayer meeting, do you strive to show them that the only place for you is in the house of God? Many of the religious problems of the day would settle themselves, were Christians true to themselves and to their God. Be as honest for God, as you are for your employer. Recognize that the claims of God are at least equal to the claims of the people of the world.

Y. M. C. A. SERVICE.

The Y. M. C. A. men's meeting in the First Baptist church Sunday afternoon was well attended. The exercises opened with a song service conducted by J. B. Alexander. Clayton R. Kimball presided at the piano. Cornet duets and solos by Miss Alice E. Trow of Nashua, and Roscoe McDaniel were rendered and greatly enjoyed. Rev. C. R. Pierce was the speaker and read as a lesson Matt. xiv. 1-11, the subject "A Hero and His Convictions vs. a Coward and His."

Mr. Pierce said in part: "Heroes inspire us. Why should not men such as John the Baptist be an incentive to right living? The great men of the world are God-fearing." In proof of this statement the speaker cited such men as Lincoln, McKinley, Washington, Roosevelt, Sir Walter Scott and others. "In the battles of life, men," said Mr. Pierce, "be heroes."

REVIVAL MEETINGS.

Services preparatory to the union revival series which are to commence Tuesday evening were held yesterday in Centralville M. E. church with large audiences and much interest expressed. Pastor F. M. Pickles preached in the morning from Job 14, 1 and 2, "Human life," said the speaker, "is flattering in the commencement, disastrous in its continuance, contracted in its span and eventful in its issue." At the evening meeting earnest addresses were given by Pastor Pickles, Rev. Gardner Wells, Mr. O. E. Taplin of Dracut. By a rising vote the congregation voted unanimously to support the coming series of meetings.

The last social function for the conference year will be held in the vestry, Wednesday evening, by the Ladies' Aid of the church.

IMMANUEL BAPTIST CHURCH.

The services yesterday at Immanuel Baptist church, Blossom street, were well attended and very interesting. The pastor, Rev. Robert F. True, occupied his pulpit morning and evening and preached in the morning a thoughtful and impressive sermon on "Faithfulness and Its Reward." The evening service was evangelistic, consisting of special singing by the chorus choir under the direction of Charles E. Woodbury, solos and duets by the Misses Isabella and Laura Gillespie and a straightforward gospel sermon by the pastor on the subject of "Sowing and Reaping." The day was a helpful one to the church and marked an epoch of progress in its history.

ON THE ALLEYS

THE WEAVERS TOO MUCH FOR THE COLTS.

At the alleys Saturday afternoon the Mohair Weavers defeated Harrison's Colts by 14 pins. Greenwood was high man with 267, Hamilton high single with 102. The score:

MOHAIR WEAVERS.

	1	2	3	Total
J. Rhodes	78	86	78	242
Hamilton	79	102	71	252
Shaw	91	76	71	238
W. Rhodes	73	75	80	228
Webb	74	77	73	224
Total	465	416	373	1204

HARRISON'S COLTS.

Greenwood	93	88	86	267
Southam	72	77	67	216
Collins	87	89	79	255
Harrison	75	81	69	225
Chadwick	66	80	71	227
Total	393	415	372	1190

THE BALLS WON.

The following is the result of a scratch game between members of the Mohair Cricket club on Saturday evening.

BATS.

	1	2	3	Total
Harriman	80	73	82	235
Sidebottom	82	79	85	246
C. Aveyard	96	72	78	236
A. Williams	89	70	95	254
C. Jenkins	59	58	67	184
A. Bilson	81	60	71	212
G. Fox	75	67	71	213
Total	562	469	549	1580

BALLS.

Southam	80	80	82	242
Campbell	76	77	83	235
Harrison	86	79	77	242
D. Hird	86	72	78	236
Fels	82	92	80	254
A. Aveyard	66	61	80	207
Whittaker	63	59	70	192
Total	538	520	550	1608

Thursday next a game will be played on the private alleys between two teams composed of the members' lady friends captained by Mrs. Thomas Southam and Mrs. John Harriman.

LONG OVERDUE

STEAMER PRO PATRIA IS STILL MISSING.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 14—None of the incoming steamers have sighted the missing steamer Pro Patria, now 14 days out from St. Pierre, Miquelon, for this port, and 12 days overdue, and it is feared she has met disaster.

The steamer in command of Captain Lafontenade, carried a crew of 20 men and had on board 40 passengers, among them several wealthy Parisians enroute to their homes in France.

The Plant steamship company, representatives of the Pro Patria here, believe she is still held in the ice, but shipping men in general say even if the steamer is afloat her passengers and crew must be starving as she was never provisioned for more than six days and had a limited supply of coal.

VETERANS' CASE

MAY BE TAKEN TO THE COURTS.

LAWRENCE, March 14.—Negotiations have been broken off in regard to the case of the street department veterans whom Supt. Hannagan has sought to have removed. The agreement drawn up by City Solicitor Kane contained no clause binding the city to employ these veterans whenever there was work for foremen, and ex-Congressman Knox advised the veterans not to sign the agreement until the clause had been inserted. Mr. Knox is quite indignant, considering that an attempt has been made to bluff the veterans, and he says he will not stand for it. Saturday he announced that the case will be taken to the courts if, in view of the refusal of the veterans to sign, Mayor Lynch abolishes the office of foreman as requested by Supt. Hannagan.

STEAM HEATING
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4 Per Cent. Interest
Compounded Semi-annually
265 Central Street
LOWELL, MASS.

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187 Central Street. Telephone 669-4.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

KILLED FIVE MEN

Gustav Marx Makes a Confession

OF VARIOUS ROBBERIES AND MURDERS

During His Career as an Outlaw

CHICAGO, March 14.—Gustav Marx, one of the three car barn bandits now under sentence of death, declared in a confession made yesterday that he was one of three men who held up the Chicago and Northwestern express train at Tower, near Dekalb, four years ago. The crime which has passed into history as one of the most desperate ever committed in or about Chicago, has never been fastened upon any one of the suspects arrested, and the identity of the bandits has remained a mystery to the police until now.

Marx says both his confederates in the crime are dead and refuses to give their names. One of them, he declares, "died with his boots on." The railway authorities admitted a loss of $102,000 by the robbery. Marx says that the robbers secured only $8000, the rest of the money having been destroyed by the explosion of dynamite used to crack the safe.

In a sort of foot note to this startling confession Marx admits the killing of five men in his career of crime.

"Besides John R. Johnson, killed at the car barns, Detective Quinn, killed at the time of my arrest, and Otto Bauder, whom Roeski is generally supposed to have killed, I have killed two other men," said Marx.

"Eight years ago Niedermeier and I went to Janesville, Wis., to rob a train and had our dynamite alongside the track. A track walker or railway detective—I never learned which—came upon us and asked what we were doing there. I shot him and we threw his body into the river. The other man whom I killed, I did criminal work with in Michigan. I met him at Camp Goldfield, Col., when Neidermeier and I were there last fall. He knew too much about me and I killed him and left his body lying in the suburbs of the camp. Both these crimes can be verified by the police."

HALL OF FAME

FOR WOMEN AT THE ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION.

ST. LOUIS, March 14—It is announced that St. Louis is to have a woman's hall of fame. The proposed institution will be established in the woman's building at the world's fair. It is expected that Mrs. Daniel Manning, president of the board of lady managers, will announce in a few days the members of the committee appointed to pass upon the number and character of the celebrities. The requirement for the new hall will be that every woman represented must be a prominent member of fashionable societies in one of the representative American cities.

HINDIPO
THE NEW NERVE TONIC
AND KIDNEY CURE.
Cleanses the Kidneys and Bladder, purifies the Blood. Puts Flesh on thin people. Strengthens the Nerves. Clears the Brain. Cures Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Failing Memory. Restores the Vim, Vigor, Vitality and Strength of Youth, in both weak Men and Women.
This New Remedy works like Magic, but is absolutely harmless. Weigh yourself before taking.
Price, 50 cts.; 12 boxes, $5.00, by mail. We will cheerfully refund the money if you are not benefitted. Try it and be convinced.
For sale by Falls & Burkinshaw, 415 Middlesex street.

DOUBLE NATIONAL DISCOUNT STAMPS
FOR ALL PURCHASES AT
JOHN F. SAUNDERS
159 Gorham St., Cor. Summer.
And Special on the following:
120 on 1 lb. 60c. Baking Powder.
50 on 1 lb. 50c. Tea.
20 on 1 lb. 20c. and 25c. Coffee.
10 on 1 package 14c. Force.
10 on 1 package 14c. Cero Fruto.
5 on 1 package 10c. Presto.
10 on 1 lb. 15c. Butterine.
10 on 1 Bottle of Blue at 10c.
10 on 1 can 12c. Tomatoes.
One-half of the above on all other stamps.
BEST TEAS OF ALL KINDS.
Challenge Milk.....3 cans for 25c
Peas.....3 cans for 25c
Tomatoes.....3c, 3 cans for 25c
Strawberries.....12c a can
Pears.....10c a can
Mince Meat.....8c a package
Best Round Steak.....2 lbs. for 25c
Best Sirloin and Rump Steak.....18c lb
10 stamps on 1 pkg. 10c. Mince Meat.
Legs of Lamb Short Cut **10c**
Loin of Lamb - - 7c
Legs of Veal - - 8c
Forequarters of Veal 5c and 6c
Best Roast Pork 10c
TRY OUR BUTTERINE.
Best Butterine Made.
Prints.....15c a lb
Tubs.....From 11c a lb up

CHANGE OF BASE

President Roosevelt and Rockefeller Agree

LATTER WILL NOT FIGHT THE PRESIDENT

Roosevelt Promised to be "Good"

WASHINGTON, March 14.—President Roosevelt has been informed that the Rockefellers and the financial magnates associated with them will not oppose his election. Indeed, they are confidently expected to contribute in a fitting manner to his campaign fund.

As long ago as last fall the Rockefellers, H. H. Rogers, James Stillman and others who are in that clique, after looking over the political ground thoroughly came to the belief that the best thing for their interest was to be for Roosevelt. They did not like Roosevelt and do not like him now, but they could see nobody proposed by the democrats who was any better and saw a good many whom they took to be much worse.

The visit of James Stillman, president of the National city bank of New York, to the White House on the afternoon of Senator Hanna's funeral has been said to mark the formal sealing and signing of the understanding.

The best information on this point is that this is not the fact. The agreement had been reached before the visit. Stillman saw the president on a proposition in which he was vitally interested. He wanted something done. Just what nobody but the president and a few of the closest associates of Stillman know. The president refused. Stillman and the Rockefellers were much disappointed, but their self-interest is so strong and their belief that their proper policy is to remain friendly with Roosevelt so deeply grounded that they overlooked the rebuff.

It is an absolutely cold blooded arrangement so far as the Standard Oil and National City bank interests are concerned. They have no love for Roosevelt. They were furiously angry when the president gave out the famous Rockefeller telegrams of a year ago, sent to nine republican senators and protesting against anti-trust legislation. The Rockefellers simply have decreed that, in their judgment, Mr. Roosevelt has the best chance of being the next president, and they intend to be with the winner if they can.

It has been stated that the principal reason for the Rockefeller alliance with the president is because J. P. Morgan and his friends are so violently opposed to him. There may be some basis for this, but the understanding at the White House is that the Morgan crowd and the Rockefellers are not so far apart as is generally supposed.

The president is not looking for any support from Morgan, but would take it if he could get it.

Meantime, the relations between the Rockefeller people and the treasury department continue as intimate as they have been. In addition to ex-Sec. Lyman J. Gage and former assistant Sec. Frank A. Vanderlip, who are now with the Rockefellers, Milton E. Alles, also a former assistant secretary of the treasury, represents the Rockefeller and Stillman interests in the Riggs national bank here.

It is quite well understood that Mr. Roosevelt has promised to do nothing "revolutionary." Indeed, it is likely that he will do nothing more after the decision in the Northern securities merger case is handed down. The attorney general is not active in the prosecution of the coal trust, and in this connection it is cited that the Rockefellers are the largest stockholders in the Lackawanna railroad and have great interests in the Temple iron company, which is in the coal trust.

Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island, who is the leader of the republicans in the senate, and who is the father-in-law of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., has had much to do with informing the president with the present status of the Rockefeller mind.

LEG BROKEN

WILLIAMS COLLEGE FRESHMAN SERIOUSLY INJURED.

WILLIAMSTOWN, March 14.—Warren E. Lisle of Troy, N. Y., a Williams college freshman, sustained a broken leg Saturday night during a scrimmage between the freshman and sophomore classes on the college campus.

Shortly before midnight the freshmen built a bonfire in front of West college and when the sophomores attempted to put it out a struggle ensued, during which Lisle fell upon the frozen ground. His right leg was broken above the ankle, and he had to be carried to the college infirmary. Yesterday he was taken to his home in Troy. Two other students were injured and received medical attendance.

The building of bonfires by the freshmen is a custom which precedes the annual March celebration, but has never before been attended with serious results.

MGR A. J. TEELING

WILL BE GIVEN DEGREE OF D. D.

The Rt. Rev. Mgr. A. J. Teeling of St. Mary's church, Lynn, who recently was honored by being made a member of the pope's household, with the title of monsignor, will be the recipient of added honors in June next, when the degree of doctor of divinity will be conferred upon him by Laval university of Quebec. The desire of the faculty of this university has already received the approbation of Archbishop Williams.

Mgr. Teeling was a student at Laval, where he took the philosophic and scientific courses before his entrance to Tory Seminary, from which he was ordained to the priesthood. The degree will be conferred in recognition of his achievements since he became a priest.

BOYS LOST

BUT THEY TURNED UP ALL RIGHT.

Adelard Ayotte and Herman Dufresne, two small French boys, disappeared from their homes yesterday morning and were lost until 7 in the evening, when they returned home tired and hungry.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

A FOUL MURDER

Boston Negro Arrested on Suspicion

BOSTON, March 14—The body of Kitty Abbott, a white woman, was found late last night in the hallway of a house in South Boston with wounds and bruises on the back of the head indicating foul play.

A negro whose name is withheld, was arrested on suspicion of having killed the woman.

FOUGHT ASSAILANT

HINGHAM MAN ATTACKED IN LONELY SPOT.

HINGHAM, March 14.—Edmund Hersey 2d, while passing through South street, about 10.30 o'clock Saturday night, was met at a lonely spot in the road by a stranger, who pointed a revolver at him and ordered him to give up his money.

Mr. Hersey struck the man's pistol arm with a box he carried, and the weapon fell to the ground. The stranger again attacked Mr. Hersey, who, though 75 years old, managed to keep his assailant at bay, at the same time calling for assistance.

When the stranger heard the footsteps of someone coming in answer to Mr. Hersey's cries he fled. Mr. Hersey was unable to give any description of his assailant.

MAY PROVE FATAL

ENGINEER HELD UP AND ASSAULTED.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 14.—George Gath, an engineer on the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg railroad, was held up and assaulted early yesterday, receiving injuries which may prove fatal. The two men had a terrible struggle in the dark. Gath was wounded about the head with a billy or slung shot, kicked in the face and stomach and stamped on. The highwayman escaped with 35 cents, all the money Gath had.

Catarrh and Colds Relieved in ten to sixty minutes.—one short puff of the breath through the blower supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder diffuses this powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use. It relieves instantly and permanently cures catarrh, hay fever, colds, headache, sore throat, tonsilitis and deafness. 50 cents. Sold by Ellingwood & Co. and Falls & Burkinshaw.—27.

C. F. HOISINGTON & SON
(Successor to M. O'Mahavan.)
STOVES AND FURNACES
Tin, sheet iron and metal workers. General jobbing a specialty.
All Work Guaranteed.
147 MARKET STREET. Tel. 953-12.

COAL, LIME, CEMENT, BRICKS
OF ALL KINDS
E. A. WILSON & CO.
4 Merrimack Sq.
700 Broadway

U. S. REVENUE
Returns show increased sales on the
7-20-4
10c CIGAR
during 1903 nearly 600,000 cigars. 29 years' continuous increase in sales shows that quality counts. R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr., Manchester, N. H.

CARTER'S
Cough Balsam 25c
WILL CURE THAT COUGH
Carter & Sherburne's LOW PRICED DRUG STORE
Merrimack, Cor. Bridge Street.

CHAS. E. ADAMS, President. N. G. LAMSON, Treasurer.
Merrimack River Savings Bank
417 Middlesex St., Cor. Thorndike, Lowell, Mass
Chartered as a savings bank under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, in 1871, this bank has, for more than thirty years, conducted a conservative but progressive business until it now has assets of more than two millions of dollars, with a surplus of $140,000 over all liabilities.
Deposits are received in all sums from $1.00 to $1000, and interest compounded semi-annually, until deposits, with interest, amount to $1600.
Money deposited begins to draw interest from the first Saturday of February, May, August and November.
Money paid every day excepting during the quarter week of May and November.
Interest payable at any time after the first Saturday of May and November.
Present rate of interest, four per cent.
Deposits are solicited and every possible convenience and accommodation will be afforded to all doing business with the bank.

GEO. E. METCALF & CO.
FIRE INSURANCE
159 Middlesex St.

EVERYTHING NEW
60 elaborately furnished rooms to let at low rates. Every modern convenience. The finest lodging house in New England.
CAWLEY BUILDING,
52 Middlesex Street

IRELAND'S CAUSE

(Continued.)

What a remarkable change in one year. And what has wrought it? Irish union, Irish solidarity, Irish determination and courage at home, and Irish votes, well disciplined and unanimous in the foreign parliament of England. It is the youth of Ireland, young men like Mr. O'Kelly and Mr. Devlin, who rallying at the back of their leaders have gone in and demoralized English government in Ireland, and smashed English power even in the British house of commons.

There is no longer any doubt that as soon as the general election is over these men—Ireland's chosen representatives—will hold the balance of power between the English parties in parliament. And that means that home rule will be again the dominant issue of the day. Both English parties, as they were in Parnell's day, will be begging again for Irish votes, and offering as the price home rule for Ireland.

And we, who have trusted and sustained these men at every step, will tell them then to make for Ireland the very best bargain that statesmanship of ability and courage can secure. We shall not throw obstacles in their way, but aid them to the full extent of our power.

Look at the condition of the English political parties today in contrast to our Irish party. Broken, divided, without leadership, drifting to the ruin which is speedily to overtake them. Mr. Chamberlain and the Duke of Devonshire, the two men who by "ratting" on Gladstone 17 years ago on the home rule question did more to destroy the hopes of Ireland than any other influence are at daggers drawn. "They never speak as they pass by."

To an Irishman who loves a fight, especially between Englishmen, nothing could be more enjoyable than the present situation. Lord Rosebery is styled a "milksop statesman" by Premier Balfour, and Lord Rosebery retorts by saying that Mr. Balfour is a languid lady, and styles him "Pretty Fanny." To Irishmen it is a very pretty quarrel as it stands, and long may it continue. And, to use the language of the dog fanciers, we trust that the Irish party will tell them, "Go it; sic 'em, Tige."

Mr. O'Kelly will doubtless tell you what the land act means for Ireland. He knows for he had no small share in bringing it about, he and men like him who voice the sentiments of a united Irish people. Its critics, against whose will and without whose assistance it was won, tell you that it is not perfect, that it needs amendment. Certainly it does. What act of parliament that England ever passed for Ireland did not need amendment? But the men who wrung the act from an unwilling parliament are powerful enough to wring the necessary amendments also. To those microscopic critics of the Irish land bill I would only say that it has taken 15 amendments and nearly 130 years to amend the constitution of the United States to its present shape, and there are those who say it is not perfect still. You have been for five years in your own legislature here in Massachusetts trying to make a semi-colon out of a comma, and you have not succeeded yet. So don't be so hasty in criticising adversely the work of men who have to deal with a hostile parliament, where they are outnumbered seven to one. Give them credit for the splendid work that they have done, and strengthen their hands to capture more.

The great principle of "Ireland for the Irish, and the land for the people," has been won, and the rest will speedily follow. The ghost of home rule that Englishmen have been deluding themselves had been laid will stalk across the floor of the British house of commons after the next election. Its bones clothed with flesh, and its veins running red with the spirit of Irish nationality once more. It will remain to trouble the waking moments and disturb the dreams of English statesmen until Ireland's rights have been conceded and Irish freedom won.

MISS ELLEN A. McLAUGHLIN.

In the meantime, we, here in America, must be up and doing. Our kindred at home look to us, and have a right to look to us, for assistance and support in a struggle by winning which the status of the entire race will be lifted up. Ireland, a poor, long-suffering and downtrodden country, cannot of herself fight a country with an exhaustless treasury, and one which has always proved herself an unscrupulous and cowardly foe. The Irish party are not wealthy men, but to their credit and to Ireland's credit be it said that in 25 years of stress and strife not a man of them has shown the white feather, and not a man among them has accepted a bribe of place, or emolument or power from the oppressors of their country.

This is a record of which the Irish race has reason to be proud. They are a body of men whom the Irish people everywhere should sustain and support, not criticise and misrepresent. The cause of Ireland is safe in their keeping. That cause sanctified by the blood of Wolfe Tone and of Emmet, hallowed by the memory of the great O'Connell, nurtured by the sufferings of the men of '48 and '67, and brought to the verge of success by Charles Stewart Parnell is crystalized in the United Irish league movement of today, and is safe and secure in the keeping of John Redmond and his brilliant band of colleagues. It is Ireland's protest against alien rule, her demand for the right of ruling herself, and as such no Irish nationalist worthy of the name will fail to support it.

Mr. O'Callaghan closed with an appeal to the audience to assist the United Irish league in Lowell, and by so doing constitute themselves a link in that Celtic chain which stretches around the world, and which before many years have passed is destined to work the downfall of British rule in Ireland.

Miss Ellen A. McLaughlin of Boston sang a song in the Gaelic tongue, the title of which translated was "The Pretty Girl Milking Her Cow." It elicited prolonged applause and Miss McLaughlin responded with "Believe Me," singing it in a truly artistic manner.

CHARLES F. MALLEY, ESQ.

Lawyer Charles F. Malley, of Boston, who addressed the local branch of the United Irish League in Jackson hall, this city, a week ago, was the next speaker. This gentleman characterized the work of the Irish National movement the most remarkable in spirit and accomplishment the world has ever seen.

John Redmond and his gallant Irish colleagues in parliament are the peers if not the superiors of any band of men conducting in the past or in the present any great agitation the world over.

"Here midway between Emmet's birthday and St. Patrick's day, here where an Irish heart should be stirred with emotion, live and move in this good city of Lowell, here at the height of the Irish movement, comes a call for volunteers not only to the people of Ireland but to the greater Ireland in exile, not to shoulder rifles and risk death from shot and shell, it is an appeal to hold up the hands of our champions in parliament, that jubilant band of Irish knights, to join the ranks of those that represent them and the enrollment in America of the splendid organization the United Irish league."

CONOR O'KELLY, M. P.

Conor O'Kelly, the speaker of the evening, the Irish delegate sent to the United States to plead for a final effort in the cause of home rule, was introduced in complimentary terms and got a most enthusiastic greeting.

After the applause subsided he entered upon a discussion of the Irish situation and the coming crisis in a cool, logical and persuasive manner. He is extremely cautious about what he says and he has not yet let himself loose so to speak, as is his wont in Ireland. He spoke substantially as follows:

Reverend Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen: In the first place I beg to thank you for the very kind, cordial, welcome which you have extended to me this evening. In my own name and in the name of the Irish party, I sincerely thank you. The meeting here this evening and the meetings in New York, in Boston and Rhode Island will give courage and heart and hope to our fellow countrymen who are fighting our battle at home, and too will bring dismay and chagrin to our enemies who have been calculating that the work of crushing and obliterating Irish nationalty would in the absence of help from our fellow countrymen in America be a very easy task. This meeting, like the others which I have addressed, convinces me that we are on the eve of a greatirian revival in this country, equalling in its intensity and genuineness the feeling of the Irish people in this country in the days of Mr. Parnell. (Applause.)

This will be bad news for our enemies; it is the last thing which they would wish to hear of. This audience cannot estimate the consolation it has been to those who are fighting at home, the old cause in the old way with the old end in view. I have come to America, as you probably know, as the representative of a united country and the united party, and I would not be here tonight if that condition at home did not prevail.

My object in this country is to ask you if you wish to assist in this noble work of this organization. There is only one way in which Ireland can be aided effectively at the present time, and that is by upholding the organization of the United Irish league. I know that there are in this country men who have no faith in parliamentary agitation; they regard it as time wasted—men who believe that it will never procure for Irishmen everything that they desire. But I will ask them this question: If parliamentary agitation were as hopeless as some people in this country would wish to describe it, would not our fellow countrymen in the old land be the first to detect it and to repudiate it? The men who are on the spot are the best judges and our people at home like most of our fellow-countrymen in this country do everything in their power to advance, to strengthen and to sustain the parliamentary movement in Ireland.

Believe me they wouldn't do this if the parliamentary movement answered to the description which some of our friends in America are not unwilling to give it. The parliamentary movement of course has not done everything but it has done much and far more than any other form of agitation could possibly do and it will if we persevere finally bring us to the ultimate aim of all Irish effort the national self-government of our country.

Let us examine for a moment the charges of the people who say that parliamentary agitation is so far without result. Take the act of 1881. Before that act was passed seven-eighths of the Irish people were serfs in their own country. They could be turned out of their homes to starve, to emigrate or to die at the mere whim and caprice of a landlord, without mercy. They were serfs, the sport and the victim of their masters. The act of 1881 changed that. Instead of being what they had been, they were made practically free men, no longer could they landlords turn them adrift. They got security and a status in the soil of Ireland and that was the real beginning of the progress of the past 23 years.

If that act stood alone and if no other reform had been secured, I say that one act by itself would have vindicated and justified the parliamentary agitation of the Irish people.

But that act does not stand alone. Act after act followed it. The tendency of all of which was to strengthen and make more certain the grip of the Irish people on the land of their country.

But yet there are some people who, notwithstanding all these great achievements may still be skeptical as to the value of parlimentary agitation. Will they consider the local government act of 1898. Will not that convince them? That act dealt the severest blow given to English rule in Ireland in 100 years. It disestablished the grand juries. I need not tell this to people who know what the Irish grand juries were. They were the authority that ruled the country, had sway over county and town and parishes, and the villages; exercised all functions and privileges of local government. They were Dublin castles in miniature, they filled up every public position and enjoyed immense patronage, and exercised that patronage for the benefit of their own class. All the strength, all the influence, all the power of the English garrison in Ireland was mainly derived from their supreme and absolute control over the local government of the country.

Yet in one night—so to speak—they were swept away and in their places were put those whom they formerly regarded as outcasts and inferior in that country. The old landlord oligarchy is now abandoned and belongs to history. But there may be those who will say still in face of all this that the parlimentary movement is an idle movement. Will even the land act of last year convince them? What is that land act doing? It provides the enormous sum of $500,000,000 for the expropriation of every landlord in Ireland. And to this add the bonus of $60,000,000 to make more certain that the expropriation will take place. It also provides for the expenditure every year of a sum of $33,000,000 for the purpose of cutting up the great grazing ranches in the west of Ireland, for the settlement thereon of the young people at home, thus giving them an opportunity to remain in their own land, instead of emigrating to some foreign country.

Surely this is something gained, something the cavillers and the carpers and the fault finders who refuse themselves to stir a hand or to move a foot in the work of preserving our people in our country ought to reflect upon. Do they ever reflect that we of the old race are but 3,000,000 now and that there are in Ireland 1,500,000 of a different class. The latter are increasing steadily; our race is decreasing so that if something had not been done to keep our people at home there would soon be no Irish race, no country to struggle for. And the land act of last year is something then to save the remnant of the race; it provides for the transference of the soil of Ireland to the people; it provides for the settlement of the young men upon the great grazing ranches of the country, reversing in this way the British policy of half a century.

If we had not gone on with this movement as I have said there would be no Ireland left to fight for, and still our friends who refuse to help us adopt a policy something resembling that of Nero, who fiddled while Rome was burning.

If we did nothing to stop emigration instead of being in the majority, as we are now, we would be very soon in the minority and instead of sending as we do now 86 members to the house of commons, to our opponents' 20, it is they who would be sending the 86 and we would be sending the 20.

Instead of having the majority of our people uncompromisingly hostile to alien rule we would have a majority of the people of Ireland proudly proclaiming themselves a loyal and a subordinate province of the British empire. No Irishman would like to see the day when that state of things will exist; it is preventable and can be avoided if only our Irish people the world over will turn their thoughts once more sympathetically to the old land.

I have spoken of the past, let us say a few words about the future. Land acts and local government acts are not the last word in the Irish question. When we were securing those measures we made no attempt to conceal from the British house of commons that we would use them to further and to secure the last end of all Irish effort, national self-government.

We told them that they might as well try to expel oxygen from the air as to destroy the spirit of nationality in Irish hearts. We must have and we mean to have a national parliament of our own. Some people are inclined to think that our struggle for a free parliament has only a sentimental side, that the parliament in London is adequate for all Irish purposes. That is not so. We have gained, it is true, many great measures of reform in the house of commons, but we have not gained everything we wish. The road to reform is tortuous and difficult. First we ask for legislative enactments, we are refused, then we grow more insistent and we are still refused, and finally we must have recourse to methods which conflict with the law and then England begins to listen to us.

All this takes time and it is only after we have broken the laws it is only after coercion, after the imprisonment of our public men that reform is finally secured. We must be satisfied with one or two great measures after five years of fighting, but there are in Ireland a thousand things that need attention and all these under the present system of government from London must necessarily be neglected.

Take our educational system, it is beneath contempt. There is more money spent in the city of Boston on the education of its children than in all Ireland from one end of the country to the other. Our primary school system is if I may repeat myself beneath contempt. Our secondary education is but little better and as a matter of fact we have no universities.

Then there are other questions such as local government, that would suffer in the same way under the prevailing order of things.

Let me make myself clear. Suppose that all the self-governing states in this country were to have their legislatures abolished in the morning and that all the work that they do now should be transferred to the congress of the country, does any man for a moment fancy that congress would be able to take upon its own shoulders the work which the local legislatures of this country now discharge? Does any man fancy that it would be humanly possible for congress to do all this work in addition to effectively dealing with its own federal affairs? You would have Massachusetts and New York and Pennsylvania and Illinois and California trying to have some measure of great local importance passed into law. You would have the one trying to get priority of hearings over the others. But all could not be served at the same time.

That would not be possible and local interest everywhere would disastrously suffer. That is exactly the condition that prevails in the British house of commons today.

Whatever else we may think of Britain it is a world-like empire. Year in and year out its component parts are knocking at the doors of the house of commons for consideration, but as in the analagous case which I have stated all cannot be served together at the same time, some must suffer. We suffer, and when this state of things is taken into consideration it will be seen that the question of Irish home rule has something more than a mere sentimental aspect.

How do we stand in connection with this question of home rule? I think I can say without exaggeration that at the present moment we stand in a far more encouraging position than we have at any time during the last 25 years. The unionist party that was brought together for the purpose of reducing Irish home rule is today a thing of the past. It is a spent force. In the past our enemies were jubilant over Irish dissensions; we were the eternal theme of their jibes and sneers. They knew we were powerless and they profited by our misfortune too long and too well.

But it is a long road that has no turning. The controversies of the past are dead and buried and forgotten, and it is our turn now to pay back our enemies in their own coin. Today our party is united as one man. There is not a whisper of dissension anywhere. Our leader enjoys the unquestioned confidence of all his colleagues, but how do things stand with our enemies. Chamberlain has rent them asunder. Their differences are deepening and widening from day to day and not desiring to be profane I refrain from telling you the complimentary things they say of one another. The day of reckoning of the Tory party has come. They coerced us, imprisoned us, suspended the constitution, suppressed public meetings at the point of the bayonet, tried to crush our press; left no weapon fair or foul unavailed of in the war against us. But they failed, we have survived it all and today we are their masters in their own house. And after the next general election, they will be our humble and obedient servants. Discredited and demoralized, the Tory party has not the ghost of a chance of coming back to the house of commons after the next election except in a minority. They will come back in a minority, having to face the mortification of seeing the Irish members masters of the situation, able to dictate any terms they please and what is better to remorselessly enforce them. But whilst it is true that the Tory party will not come back in the majority it is equally true that the Liberals will not come back in numbers sufficiently large to make them independent of the Irish vote. And the moment that 85 Irish votes are necessary to give one party a majority over the other, they will find the Chamberlains, the Balfours and the Roseberys tumbling over one another in their scramble to make a bargain with Mr. Redmond upon the basis of national self government. Whoever pays the price on Irish liberty will get our votes. And the minimum we will take from any party will be national self government.

In the days gone by the Irish members turned out one element and put in another and in the future they will do the same. There is not a shadow of doubt about it, but that we are going to be masters of the house of commons for years to come, and no party that is unwilling to concede atonement to Ireland can hope to get into power with a working majority. We have already converted one British party to our views. The conversion of the other will be easy when the exigencies of politics leave them no choice.

We have beaten all of them in the past and we can beat them in the future, so long as we observe one condition, the union of our people.

Believe me that union is going to be preserved. It is not a mere caprice of the moment to be changed tomorrow or the day after, but the wise the deliberate and the considerate line upon which Irish policy must run. There is nothing impossible so long as we maintain that union which whilst symbolizing our past achievements is the surest guarantee of final and eventful triumph, a triumph which is bound to come if the Irish party and the Irish people at home have the moral and material support of their friends in the United States."

Mr. O'Kelly was warmly applauded as he resumed his seat.

Miss Elizabeth Honan sang very sweetly "Come Back to Erin" and was encored, although the hour was late.

Miss McLaughlin sang another song in the Irish language, responding to the persistent applause with "The Last Rose of Summer." This was in reality the musical gem of the evening, as Miss McLaughlin put many artistic touches into this sweet song.

The meeting closed with the singing of "God Save Ireland" by Daniel J. Donahue, the audience joining in the chorus.

About 100 new members joined the ranks of the United Irish league, giving their names to a committee that passed among the audience.

SAMUEL M. BELL

WELL-KNOWN POST OFFICE EMPLOYE IS DEAD.

Samuel M. Bell, an employe at the post office for the past 21 years, died of apoplexy at his home, 235 High street, last night. The deceased was well known in postal circles. "Sam," as he was generally called, was one of the most popular employes at the local office and the sad news of his death will come as a severe shock to his many friends.

He had been ill about six weeks. He was born in the room in which he died.

He is survived by a daughter, Nellie M. and one son, Charles W., the latter being for many years identified with the republican city committee.

The funeral will take place Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from his late home in High street. Friends invited.

Nearly Forfeits His Life.

A runaway almost ending fatally started a horrible ulcer on the leg of J. R. Omer, Franklin Grove, Ill. For four years it defied all doctors and all remedies. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve had no trouble to cure him. Equally good for Burns, Bruises, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25c at Geoduie's drug store, 217 Central street, Lowell.

MRS. E. TURNER

Superfluous Hair and Moles removed, also Facial Massaging. 64 Central St., rm. 5

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AT A SACRIFICE

A Country Store with House and Stable, well located, in centre of town, at junction of four lines of electrics. Excellent chance to secure a Home and Business Location at a very low price for cash.

FRANK W. COUGHLIN, 41 Donovan Building, Lowell, Mass.

SAVE THIS COUPON — SUN PREMIUM

14K GOLD FOUNTAIN PEN

For six of these coupons and 75c we will furnish for a time Sun readers with a solid gold, fully warranted Fountain Pen, polished barrel, rubber cap screw section, beautiful delivery, worth $1.50. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed. You will wonder how you ever got along without it. Places where the pen may be obtained. A. W. Dows & Co., cor. Merrimack and Central Sts and 289 Central St.; Lowell Pharmacy, 532 Merrimack St.; Frank P. Moody, corner Dutton and Fletcher Sts.; C. E. Carter, cor. Branch and Smith Sts. and cor. Westford and Pine streets.

We Offer $1,000

For a Disease Germ That Liquozone Can't Kill

On every bottle of Liquozone we publish an offer of $1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. We do that to convince you that Liquozone does as we claim.

Please note what that means. Any drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be taken internally. Medicine is, therefore, almost helpless in any germ disease. Liquozone alone can kill germs in the body without killing the tissues, too.

Acts Like Oxygen

Liquozone is the result of a process which, for more than 20 years, has been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research. Its virtues are derived solely from gas, made in large part from the best oxygen producers. By a process requiring immense apparatus and 14 days' time, these gases are made part of the liquid product.

The result is a product that does what oxygen does. Oxygen gas, as you know, is the very source of vitality, the most essential element of life. Liquozone is a vitalizing tonic with which no other known product can compare. But germs are vegetables; and Liquozone, which—like oxygen—is life to an animal, is deadly to vegetal matter.

We Paid $100,000

For the American rights to Liquozone—the highest price ever paid for similar rights on any scientific discovery. We did this after testing the product for two years, through physicians and hospitals, in this country and others.

That price was paid because Liquozone does what all the skill in the world cannot do without it. It does in germ diseases that which is impossible with drugs. It carries into the blood a harmless yet powerful germicide, to destroy at once and forever the cause of any germ disease. And no man knows another way to do it.

Liquozone is new in America, and millions who need it don't know of it. For that reason we are spending $500,000 to give the first bottle free to each of a million sick ones.

Germ Diseases

These are the known germ diseases. All that medicine can do for these troubles is to help Nature overcome the germs, and such results are indirect and uncertain. Liquozone kills the germs, wherever they are, and the results are inevitable. By destroying the cause of the trouble, it invariably ends the disease, and forever.

Asthma	Hay Fever—Influenza
Abscess—Anaemia	Kidney Diseases
Bronchitis	La Grippe
Blood Poison	Leucorrhea
Bright's Disease	Liver Troubles
Bowel Troubles	Malaria—Neuralgia
Coughs—Colds	Many Heart Troubles
Consumption	Piles—Pneumonia
Colic—Croup	Pleurisy—Quinsy
Constipation	Rheumatism
Catarrh—Cancer	Skin Diseases
Dysentery—Diarrhea	Scrofula—Syphillis
Dandruff—Dropsy	Stomach Troubles
Dyspepsia	Throat Troubles
Eczema—Erysipelas	Tuberculosis
Fevers—Gall Stones	Tumors—Ulcers
Goitre—Gout	Varicocle
Gonorrhea—Gleet	Women's Diseases

All diseases that begin with fever—all inflammation—all catarrh—all contagious diseases—all the results of impure or poisonous blood.

In nervous debility Liquozone acts as a vitalizer, accomplishing what no drugs can do.

50c Bottle Free

If you need Liquozone, and have never tried it, please send us this coupon. We will then mail you an order on your local druggist for a full-size bottle, and we will pay your druggist ourselves for it. This is our free gift, made to convince you: to show you what Liquozone is, and what it can do. In justice to yourself, please accept it today, for it places you under no obligation whatever.

Liquozone costs 50c and $1.00.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

for this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blanks and mail it to the Liquid Ozone Co., 455-469 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

My disease is.....

I have never tried Liquozone, but if you will supply me a 50c. bottle free I will take it.

.....

.....

557 Give full address—write plainly.

Any physician or hospital not yet using Liquozone will be gladly supplied for a test.

Days of Dizziness

Come to Hundreds of Lowell People

There are days of dizziness,

Spells of headache, sideache, backache,

Sometimes rheumatic pains,

Often urinary disorders.

All tell you plainly the kidneys are sick.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure all kidney ills.

Mr. J. J. Foster of 46 First street says:—"I was more or less troubled with kidney difficulties for a long time. I read in our paper about the many cures Doan's Kidney Pills had made in our city and going to Ellingwood & Co's drug store, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, I procured a box. The great benefit I derived from the use of Doan's Kidney Pills gives me a high appreciation of their merit.

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

SPRING DRESS GOODS

Values that ward off lulls. One of the inevitable laws of your self-interest is that active business follows the announcement of such offerings as these:

$1 DRESS GOODS FOR 50c

We are going to let you be the judge and jury of this offering. No sale has gone before and no sale could possibly follow that will equal these all-wool fabrics. 44 to 50 inches wide, only

50 Cents

USINDA SUITING

For general service these beautiful goods will ever find favor. We maintain quite a variety of these sturdy fabrics in a good assortment of colorings, many of which are exclusive. 46 to 54 inches wide, only

75 Cents

VOILE AND NUN'S VEILING

Two special lines just received. Every desired shade for the street or evening wear, including silver and pearl gray, champagne, castor, navy blue, mode and light blue. Only

50 Cents

ENGLISH MOHAIRS

Fifty cents is a modest price for pure Mohairs that are genuinely English in both spinning and dyeing. These are warranted to be both and are therefore perfect. 46 inches in all the new spring colors, only

50 Cents

WERNAND SUITING

This all-wool fabric just received, is beyond criticism. They were made by a manufacturer who caters to the best trade. New spring shades of blues, gray, castor, red, brown, navy blue and mode, only

59 Cents

RAIN CLOTH

These goods are made especially for us by a leading manufacturer and you may be sure that every yard represents more cravenette quality than was ever before possible. 56 inches wide, only

$1.25

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

REDUCTION IN COAL

Beginning Today we will reduce the price of all our Best Grades of Coal

HORNE COAL CO.

Office, 15 Central Street

THE LOWELL SUN

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

☞The Sun receives the full day service of The Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1903, was **14,590** A gain of 1083 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1904. JOHN J. HOGAN, Notary Public.

15,252 The sworn daily average circulation for two months of 1904 was: **15,252**

☞This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

Mayor Collins of Boston got tired of the wrangling kept up by the trustees of the pauper institutions department and he discharged the entire number. If we had more mayors who would thus assert their authority we should have better municipal government.

The Associated Press has arranged that the war news from the East will hereafter come to this country by the Pacific cable so that it will reach this country before it reaches the European capitals. It will thus be more reliable than if it came through St. Petersburg or even through London.

Here is what the Memphis Commercial Appeal says of President Roosevelt:

"There has been all along an element of the spectacular and fictitious about him. It has always been his studied aim to be regarded as a hero, as an upright and downright man, as a Buffalo Bill sort of fellow, as an honest man, in the language of Mr. Toodles, who doesn't give a damn."

Japan seems to be adopting as bold tactics on land as on sea. Russia is sadly handicapped by the length and inadequacy of the trans-Siberian railroad. The tracks laid over the ice on Lake Baikal are beginning to give way and the government is offering big prizes for a road around the lake. It will be the middle of summer before Russia will be ready to start on a vigorous campaign against the Japanese. The latter may force the fighting before Russia shall have completed her preparations.

Sixto Lopez, the Filipino patriot, who has opposed the imperial policy of the government with commendable ability, has been fled from his native isle. That is a sign of weakness on the part of the government of the United States. Already a bond of $100,000 has been offered for the good behavior of Lopez if permitted to go back to his own country. If the government persists in the expatriation of this brave and highly educated Filipino, he can retaliate in various ways. He can plot against the government outside and in a manner that will do more harm than he could do if under police surveillance.

IS CHAMBERLAIN CRAZY?

It is reported that Joseph Chamberlain's mental faculties are giving way. It would not be surprising as Mr. Chamberlain has undertaken to twist the whole British nation around his fingers and he is not succeeding to any great extent. Already defeat stares him in the face and the prospect is quite discouraging to a man of his ambitions.

ABOUT THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

This week's Commoner has a long speech from Mr. Bryan upon the wisdom of doing right. It is a very fine speech, an oration in fact, but as an appeal to the democracy to do right we do not think it will have the desired effect. Mr. Bryan's oft repeated view of the right—for the democratic convention is that the Kansas City platform shall be reaffirmed. We surmise that when the convention assembles it will look forward, not backward.

THE MONEY QUESTION STILL BOTHERS.

That the currency question is not quite settled is clear from the following in the Wall Street Journal:

"Let us get back in this country to correct economic principles in all matters relating to money and banking. We ought to cut loose once and for all from all measures of inflation. We have become one of the great powers in finance, as in politics. We have put ourselves upon a gold basis, now let us go one step further and prove our capacity for leadership in the business world by putting our financial system upon the sure foundation of sound principles."

The system that permits of inflation at the will of the money kings, that must be propped up by the distribution of government funds by the secretary of the treasury to his favored banks and that causes the gold to be withdrawn from circulation and hoarded in the treasury where it cannot be reached by the people needs some radical remedy.

GIVE US FREE TUITION IN DAY TEXTILE SCHOOL.

Some friends of the Lowell Textile school protest that the opposition to the appropriation of $8,000 by the city of Lowell is pointless. They claim that there is no legitimate argument against it and hold also that those who object should state plainly in what respect they would have the policy or management of the Textile school changed.

It is true that there is a good deal of rather vague objection against the Textile school. The operatives of the mills object to it on the ground that it has done them no good and citizens generally object to the appropriation for the same reason. The fact is that a great deal was expected from the Textile school and very little local benefit has been realized thus far.

Now a petition has been presented to the legislature for the annual appropriation of $20,000 from the state, conditional upon the appropriation of $8,000 from the city of Lowell.

To analyze this appropriation of $28,000 the city of Lowell pays outright the sum of $8,000 and pays also its pro rata share of the remaining $20,000. Now there are represented in the day department of the school 44 or 45 cities and towns in Massachusetts. Would they have any right to object if in lieu of the annual appropriation of $8,000 the Lowell students would be guaranteed free tuition?

The tuition is $100 a year for residents of Massachusetts and $150 a year for non-residents. There are at the day school 135 students, 38 of whom are residents of Lowell. Now if these 38 Lowell students received tuition free it seems that the objection to the annual appropriation by the city would be overcome. This would take about $3600 from the present income of the institution, as while there are 38 students from Lowell at the day school some of them do not pay the full tuition fee for the reason that they are pursuing special branches only.

If Lowell then is to give $8,000 for this school let the school be free for all Lowell students, both day and evening. Every other school for which we appropriate money is free to all local students. If we have to pay for the Textile school why not let that be free also for local students?

It has been the contention of the Sun that if we make a special appropriation for the school we should have some special privileges in it. We have the advantage of almost exclusive attendance in the evening school on distance prevents other cities from contributing to the attendance in any large degree. To give us free tuition in the day school will square matters and we believe overcome all objection to the local appropriation.

SEEN AND HEARD

Green horses will be in great demand for St. Patrick's day parade.

The down town streets are fairly comfortable. The work of picking and shoveling the ice is no cinch.

The chances are that the man who sleeps with a revolver under his pillow wouldn't go down stairs if his wife told him there were burglars in the house.

Inspector Charles Laflamme who swears that St. Patrick was a Frenchman has been asked to ride a horse in the parade.

You make light of the signs of the weather,
Of the coming days you may sing,
But two feet of ice in a principal street
Doesn't look like an early spring.

W. A. Belgin, head bookkeeper for the Lowell Rendering company, returned from his home in Brooklyn, N. Y., Saturday. He was summoned home because of the illness of his five-year-old brother, who died while Mr. Belgin was en route to Brooklyn.

The following is from the Lawrence Sun of recent date:

Quite a few from this city went over to North Andover Tuesday evening to listen to a scholarly and thoughtful discourse delivered by Rev. Fr. Hefferman in the Lenten services in St. Michael's church. Rev. Fr. Hefferman is a native of this city and always lived here up to the time of his going off to study for the priesthood. He was always a popular and well-liked young man and his local friends are always pleased to see him. Ever since his ordination he has been stationed at St. Peter's church in Lowell, of which another former resident of Lawrence, Rev. Michael Ronan, is pastor.

A reporter of one of the New York papers has been making a tour among the fortune tellers of the city. He says that a recapitulation of various prophecies made to him would show that he has been promised 18 wives and 26 children; that he was born into this world on various occasions between 1870 and 1880, and under nearly all the planets known to astronomers; that he has more birthplaces than fingers and toes. He has passed through so many scenes of unexpected happiness and complicated misfortune in his past life that he must have lived 50 hours to the day and been wide awake all the time. He has so much future wealth to gather up that 350 years from now the work will only be half done. When he dies his body will have to be cut up if he is to be buried in all the places the oracles have picked out for him.

The men who have nothing else to do but to stand on the street corners and greet the glad sunshine with a smile have grown wonderfully numerous within the last few days. The hanging out places when the mercury is doing stunts in cold quarters will have many vacant chairs in a few days and in a little while the sons of rest will be themselves to the commons and banks of rivers. A great deal has been done and said about the tramp nuisance. The legislature has been appealed to and it looks now as if the professional hobo would be legislated out of Massachusetts. Something of a like nature ought to be done to rid cities and towns of the "stay-at-home" hobo, the fellow who hangs about sunny corners, day in and day out, and week in and week out. He is more obnoxious than the perambulating hobo.

MORE SHOE FACTORIES.

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 14—The W. H. McElwain Shoe company has made arrangements for the establishment of three additional shoe factories in this city which will give employment to 1000 hands. Two buildings in South Manchester have been leased for this purpose, and a new brick building four stories in height, 50 by 300 feet will be erected in East Manchester.

Cure for Asthma and Hay Fever

The statements published below confirm the claim of Dr. Schiffmann that his remedy is an absolute cure for Asthma and Hay Fever.

Mrs. Mary Zachery, Pleasant Hill, La., says: "I have found your Asthma Cure a permanent cure for Asthma, for which I used it 7 years ago. I have never had the slightest return of the trouble since. I have also found your remedy excellent in Bronchial affections."

A Hay Fever sufferer writes: "I have had Hay Fever for 14 years. I bought a package of your remedy (Schiffmann's Asthma Cure), of our druggist and due to its use this is the first summer that I have not been troubled." Mrs. Frank Guilfogle, 6237 Ridge avenue, Roxboro, Philadelphia.

Sold by druggists at 50c and $1.00.

Send 2c stamp to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 800, St. Paul, Minn., for a free sample package.

Stock is High

BUT THE SAME GOOD QUALITY

GOES INTO

HARRY RICHARDSON'S

Bread

—AND—

Cake

Try It

DEVINE'S

TRUNKS BAGS

88 Merrimack St.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Ask druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist or send 4c in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

DISASTROUS FIRE

Wiped Out the Business Section of Town

EAST DOUGLAS, Mass., March 14.—Fire which broke out in the Central block at 6.45 o'clock yesterday morning totally destroyed Central block, the Methodist church, and ruined Mechanics block before it was extinguished, entailing a loss of $50,000, covered by $20,000 insurance, and practically wiping out the business section of the town.

B. H. Stockwell and George Stoddard had their faces badly burned while working at the fire and Hoseman Charles Madson and Charles Labro had their boots burned from their feet. Chief Engineer Henry J. Albee was carried from the fire in an exhausted condition while several other firemen were slightly injured.

All the electrotypes owned by the American Axe and Tool company in C. J. Batcheller's printery in the Central block were destroyed.

At one time nine buildings were burning. Only heavy water pressure service from the woolen mill saved the central part of the town from destruction.

CLARENCE D. SIRE

ARRESTED ON A CHARGE OF FRAUD.

NEW YORK, March 14—It was a surprise Friday, even to the court officers in Centre Market court, when they heard that a youthful looking prisoner was Clarence D. Sire, son of wealthy Benjamin Sire, of Sire Brothers, and that he was charged with defrauding the Van Norden Trust company out of $950.

The Van Nordens did not appear as complainants. Instead Detective Sergeant Clark of the Central office filed a brief affidavit, and Sire was held in $1,000 bail, furnished by William F. Donnelly, a lawyer, at No. 99 Nassau street, in the office of the Sires.

Young Sire has a real estate office at No. 160 West Twenty-eighth street. It was impossible to find him there or at his home, No. 22 West Fifty-ninth street. At the office, a young man who said his name was Sire, declared he had not seen Clarence D. Sire all day. He knew nothing of the charge.

Arthur King Wood, secretary and treasurer of the Van Norden Trust company, said all he knew of the matter was that young Mr. Sire had been a depositor in the trust company at one time and that three of four months ago he cashed a check for $950 that proved to be worthless. He added that Mr. Sire had been given every chance to settle and that he had not availed himself of this opportunity. He referred his questioner to Edward W. S. Johnston of Johnston & Johnston, lawyers at Nos. 8 and 10 Centre street, counsel for the Van Norden Trust company.

Mr. Johnston said he understood the check in question had been given by one H. Charles Hartstell to Mr. Sire and that it was drawn on the banking house of William Clark & Sons in Nassau street. Hartstell, Mr. Johnston said, had $1000 on deposit in Clark & Son's bank, but drew it out after the check had been accepted by the Van Nordens from Mr. Sire.

POSTAL RECEIPTS INCREASE.

WASHINGTON, March 14—According to a statement issued by the post office department Saturday the gross receipts of the fifty largest offices for February, 1904, were $5,467,519, as compared with $4,979,963 for February, 1903, a net increase of $487,550, or 2.79 per cent.

The receipts of the New York office last month were $1,122,180, against $1,023,039 for 1903, an increase of $99,141, or 9.69 per cent.; Chicago, $869,076, against $803,961, an increase of $65,115, or 8.9 per cent.; Philadelphia, $382,298, against $348,292, a gain of $34,005, or 9.76 per cent.; Boston, $335,858, against $305,812, a gain of $29,746, or 9.73 per cent.; Brooklyn, $173,970, against $147,722, a gain of $26,147, or 17.7 per cent.; Washington, $88,330, against $77,375, a gain of $11,156, or 14.45 per cent.

Only two offices show decreases, Buffalo, N. Y., with .93 per cent. and Columbus, Ohio, with 7 per cent. The barometer of national prosperity, as the monthly post office statement is called, has risen since the last monthly report.

CLEVELAND'S MAIDEN TRIP.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 14—The new protected cruiser Cleveland, arrived here yesterday on her maiden trial trip, in charge of Commander William H. Southerland. The trip from Norfolk was uneventful and satisfactory.

Come and See us at ADAMS

BUREAUS

Handsome Bureaus in mahogany—oak and maple woods with bevel French plate mirrors. The selling price commencing at $10 varies with the quality of workmanship—wood and finish to $38.00 each.

Chamber Chairs and Commodes to match.

ADAMS & CO.

Furniture, Rugs Carpets

174 CENTRAL ST.

Appleton Bank Block

New Spring Goods

Choicest novelties of the New York and London markets in great variety.

SUITS $30 TO $45

LOUIS ALEXANDER

IMPORTER and TAILOR

53 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

PAUL O. KABLE, Assistant.

Putnam & Son Co.

166 Central Street

The Immensely Popular Rain Coat is splendidly represented here

The improvements in the get up of our rain coats made them the most attractive garments we know of.

Every one is made by a skilled overcoat tailor and has the air and swing that belong to a handsome long overcoat.

Snug fitting collars, new narrow lapels, broad shoulders, straight across pockets, with full skirts, put these rain coats in a class by themselves. Belts or no belts as you please. Fabrics are entirely new; smart Scotch cheviots, oxford grays, covert cloths and blacks afford ample choice for any taste. Special lots in young men's sizes from 32 to 36 breast measure in addition to our men's coats—prices from $7.50 and $10, up to $28.

WOLLE ARRESTED

He is a Notorious Counterfeiter

BOSTON, March 14.—Albert Roth, a young German who was arrested here Saturday night on the charge of swindling postage stamp dealers and collectors, was identified yesterday by Secret Service Agent Joseph Murphy of St. Louis as R. P. H. Wolle, a counterfeiter, well known to the secret service bureau. After meeting Agent Murphy, the prisoner admitted that he was Wolle.

Wolle's presence in this vicinity is attributed to an alleged bogus collection of stamps, which, if genuine, would reach a value of $10,000.

Local stamp dealers claim that he tried to swindle them by representing these as rare specimens. It is charged that Wolle altered common stamps so that they resembled issues of great market value.

His most notable crime occurred in 1903 when he aroused the federal authorities by raising the value of bank notes. Convicted in St. Louis he was sentenced to the state penitentiary at Jefferson City, Mo., for five years.

In the prison he was convict No. 3333, and the prison postoffice box was No. 47. He managed to secure the insertion of advertisements in many publications which informed the stamp dealers and collectors that he would buy their collections. His advertisements were signed "Number 3333," and the prison postoffice box "No. 47, Jefferson City, Mo." Immediately he began to receive large quantities of mail, but the prison authorities did not detect the wrong-doing for a long time. Last January he was released from prison, much before his term had expired, because of his excellent conduct. Since his release he has been living in Brooklyn.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

A general cry is being made all over the country for lower prices of admission to theatres and a company of comedians, headed by Mr. George Ober, late of the Hoyt forces, have been trying with remarkable success a series of experiments along this line. They are producing for the first time with a first-class company the comedy "The Wrong Mr. Wright" in the popular priced houses. Manager Murphy of the Academy of Music offers this company to his patrons as a change from the heavier fare that has maintained there in the nature of an experiment. The attraction has been doing remarkably well in the south and west and will no doubt be received here in New England with favor. A strong presentation, replete with specialties and attractive features in general is promised and the roster of the company and reputation that has preceded them speak well for their success to come. "The Wrong Mr. Wright" is from the clever pen of George Broadhurst, whose "What Happened to Jones" and "Way Smith Left Home" have made the entire continent laugh. It will be worth while to go to the Academy of Music this afternoon to see what this interesting experiment in high class attractions at low prices will yield the speculative mind who has had to pay heavily for his amusement heretofore and not always had his money's worth at that. Performances will be given today, tomorrow and Wednesday afternoon and evenings.

WRESTLING NOTES.

Friday night's wrestling match was a disappointment to the lovers of good wrestling who expected to see a scientific contest, for it lasted only a few moments and the sports weren't given time to wink before each fall was over. Prokop made a mistake in going at his cleverer adversary. He was twice as strong as Ladue, but not near as clever, and he should have remained on the defensive and allowed Ladue to do the work. In that way he might have had a chance. But going at him aggressively he was bound to lose for Ladue knows too much about the game for him, although Prokop has improved wonderfully under the care of Cullery and Borris, the local wrestlers.

The best wrestling match that has been held in Lowell was that in Associate hall between Charlie Reinecke and Oscar, Smstrom, the terrible Swede. They were two men of science and their work was of a very clever order. Reinecke is in the south and upon his return will be matched big wrestlers here in the near future.

A number of prominent local sporting men who are interested in wrestling got together last evening and formed an organization for the purpose of promoting the game in this city. It is their intention to get some of the big westerners here in the near future.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

COUNCIL OF WOMEN

TO BE HELD IN BERLIN IN JUNE.

Twenty-two countries will be represented at the meeting of the International Council of Women, to be held in Berlin during the week beginning June 6, 1904. This organization meets but once in five years. When its last session, held in London, 1899, was adjourned, it was composed of ten National Councils. Since then nine National Councils have been added to the International, and at the coming meeting reports are expected from three more.

The president of the International Council of Women, Mrs. May Wright Sewell of Indianapolis, Ind., originated the idea of National Councils of Women, and planned and conducted the work preliminary to the organization in Washington, D. C., March 31, 1888, of the National Council of Women of the United States and of the International Council of Women. The adoption of the council idea by progressive women in nearly all the civilized countries attests to its great value.

During her administration Mrs. Sewall has advocated, both in this country and abroad, what she has aptly named "The New Internationalism." In other words, the union and conservation of the influence and work of the National Councils of Women in behalf of educational, industrial and civic reforms, legislation for the benefit of women and children, peace and arbitration and other movements for human betterment. This theme will be presented at the coming International Council. The formal addresses include one in English, by Lady Aberdeen, and one in German, by Baroness Von Suttner, on Peace and Arbitration.

The International Council will be convened according to the laws and customs of Germany; under the auspices of the National Council of German Women.

CHARGE OF MURDER

PREFERRED AGAINST CLINTON WOMAN.

CLINTON, Mass., March 14.—As the result of an investigation into the deaths of two children whose bodies were found buried under an abandoned barn in Sterling on Wednesday last, officers from Oakdale and Milford yesterday arrested Mrs. Alma A. Loveley of Orange, on the charge of murder. She was locked up and will be arraigned in the district court this morning. Mrs. Loveley formerly resided in Clinton.

WITH THE UNIONS

Great Activity in Labor Halls Yesterday

The resignation of Martin Ready as recording secretary of the Stationary Firemen was accepted at a meeting of that body yesterday afternoon and James Rogers was elected to the position.

The Stationary Firemen voted financial assistance to the striking glove makers in Gloversville, N. Y. A committee was also appointed to visit the several representatives of the general court to oppose the passage of the pending license bill. The association voted a substantial amount of money with which to purchase tickets for the benefit of Mary Fratus, vice president of the Trades and Labor council.

Stewart Reed, seventh vice president of the American Federation of Labor addressed the Allied Metal Polishers in Machinists' hall Saturday evening.

Next Thursday evening the Cotton Weavers will hold a sociable in their hall on Middle street.

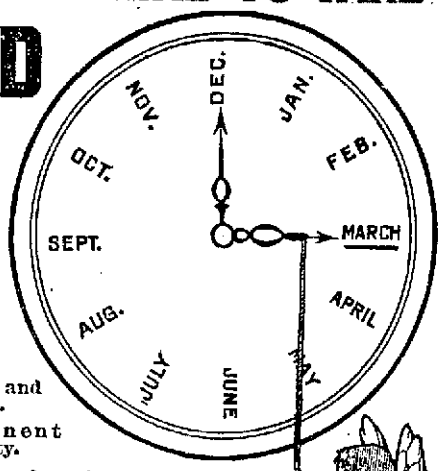
At the regular semi-monthly meeting of the Barbers' union yesterday the report of Henry Smith on the recent legislative hearing on the bill to license barbers was read.

Mr. Smith of the Barbers' union will attend a hearing at the state house this week in advocacy of the bill for a commission to examine and license barbers.

At the semi-monthly meeting of the Textile council yesterday Representative Ross of New Bedford and other speakers addressed the council. Thomas F. McDonough, a prominent member of the Cotton Weavers' union is serving in the capacity of recording secretary during the illness of Miss Mary Fratus. At the meeting of the council yesterday a substantial sick benefit was voted for Miss Fratus.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

NOW IS THE TIME TO TAKE BLOOD WINE



"Spring Fever" begins in March. BLOOD WINE cleanses your system of the clogging waste that winter has left.

Invigorates Run Down People.

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Makes Permanent Strength and Vitality.

Regulates the Bowels and Drives Out Impurities.

Makes Rich, Red, Buoyant, Lively Blood.

Blood Wine is the GRANDEST SPRING TONIC and STRENGTHENER on EARTH.

SHE WAS CURED OF STOMACH TROUBLE AND NERVE WEAKNESS.

As I have had severe attacks of stomach trouble for years, which unstrung my nerves and left me physically very weak, I was urged by friends to try Blood Wine. I have used three bottles, and I must say it has done me lots of good. Have had no attacks with my stomach since, and my nerves seem to be strengthened very much. I heartily recommend it to any one with stomach or nervous troubles. Yours truly,

MRS. JAMES M. BAKER, 181 Cedar St., Corning, N.Y.

Free Trial Bottle! If you live at a distance and cannot reach a drug store, buy Blood Wine direct of us. We will upon receipt of 50 cts. per bottle, prepay the express to any point east of the Mississippi River. You can have a free trial bottle and a trial package of Blood Wine Kidney and Liver Pills by cutting out this coupon and sending it to Blood Wine Medicine Co., Worcester, Mass.

Blood Wine Kidney and Liver Pills are a guaranteed cure for constipation. 100 Pills, 25 cents.

ELLINGWOOD & CO.

CARTER & SHERBURNE

COODALE'S DRUG STORE

DOUBLE HEADER

Lowell Took Two Games From Manchester

THE HAVERHILL TEAM DEFEATED P. A. C.'S

Salem High School Girls Were Defeated

Lowell took a double header from the Manchester basketball team Saturday. The first game was played at 3 o'clock in the afternoon and Lowell won by a score of 40 to 22. In the evening the locals did even better and the Queen city lads were defeated by a score of 47 to 21.

About five hundred people assembled in Huntington hall in the afternoon and were treated to a fine exhibition. It was lively at all times and the spectators expected several times to be treated to a game of rough house.

Manchester lost because the team was outplayed. They seem to have shot their pace so great has the strain been on them during the season, and it is not surprising considering the work they have done with six men.

Matthews was the big man in the game just as he always is. He was pitted against Peck Donnelly and he managed to score more baskets than Peck and also kept the latter well covered. Toward the close of the game Toby made a shot that brought the entire audience to its feet. From the center of the floor and while on the run he made one of his one hand shots that landed squarely in the basket. Holleron played well though at times his passing was not up to the mark. Kane was too much for Dan Lynch and the boy from the "flats" fouled several times in order to prevent scoring by Kane.

"Slats" Healey and Getzinger were opponents and the latter managed to keep "Slats" from scoring while the Lowell boy had two baskets to his credit. Devlin and Tigue were more evenly matched than any other pair on the surface.

The following is the lineup and summary of the afternoon game:

LOWELL.	MANCHESTER.
Mathews lf	rb Donnelly
Kane rf	lb Lynch
Getzinger c	c Healey
Holleron lb	rf Qualey
Tigue rb	lf Devlin

FIRST PERIOD.

Goal, Lowell, Kane	2—0
Goal, Lowell, Kane	4—0
Third foul, Manchester, Lynch	5—0
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	7—0
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	9—0
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	11—0
Goal, Manchester, Devlin	11—2
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	13—2
Goal, Lowell, Getzinger	15—2
Third foul, Lowell, Mathews	15—3
Third foul, Manchester, Donnelly	15—5

SECOND PERIOD.

Goal, Lowell, Kane	17—5
Goal, Lowell, Tigue	19—5
Third foul, Manchester, Donnelly	20—5
Goal, Lowell, Kane	22—5
Third foul, Lowell, Mathews	22—6
Goal, Manchester, Donnelly	22—8
Goal, Lowell, Kane	24—8
Third foul, Lowell, Kane	24—9
Goal, Manchester, Donnelly	24—11
Third foul, Lowell, Kane	24—12
Third foul, Manchester, Donnelly	25—12
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	27—13
Goal, Manchester, Qualey	27—14

THIRD PERIOD.

Third foul, Lowell, Kane	27—15
Third foul, Manchester, Lynch	28—15
Third foul, Manchester, Devlin	29—15
Goal, Manchester, Qualey	29—17
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	31—17
Third foul, Manchester, Healey	32—17
Third foul, Lowell, Kane	32—18
Goal, Manchester, Donnelly	32—20
Goal, Lowell, Kane	34—20
Goal, Manchester, Devlin	34—22
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	36—22
Goal, Lowell, Getzinger	38—22
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	40—22

Score, Lowell 40, Manchester 22. Goals from the floor, Kane 6, Mathews 8, Getzinger 2, Tigue, Donnelly 4, Devlin 2, Qualey 2. Points on fouls, Lowell 6, Manchester 6. Fouls committed, Mathews 4, Tigue 4, Getzinger, Kane 8, Holleron 2, Lynch 8, Donnelly 3, Devlin 4, Healey 3. Referee, Michael Godley of Fitchburg. Timekeepers, Wynn of Manchester and Halloran for Lowell. Attendance, 700.

THE EVENING GAME.

If the afternoon game was exciting the evening contest was more so. The crowd was large enough to tax the seating capacity of the hall and the partisans had plenty of chance to root during the first two periods. In the third period it was Lowell all the ways and the local admirers shouted themselves hoarse in yelling encouragement to Manager Gray's boys. Loos and Leighton were sent in to play in this game and their work was far ahead of anything the pair has done this season. Leighton especially gave a good account of himself. In the second period an unfortunate accident occurred that may keep "Slats" Healey out of the game for the rest of the season. He turned on his ankle and was unable to regain his feet. He was removed to his dressing room and Peter Regan was sent to take his place. Lynch went to centre and Devlin to left back. Regan played in Devlin's place against Leighton. In the third period Holleron did not play, his place being taken by Tigue whose presence was felt for Lowell scored 21 points in the last period. Mathews again put up a great game though he scored two less baskets than in the afternoon contest.

Lineup and summary:

LOWELL.	MANCHESTER.
Mathews lf	rb Donnelly
Kane rf	lb Lynch, Devlin
Loos c	c Healey, Lynch
Tigue, Holleron lb	rf Qualey
Leighton rb	lf Devlin, Regan

FIRST PERIOD.

Goal, Lowell, Kane	2—0
Goal, Manchester, Qualey	2—2
Third foul, Manchester, Donnelly	3—2
Third foul, Lowell, Mathews	3—3
Goal, Lowell, Leighton	5—3
Goal, Lowell, Loos	7—3
Goal, Manchester, Devlin	7—5
Third foul, Manchester, Lynch	8—5
Third foul, Lowell, Loos	8—6
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	10—6
Third foul, Lowell, Leighton	10—7

SECOND PERIOD.

Third foul, Manchester, Devlin	11—7
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	13—7
Goal, Manchester, Donnelly	13—9
Third foul, Manchester, Lynch	14—9
Goal, Manchester, Donnelly	14—11
Third foul, Lowell, Kane	14—12
Goal, Lowell, Kane	16—12
Goal, Lowell, Leighton	18—12
Third foul, Manchester, Donnelly	19—12
Third foul, Lowell, Kane	19—13
Goal, Lowell, Loos	21—13
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	23—13
Goal, Manchester, Donnelly	23—15
Third foul, Manchester, Devlin	24—15
Goal, Lowell, Kane	26—15

THIRD PERIOD.

Third foul, Lowell, Kane	26—16
Goal, Lowell, Kane	28—16
Goal, Lowell, Leighton	30—16
Goal, Lowell, Leighton	32—16
ool, Loos, Lowell, Loos	34—16
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	36—16
Goal, Lowell, Leighton	38—16
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	40—16
Goal, Lowell, Kane	42—16
Goal, Manchester, Donnelly	42—18
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	44—18
Goal Manchester, Qualey	44—20
Goal, Lowell, Leighton	46—20
Third foul, Manchester, Donnelly	47—20
Third foul, Lowell, Loos	47—21

Score—Lowell 47, Manchester 22. Goals from the floor, Mathews 6, Leighton 6, Kane 5, Loos 3, Donnelly 4, Qualey 2, Devlin 4. Referee, Michael Godley of Fitchburg. Timekeepers, Halloran for Lowell, Wynne for Manchester. Attendance, 1000.

P. A. C. LOST.

HAVERHILL, March 14—Haverhill defeated P. A. C. of Lowell Saturday night in a one-sided contest, 41 to 17. Haverhill took the lead at the start and maintained it throughout. Wachter and Doyle threw baskets from fine passing by Lew, Harrington and Kelliher. Field and Tighe played the best game for the P. A. C.

Lineup and summary:

HAVERHILL—41.	17—P. A. C.
Harrington rf	lb Tighe
Lew lf	rb Abbott
Wachter c	c Field
Doyle rb	lf Allard
Horan, Kelliher lb	rf O'Neil

Score—Haverhill 41, P. A. C. 17. Goals from floor—Wachter 6, Doyle 6, Harrington 3, Lew 3, Kelliher 2, Tighe 4, Field 3. Goals from fouls—Haverhill, P. A. C. Referee—Connors. Time—Three 15-minute periods. Attendance—550.

COMPANY M DEFEATED.

Company M's basket ball team of this city was defeated by Company B's team at Fitchburg on Saturday evening by a score of 35 to 17. A very slippery floor proved a great handicap to the Lowell players.

Lineup and summary:

COMPANY M—17.	35—COMPANY B
Regan rf	lb C. Harley
Mitchell lf	rb Ohlson
Poole c	c B. Harley
Walters rb	lf Bruce
Maloney lb	rf Byrce

Score—Company B 35, Company M 17. Baskets—B. Harley 5, Bryce 4, Bruce 6, C. Harley, Mitchell 4, Regan 3, Walters. Points on fouls—Company B 3, Company M 1. Scorers—Walters and Goodwin. Timekeepers—McDonald and Keevers. Attendance—500.

SALEM HIGH BEATEN.

Lowell high school girls showed to good advantage in the game with Salem high at Lowell Saturday, and allowed their opponents only two goals from the floor. Misses Bailey and Eaton of the home team secured 17 goals between them, the former getting 10.

The score at the end of the first period was 14 to 2, at end of the second 29 to 3 in favor of Lowell, and the total, 37 to 7.

Salem's basket from the floor was not scored until the third period. The two Salem forwards made frequent shots for the basket but they were hasty and did not shoot carefully.

Lineup and summary:—

LOWELL HIGH	SALEM HIGH
Miss Eaton rf	lb Miss Goodell
Miss Bailey lf	rb Towne, Miss Swain
Miss Jewett c	c Miss Smith
Miss Anna Brown sc	sc Miss Fox
Miss Rivet rb	lf Miss Brown
Miss Hunking lb	rf Miss Griffin

Score—Lowell 37, Salem 7. Baskets from the floor—Miss Bailey 10, Miss Eaton 7, Miss Anna Brown, Miss Brown of Salem. Baskets from free tries—Miss Griffin 5, Miss Bailey 1. Free tries missed—Miss Bailey 7, Miss Griffin 4. Fouls called on Salem 8, on Lowell 9. Referee—Miss Marjorie Read. Umpire—Carl D. Burtt. Timer—Miss Ida Wilson. Linesmen—Miss Swain, Miss Walsh, Miss Spaulding, Miss Sweatt. Time—Three 12-minute periods. Attendance—500.

LAST WEEK'S PLAYING.

The feature of last week's play in the New England professional basketball league was the form displayed by Haverhill. Three of the four games played resulted in victories, and in its two home games the visitors were badly defeated.

Victories were scored over Natick, Lowell and P. A. C., and a game was lost at Natick by the score of 23 to 22. Horan, Wachter and Doyle played in great form, and their accurate shooting was responsible for the team's fine showing.

At home, Manchester played two of the best games of the season, winning from South Framingham and Natick by the scores of 62 to 24 and 64 to 7, but in the three games away from home the team was defeated.

Lowell presented a new lineup last week, and won three out of four games. In its first game with the newly organized P. A. C. team it rolled up one of the biggest scores of the season, and won, 83 to 17. In this game Kane established a new league record of 20 goals from the floor, while Mathews registered 15.

The P. A. C. team which is taking Hudson's place, is made up practically of the old Lowell players. Allard, Abbott, Fields and O'Neil of the Lowells and Tighe, McFarland and McMinnimman in the lineup. Although the team dropped the three games played it has good material, and this week should see a marked improvement in its work.

In points scored the standing is: Lowell 1512, Manchester 1508, Haverhill 1448, South Framingham 1023, Natick 911, P. A. C. 548.

Eleven men have now passed the 100 mark in goals from the floor, with Kane of Lowell far in the lead. The following men have secured 50 or more goals from the floor:

Kane of Lowell 291, Donnelly and Healy of Manchester 151 and 138 respectively, Tigue of Lowell 133, Doyle of Haverhill 129, Hough of South Framingham 121, Devlin of Manchester 118, Allard of P. A. C. 114, Mathews of Lowell 112, Mullner and Fogarty of South Framingham 105 and 103 respectively, Qualey of Manchester 90, Horan, Lew and Wachter of Haverhill 88, 86 and 85 respectively, Abbott of P. A. C. 83, Ferat of South Framingham 82, Punch of Natick and Kennedy of Haverhill 78 each, Martens of Natick 73, Leighton of Lowell 72, Lynch of Manchester 60, Fields of P. A. C. and Regan of Manchester 59 each, Harrington of Haverhill 56, Mayham of South Framingham 50.

STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
So. Framingham	21	6	.778
Natick	19	15	.559
Lowell	22	20	.525
Haverhill	30	32	.484
Manchester	27	37	.422
P. A. C.	7	11	.389

GAMES THIS WEEK.

Tuesday—South Framingham at Lowell, Haverhill at Manchester, P. A. C. at Natick.

Thursday—Lowell at Manchester, South Framingham at Haverhill.

Saturday—South Framingham at Natick, Haverhill at Lowell (afternoon), P. A. C. at Lowell (evening), Manchester at Haverhill (evening.)

BOULEVARDS WON.

The Boulevards of the local amateur league went down to Haverhill with the P. A. C. team Saturday night and defeated the High school team of the Haverhill amateur league by the score of 40 to 24. The Boulevards had a new man, Bell, who proved a treasure, as he scored 10 baskets. On account of their good showing the Boulevards will again journey to Haverhill Thursday night and play the Olympias, who will be presented the cup for winning the Haverhill amateur championship. The lineup:

BOULEVARDS.	HAVERHILL.
Lew lg	rf Pratt
Cunningham rg	lf Tratton
Field c	c Hickey
Bell lf	rg Turcoio
Brock rf	lg Marston

MILITARY LEAGUE SCHEDULE.

The following is a schedule of the Military league as arranged at a meeting in Lawrence yesterday:

March 19—Company G and Battery C at Lowell.

March 21—Company M and Company F at Lowell.

March 23—Company M and Company F at Lawrence.

March 25—Company G and Company F at Lawrence.

March 26—Company M and Company F at Lowell.

Should Company M team win the three games above scheduled with Company F it would be tied with Battery C for second position in the league standing.

SHAWLIGHTS ACCEPT.

Mr. Editor:—

As manager of the Shawlight basketball team, I accept the challenge issued by the manager of Co. M to play a game for a purse of $50, to determine which is the stronger team. I will insist that both teams play with the same lineup as presented at our last meeting.

Yours respectfully,
JOHN J. CARNEY,
Manager Shawlight B. B. C.

BASKETBALL NOTES.

Tomorrow night South Framingham will play in Huntington hall. It will be the last meeting of the teams in this city this season. So. Framingham will come to Lowell on a special train and will be accompanied by 250 rooters. They will bring a brass band with them to make things lively and in order to keep up Lowell's end Manager Gray has engaged the Lowell Cadet band to play. So besides the battle of basketball giants there will be a battle of bands. It will be the greatest basketball night Lowell has ever had.

The demand for reserved seats for tomorrow night's game is unprecedented in the history of the game in this city. Manager Gray says that reserved seat tickets will not be held for parties engaging them after 8.30 Tuesday night. After that hour the tickets will be sold to the first who call for them.

It is up to Co. M to come to terms with the Shawlights.

Bell of the Shawlights played with the Boulevards against the Haverhill high school team Saturday evening and threw ten baskets. Hurrah for the Shawlight captain!

JUMPED TO DEATH

Day Dive

A Boston Woman Committed Suicide

HAD BEEN MARRIED BUT RECENTLY

The Young Woman Was Despondent

BOSTON, March 14—While her husband was awaiting her in her father's home yesterday morning, Mrs. Carla Arntzen dressed herself, walked to the roof, and hurled herself to the ground 70 feet below. She lay for some time unconscious, and died soon after at the City hospital.

Despondency, brought on by illness, is the cause that is thought to have led the young woman to take her life. She was the daughter of Peter T. Arntzen, a bookkeeper at 87 Milk street, who lives at Hotel Rand, 76 West Rutland square, a couple of doors from the scene of the suicide.

The story of how the young woman's mind was led to thoughts of self-destruction as told by the police is pathetic. It seems that several months ago she and her cousin, Lauritz Arntzen, who made his home with her father, were married by a minister in the South End, without consulting the members of Carla's family. The minister did not give the couple a marriage certificate at the time, and some members of her family wondered at this when Lauritz and Carla announced their marriage and were forgiven for not telling of their intention to wed.

Some few weeks ago the young couple took a room with Mrs. Etta L. Callahan on the top floor of the hotel Essex at 84 West Rutland square, but continued to take their meals at the old home with her father and sisters.

Approaching maternity changed Mrs. Arntzen from a cheerful, light-hearted girl to a despondent, irritable woman. She seemed to feel that her family doubted that she was married, and worried because she did not have a certificate. Last Friday, without consulting her husband, she went to the minister who had performed the ceremony and got a certificate.

Saturday night her husband and she were at the family rooms, and the visit to the clergyman was made known to him. He chided his wife for worrying over such a trifle, and told her to keep the certificate to herself and not show it. This appeared to deepen her despondency, and after a while she said she was going to the roof to get air. Her husband would not allow her to do so, and took her out for a walk instead. She returned feeling in better spirits, and they went to their lodging rooms, the husband returning to his father-in-law's to assist him in fixing some photographs.

While her husband was out, Mrs. Arntzen asked her landlady how to get to the roof, and went there, but had come back before her husband returned, and when he came in was writing. She refused to tell him what she was writing, and after some words he went out again, but soon returned and they retired.

Yesterday morning he arose first, and after a pleasant chat with his wife, went to her father's, expecting her to follow at her leisure. He waited about 20 minutes, and then started to get some milk for breakfast. On the way out he heard the bell ring and someone call up the tube to his father-in-law that his daughter was lying out on the street.

The husband ran out, and found his wife lying unconscious on Claremont street, a small lane that runs beside the railroad track at the foot of West Rutland square. From people about he learned that she had jumped from the roof of the building.

An investigation by the police showed that Mrs. Arntzen after her husband left the house had arisen and dressed, went to the roof, climbed on the protecting rail, and threw himself over the edge.

Her right leg was fractured, one arm was cut, and there was a single bruise on her face. The police of division 4 hurried Mrs. Arntzen to the City hospital, where she died a few minutes after being put on the operating board.

CHOIR CHANGES

Local Directors Announce Changes

The list of choir singers prepared by the leaders of the different Protestant church choirs, preparatory to rehearsals for the Easter services, shows many changes in the personnel of the choirs. No changes thus far have been announced in the Catholic churches.

The Kirk Street church music committee has re-engaged the quartet of last year: Miss Helen Wetmore, soprano; Mrs. Ethel Torrey Smith, contralto; William Wirt, tenor; George E. Burns, bass, with Mr. Arthur Spalding organist.

At the Pawtucket church there will be a chorus choir, F. H. Hill organist and director, also a male quartet composed of Messrs. Harry N. Patten, first tenor; William T. Patten, second tenor; Edwin Howe, first base; W. T. S. Bartlett, second base.

The Central M. E. church music will be a chorus choir under the direction of A. W. Henderson, with Miss Anna Thompson organist.

At the Highland Methodist church the following have been engaged: Mrs. Herbert Bearce, soprano; a volunteer chorus choir with Mr. Herbert Bearce tenor and director; Miss Ella L. Gale, organist. The pastor's wife, Mrs. B. F. Kingsley, will have charge of the evening music, directing the girls' chorus.

At St. Paul's M. E. Church, Miss Ethel Salmon, soprano; Miss Jessie Smith, alto; Prof. Edgar H. Barker, tenor and director; Charles Martin, bass. Charles V. Barker, organist.

At the Immanuel Baptist church Charles E. Woodbury will direct the chorus choir; Miss Gertrude French, organist.

The choir at Mt. Vernon Free Baptist church will consist of Miss Nera Johnson, soprano; Miss Gertrude L. Abbott, alto; James Hounsell, tenor; George S. Drew, bass and director; Clayton R. Kimball, organist.

The Paige Street Free Baptist music committee has engaged Miss Harriet G. Lee of Tewksbury for organist and there will be congregational singing.

The Eliot choir will be composed of Miss Alice C. Hutchinson, soprano; Mrs. F. L. Roberts, alto; Herbert F. Whipple, tenor; Arthur T. Munn, bass; Sydney R. Fleet, organist and director.

At the First Trinitarian Congregational church the musical arrangements will continue as last year. Miss Alice Frothingham, organist; Mrs. George F. Kenngott, directress of a large chorus and a children's choir, both vested.

High Street church quartet and organist remain the same as last year: Mrs. George Spalding, soprano; Mrs. Mortimer Darby, contralto; E. E. Adams, tenor and director; William E. Foster, bass; and Miss Anna L. Melendy, organist.

Grace Universalist church quartet and organist remain as last year: Mrs. Daisy Shaw Merritt, soprano; Mrs. George E. Burns, contralto; John Wiberly, tenor; Bertram Bedell, bass; and Mrs. Charles Sturtevant, organist and directress.

St. Anne's Episcopal church choir will be under the direction of E. K. Baldwin, organist, with 10 men and 25 boys in the chorus. Mr. Kenneth Bruce joins the tenor section, and Charles Howard is added to the basses.

St. John's Episcopal church choir will be composed of 14 men and 24 boys, with Wilfred Kershaw organist and Frederick O. Blunt, master.

At the House of Prayer the choir of six men and fourteen boys will be under the direction of Henry Hardy, choir master, with Mrs. Nellie Lefleur organist.

The Worthen Street M. E. church completed their list yesterday as follows: Miss Ethel Wotton, soprano; Miss Blanche Martin, alto; Harry Stocks, tenor and director; Walter Bruce, bass; Miss Jessie Todd, organist.

The First Unitarian choir is composed of Mrs. James N. Greig, soprano; Mrs. W. I. Hervey, contralto; A. M. Bowden of Lawrence, tenor; Charles D. Paige, bass; G. F. Hamer, organist and director.

First Universalist, Mrs. Jean L. Sherburne, soprano; Mrs. O. A. Gelino, alto; Osmond Long, tenor; James P. Spellman of Concord, N. H., bass; Mrs. Helen Hamilton Taylor, organist.

At the First Baptist church J. Avison Baker has been elected director of the chorus choir, with the following soloists: Mrs. W. H. Pepin, soprano; Miss Jessie Smith, contralto; Harry Hopkins, tenor; Albert F. French, organist.

A special meeting of the Citoyens Americains was held Saturday night and resolutions were passed on the death of the late Mr. Calixte Dozois, who was a charter member of the organization. The members present at that meeting then marched to the late home of Mr. Dozois, 352 Worthen street, where they recited prayers for the dead at the casket.

INJURIES FATAL

Otis Adams of Chelmsford Died Saturday

Mr. Otis Adams of Chelmsford, who was struck by an electric car in Chelmsford Thursday afternoon, died Saturday evening at his home in that town. From the time that the accident occurred until he passed away he failed to regain consciousness and died as the result of concussion of the brain.

The deceased had spent his entire life in Chelmsford with the exception of about a year during which time he was in the employ of the Boston & Lowell railroad in Boston. He was a direct descendant of Capt. Samuel Adams, who was born in Braintree in 1617 and came to Chelmsford at the inception of the town in 1643, settling in that part of the town originally known as the "Adams grant" now called "Russell's Mills."

Mr. Adams was born Jan. 6, 1826, and was the son of the late Dea. Otis Adams. In 1849 he married Caroline S. Glover, who survives him. Seven children were born to them, of whom six are now living, viz: Amos B. Adams and Mrs. Wm. C. Ward of Chelmsford, Mrs. Albert S. Reade, Mrs. H. C. Greene and Edward E. Adams of this city, and H. C. Adams of Norwich, Conn.

Mr. Adams was a man of the strictest integrity and honesty of purpose, a kind neighbor, a good husband, a faithful father, and, in the language of a life-long friend, a man always to be depended upon. He was never active in public affairs, but led a quiet unostentatious life.

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We call it spring fever—in reality it's nthing more nor less than Nature's rebellion against the wrong condition of stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys.
You need a tonic—not a decoction of drugged alcohol, but real nerve food which revitalizes the worn-out nerves, stimulates the action of all the digestive organs and purges the blood of its load of enervating impurities.
Iron-Ox Tablets are gentle tonic and laxative in character. They do not give temporary relief by violent action followed by a destructive weakening of the entire system, but quietly and surely rid the body of the elements of disease and send new life and vigor quivering through every fibre of your being.
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Sunlight
It is different than other soaps. Makes woolens and linens as soft as velvet and white as snow, without shrinking or weakening the fibre. Wash in the "Sunlight way," it's less labor, hence more in favor.
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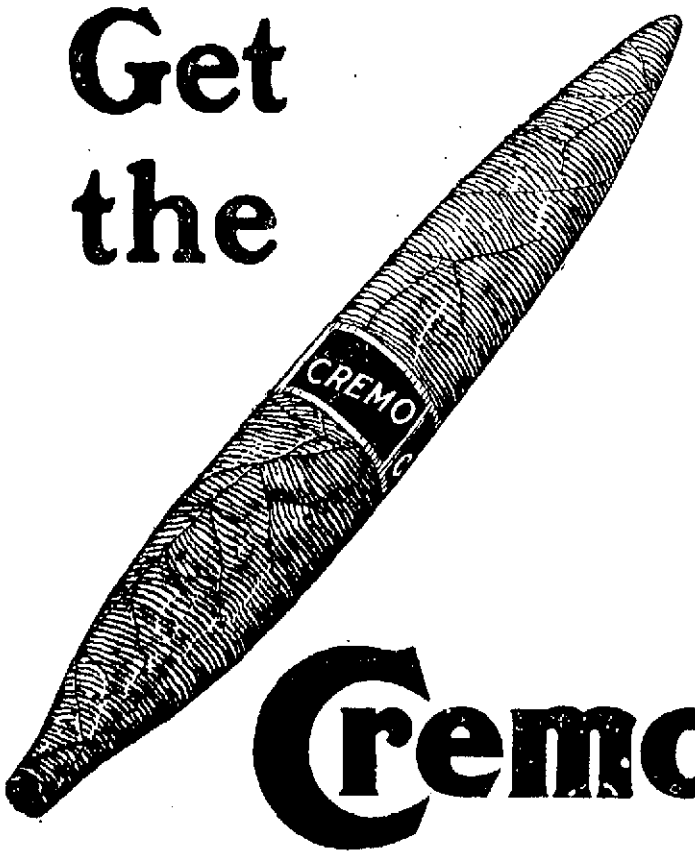

Cremo

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
5.45	6.50	6.00	7.04
6.22	7.40	6.80	7.26
s6.39	7.30	7.45	8.55
s6.42	7.43	8.25	9.01
s7.01	8.02	e9.00	9.57
es7.24	8.10	e10.00	10.37
s7.31	8.50	a10.17	11.34
7.45	8.35	e11.30	12.07
8.50	9.40	12.00	12.56
9.40	10.40	e1.00	1.37
11.00	12.03	2.00	3.01
es11.43	12.25	e3.00	3.37
a12.14	1.00	a3.47	5.00
1.40	2.50	4.14	5.30
es1.56	2.39	e5.00	5.37
a3.03	4.20	5.36	6.25
e3.47	4.30	a5.47	6.54
4.35	5.30	6.14	7.20
es5.22	6.15	e7.30	8.08
a5.44	7.00	e8.20	9.03
es6.32	7.05	10.30	11.34
es7.29	8.10	11.20	12.22

SUNDAY TRAINS

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
s6.89	7.80	9.00	10.00
s7.24	8.10	1.00	1.57
8.45	9.40	5.00	5.59
s0.20	10.15	e7.30	8.08
s4.25	5.30	e8.30	9.05
s5.58	7.00	9.00	10.02

WESTERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
6.50	8.00	7.20	8.34
8.00	8.64	9.25	10.52
9.25	10.39	10.45	11.41
10.50	12.00	11.50	1.08
12.05	1.32	2.15	3.19
12.45	1.57	3.36	4.55
2.30	3.35	4.59	5.50
3.10	4.10	6.01	7.05
3.55	5.04	6.28	7.48
5.06	6.43	9.31	10.40
6.15	7.15	B11.15	12.15
7.00	8.00		
9.25	10.30		

SUNDAY TRAINS

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
8.15	9.27	8.00	9.17
12.05	1.24	12.00	1.02
4.05	5.18	5.00	6.27
5.50	6.56		
8.00	9.05		

Trains by western division leave Lowell from Middlesex St. Station.

aVia Bedford.

eExpress.

sFrom Middlesex Street Station only.

B Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

LOCAL NEWS

Stationery—F. A. M. Tobin's Printery.

T. A. D. Sullivan, wholesale grocer.

Lawler Printing Co., 29 Prescott St.

Secure your saddle horses at O'Donnell's stables for St. Patrick's day.

M. Little & Co., Bridge street, corner Third, sell green ribbon and give away green trading stamps. One they hope will go thundering down through the ages, and the other go thundering out of existence, very soon. St. Patrick's green ribbon all widths, Nos. 1½ to 9 and green discount stamps free.

GREEK LECTURE

HELD IN ASSOCIATE HALL LAST EVENING.

Prof. J. P. Leatsakos, of the University of Athens, Greece, delivered a highly entertaining lecture in Associate hall last evening, on "Greek Life, Art and Literature." A large audience of local Greeks was in attendance while many English-speaking people were present. The lecture was illustrated by many superb views, and this feature proved so interesting that the unflagging attention of those who did not understand his words (the lecture was delivered in his native tongue), was maintained throughout. Some of the most interesting scenes he also explained in English for the benefit of those who did not understand Greek.

He speaks English fluently and with just enough foreign accent to give it a peculiar charm.

He delivered in Greek "Kreon's address to the senators of the Thebes" with much effect and spoke at some length on Athens and Sparta, the latter city being his birthplace.

"SHE WRITES TO ME"

On the most elegant cream-laid note paper. I'll ask her where she gets it some day." No need to; it's bought at Harris' store. We have everything of the latest and best in fashionable stationery. The correct styles and the best qualities. What do you think of a box containing "Eaton & Hurlbert's "Kara" linen in white, blue and grey, at 25c. per box.

HARRIS, 10 APPLETON STREET

THE LATEST WAR NEWS

A dispatch from Japan says: The Japanese goods are liable to be higher at any moment, so don't miss this opportunity. It is a chance of a lifetime. We are having a clearance sale of all Japanese and eastern art work. We give you 25 to 35 per cent. discount on all goods. Come in and examine our prices. The only sale of its kind ever offered in Lowell. THE ORIENTAL BAZAAR, 318 Merrimack street.

Tickets

To and from England, Ireland and Scotland on the Cunard, White Star and Dominion Lines at lowest rates.

J. F. O'DONNELL'S STEAMSHIP AGENCY

313-321 MARKET STREET

J. J. O'Connell. J. J. Cashman.

J. J. O'CONNELL & CO.

Funeral Directors

1010 Central St. Davis Sq.

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PETRA-HELA positively cures Scalds, Flesh Sores, Piles, Itching Piles.

Petra-Hela Stomach Pills. 25 cents

Dr. Bonneville, DENTIST

Crowns.

Bridge Work a specialty.

109 MERRIMACK STREET

Lowell Dental Parlors

JAMES E. O'DONNELL

Attorney-at-Law,

6 HILDRETH BUILDING, LOWELL

Notary Public. Telephone.

BADLY CRUSHED

Greek's Injuries May Prove Fatal

WAS CAUGHT BETWEEN CAR AND WALL

Taken to the Lowell Hospital

Vasehis Asmocoles, residing at 42 Lewis street and employed in the foundry at the Lowell Machine shop, met with an accident this morning which may result fatally. He is now at the Lowell hospital, his injuries being of an internal nature and such that the exact injuries cannot be located at the present time.

Asmocoles with several of the other employes were at work pushing a small dump car up an incline and in some unaccountable manner he was caught between the car and the wall of the building, injuring him badly. The ambulance was summoned and he was removed to the Lowell hospital.

RAILROAD TRAINMEN

MEMORIAL SERVICES HELD IN PILGRIM HALL.

Memorial services were held yesterday afternoon in Pilgrim hall by Spindle City lodge, No. 234, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. Mr. W. W. Murray was the conductor of the meeting. The service was largely attended by members of the organization as well as relatives and friends of the deceased members. The order of the service is as follows:

Prayer, by the chaplain; Hymn—"Nearer My God to Thee"—by the entire lodge; prayer, by the chaplain; solo, "Not Lost, But Gone Before"—Mr. Peter A. Clune; reading of the ritual; solo, "No Crown Without a Cross"—Mr. Peter A. Clune; roll-call of the deceased brothers, prayer, by the chaplain; closing hymn, air—"Sweet Bye-and-Bye."

The deceased brothers are: Mr. Arthur E. Dodge, died May 31, 1898; Mr. Hubert H. Pressy, died June 22, 1900; Mr. Arthur Jean, died June 22, 1901; Mr. Herbert H. Judkins died July 31, 1902; Mr. Ovide Lapoint, died Sept. 22, 1903.

The lodge officers follow: Past master, H. Lalmond; master, A. M. Palter; vice master, W. S. Howard; secretary, J. M. Ward; financier, H. P. McCavitt; chaplain, N. Cook; conductor, G. Cook; warden, W. C. Steady; inner guard, H. Walker; outer guard, T. Jones.

The Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen was organized at Oneonta, N. Y., Sept. 26th, 1883, with thirteen members, employes of the D. & H. C. Co. It was known as the Brotherhood of Railroad Brakemen until January 1st, 1890, when on account of the many of its members who had accepted other positions in train service the more fitting name, "Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen," was adopted. The grand lodge headquarters are now located at Peoria, Ill. The Brotherhood now has 536 subordinate lodges in the United States and Canada. It is represented in every state and territory in the Union. Its membership is made up of conductors, brakemen, train baggagemen, train flagmen, yard masters, yard foremen and switchmen.

The aims and objects are to unite the Railroad Trainmen: to promote their general welfare and advance their interests, social, moral and intellectual; to protect their families by the exercise of a systematic benevolence, very needful in a calling so hazardous, this fraternity has been organized.

GEORGE L. HUNT, President.

TABLET UNVEILED

By Mathew Temperance Institute

EXERCISES WERE SIMPLE BUT IMPRESSIVE

Consisting of Song, Speech and Prayer

The dedication and unveiling of the beautiful memorial tablet by the Mathew Temperance Institute yesterday afternoon at the Mathews' headquarters was attended by simple but very impressive exercises. There was the touch of melancholy that comes with the mention of the dead but behind the cloud of sorrow the sun was shining in the bright sky of hope, hope augmented by the fraternal spirit of the organization and the beauty of its principles.

The idea of installing a memorial tablet at this time was conceived a few months ago by the trustees and it met with the hearty approval of the organization as a whole. On the tablet, which is of black walnut, are inscribed the names of all departed members of the organization.

The exercises opened shortly after 3 o'clock, at which time the hall was crowded by members of the Mathews and their friends.

"I Cannot Always Trace the Way" was feelingly rendered by the Mathews Singing club of 60 voices under the direction of James Murphy.

President George L. Hunt, in his introductory remarks, said in part:

"Brother members—We are gathered here today to do honor to the memory of our deceased brothers. As a society we have always been solicitous of the welfare and the comfort of our members but hitherto we have been rather negligent in paying our tributes to the memory of the deceased. It remained for our board of trustees to conceive the idea of installing a memorial tablet in our rooms and the proposition was gracefully accepted by our members. This tablet has now been completed and positioned in the wall. It bears the names of all the departed members of our society and it will be a means of keeping their memory ever fresh in our minds. We have never made a practice in years past to set aside any particular day for memorial exercises but I venture to predict that in the future we shall have such exercises annually."

Pres. Hunt then unveiled the tablet following which William F. Thornton sang "Lead Kindly Light."

EDWARD F. SLATTERY.

Probation Officer Edward F. Slattery spoke briefly on the significance of the occasion.

He said in part:

"The occasion of our gathering here this afternoon is to do honor to our beloved dead when we as members of this society believe are never separated from us. Our tribute to our dead has been to some extent delayed but the good qualities of the men to whose memory we do honor today needs no annual reminder, they are at all times uppermost in our minds.

"Today our society has dedicated a tablet to perpetuate the memory of those members who have passed away since the society was organized 22 years ago. Thirty-three members have passed away since that period and they were all of them men of sterling character. Each one of us can recall some association with one or more of the men whose names are enrolled on the tablet, and do we not remember them as men of honor and worth. Honest upright men who were revered in the community in which they lived and loved by the fellow associates of their society. Among the roll of dead are two of our ex-presidents who did much to build the society up to what it is today. Though they be dead their work still lives and we can find some consolation in knowing that we are carrying out the plans and working out the principals which they held aloft."

REV. W. GEORGE MULLIN.

The Mozart quartet, Messrs. Thornton, Donnelly, Murphy and McMahon, sang "Nearer, My God, to Thee," at this point, after which the oration was delivered by Rev. W. George Mullin of St. Peter's church, who is spiritual director of the society.

He spoke of the ancient custom of erecting some sort of an emblem over the remains of the dead which should always speak to the mourner as the graveyard was entered. "The custom," he said, "has come down to us and it is indeed a beautiful one. Following out that custom our society today raises its little monument to the memory of the dead and to testify to the sorrow we have experienced in their deaths.

"Anxious that there should be some link between us and those who in life frequented these halls we have caused a tablet bearing their names to be placed in the most prominent place our quarters afford that we may see their names and thus have our memory refreshed of the good lives they lived.

"Death is a sad and sorrowing lot and the hand of death spares not any man. Whether in the prime of life or in the winter of old age it matters not when the hand of death stretches forth the summoned must go. We have all been more or less the companions of there men and from time to time we have been called to follow the remains of some one of them to its final resting place. It will be a pleasure for us in the future to point to that tablet and say to our visitors, there is our roll of honor. These men were our generals in the great army of temperance and they held aloft the flag which stands for that principle, never allowing it to be lowered until grim death snatched it from their hands and they were piloted on to their reward. Their work in life was worthy of imitation by us. Let it be our desire that when we too have passed away our names will also be inscribed on that tablet and let our lives be such that the same good things can be said of us by those who follow."

"Face to Face" was beautifully rendered by James E. Donnelly and "Come Unto Me" was sung by the singing club.

The exercises closed with prayer, led by Fr. Mullin.

LIST OF DECEASED MEMBERS.

John Barry, John H. Ring, Thomas F. Curry, John J. Finnegan, Richard Ryan, Denis Mullaney, Philip Tiebe, Charles F. Moran, John J. Gray, James J. Quinn, J. J. Hoye, Francis Clark, Francis Coalpose, Patrick Farley, Cornelius Harrigan, Joseph Dunn, John J. Purcell, James J. Curry, Florence J. O'Donoghue, John J. Hancock, Wm. H. Toomey, Charles Killoy, James J. Morris, John Quinn, John J. Quirk, James Leahey, John P. Brennan, Patrick Quinn, James Butler, Daniel F. Coughlin, John F. Sullivan, John J. Sullivan, Frederick C. Mehan.

The work of engrossing the names in the memorial tablet was done by Mr. James F. Shanley, teacher of penmanship in the evening high school, and reflects much credit upon his artistic hand. Besides the name of the dead members there is also placed in the tablet the date of his death. The singing club received many favorable comments after the exercises for the excellent rendition of its two selections.

The committee in charge of the exercises is as follows: President George L. Hunt, John A. McKenna, P. F. Nestor, Bernard F. Lee, John J. Townsend, John J. Guthrie, Edward F. Quinlan and P. H. Crowley.

REV. W. GEORGE MULLIN.

Miss Abbie R. Higgins, with her milliners, Mrs. Tessie Keyes Lussier and Miss Alice L. Gray, has returned after a week's stay in New York city, where they have been selecting goods and looking up spring styles.

OFFICERS ELECTED

FOR THE COMING YEAR BY PAIGE STREET CHURCH.

At a recent meeting of the Paige street church, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Senior deacons—Jesse Blake, Joseph A. Janvrin, William O. Brown, James H. Brennan.

Junior deacons—Francis E. Saunders, Mark O. Batchelder.

Deaconesses—Mrs. Francis Roberts, Mrs. Margaret Hardy, Mrs. Wm. O. Brown, Mrs. Mary Helen Leighton; assistants, Mrs. J. H. Brennan and Mrs. D. P. Knowlton.

Deaconess emeritus—Mrs. J. A. Janvrin.

Clerk—J. A. Janvrin.

Treasurer—J. D. Whitney.

Collector—Mrs. W. O. Brown.

Trustees—Sydney W. Wiggin, Wm. O. Brown, John D. Whitney, Geo. D. Akerley, Walter A. Chase.

Auditor—Daniel P. Knowlton.

Standing committee—Pastor, clerk, deacons, deaconesses, D. P. Knowlton, Hubert J. Kimball, Mrs. M. O. Batchelder.

Music committee—J. A. Janvrin, Mrs. M. O. Batchelder, Mrs. W. A. Chase.

Miss Harriet D. Lee of Tewksbury has been engaged as organist. Congregational singing has been adopted for the year.

A special meeting of Les Artisans Canadiens Francais was held yesterday afternoon in Centralville in the interest of the new St. Louis branch of the society. Ovila Gaulin presided. Twelve applications for membership were received.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

The Bon Marche

Dry Goods Company

S. & H. Green Trading Stamps are Good as Gold

Visit the Premium Dispaly in Our Basement

CONTINUATION OF THE

Ribbon Sale

A few of the Bargains you'll find:

Satin Gros-Grain, Metallic Taffetas, Satin Liberties, Satin Taffetas and Plain Taffetas

Regular price 6c yard, sale price .... 3c YARD

Regular price 7c to 9c yard, sale price .... 4c YARD

Regular price 10c to 12c yard, sale price .... 5c YARD

Regular price 12c to 14c yard, sale price .... 7c YARD

Regular price 15c to 17c yard, sale price .... 9c YARD

Regular price 19c to 25c yard, sale price .... 12½c YARD

Regular price 25c to 29c yard, sale price .... 15c YARD

Regular price 35c to 39c yard, sale price .... 19c YARD

A beautiful Double-faced Satin Liberty Ribbon, 5 to 6 in. wide, regularly sells for 45c yard, in this sale .... 25c YARD

Baby Ribbon .... 1c YARD

Read Wednesday's Papers

FOR DETAILS OF A

DOMESTIC SALE

Y. M. C. A. Star Cours

First Congregational Church

TUESDAY, MARCH 15, 8 P. M.

REDPATH GRAND CONCERT CO.

OF NEW YORK

CARL E. DUFFT, Basso

ION JACKSON, Tenor

ANITA RIO, Soprano

BESSIE BONSALL, Contralto

MAUD PARADIS, Pianist

Single Admission 35 Cents

Reserved Seat 50 Cents

Plan at Y. M. C. A.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

We Give the Dark Blue Trading Stamp

Rugs and Art Squares

At About Half Regular Prices

Our Usual Early Spring Selling of the Lowell Axminster Rugs and Art Squares Begins

Tomorrow Morning

We offer about 500 Rugs in all different sizes, including all the new designs of Oriental and Floral patterns subject to slight imperfections—only as to matching and shading—at the following prices:—

Size 27 in. x 63 in., worth $3, only - - $1.69 each

Size 36 in. x 72 in., worth $5, only - - $2.49 each

Size 4 ft. 6 in. x 7 ft. 6 in., worth $8, only $5.00 each

Size 4 ft. 9 in. x 12 ft., worth $12.50, only $6.00 each

Size 6 ft. x 9 ft., worth $15, only - - - $8.00 each

Size 7 ft. 6 in. x 10 ft. 6 in., worth $25, only $10.00 each

Size 9 ft. x 9 ft. worth $25, only - - - $12.50 each

Size 9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 in., worth $27.50, only $12.50 each

Size 9 ft. x 12 ft., worth $30, only - - $12.50 each

Size 8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in., worth $28.50, only $15.00 each

Size 9 ft. x 12 ft., worth $30, only - - $15.00 each

As has been our custom for several seasons, we shall not allow any of these Rugs "out on memorandum" the day of the sale, and there will be none of these Rugs shown before the sale begins

Tomorrow Morning

AT 8 O'CLOCK IN OUR RUG DEPARTMENT

West Section, Gallery

A. G. Pollard & Co.

READ TALBOT'S ADVERTISEMENT IN TOMORROW'S PAPER

THE WEATHER

Rain or snow and warmer tonight. Indications point to rain or snow on Tuesday. Fresh easterly winds, increasing and becoming westerly Tuesday.

THE LOWELL SUN

6 O'CLOCK

ESTABLISHED 1878 | LOWELL, MASS. MONDAY MARCH 14 1904 | 8 PAGES ONE CENT

THE MERGER CASE

Supreme Court Decides in Government's Favor

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The opinion of the supreme court of the United States in the case of the Northern Securities company vs. the United States involving the merger of the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern railroad companies, was handed down and was in favor of the government.

The opinion was read by Justice Harlan. The opinion of the U. S. circuit court for the district of Minnesota was affirmed.

The effect is to sustain the contention that the Sherman anti-trust law applies to railroad combinations of the character in question.

Justice Harlan said that in the merger of the two roads the stockholders disappeared and reappeared in the securities company, the two thus becoming practically consolidated in a holding company, the principal object being to prevent competition.

No scheme or device could certainly more effectively come within the prohibition of the anti-trust law and it is within the meaning of the act of a trust.

The case has attracted more attention than any other suit before the court since the first insular cases were decided and has been regarded by bench and bar as equal in importance with those cases and with the income tax. It was argued in December last for two days and attracted general attention at that time, as it did previously when the decision was rendered by the circuit court for the district of Minnesota.

The action was brought in the circuit court under the law of Feb. 11, 1903, which was for the purpose of expediting the case and was heard by the four circuit judges of the circuit court. They united in a decision favorable to the United States and opposed to the contentions of the railroad companies.

The suit instituted by the United States against the Northern Securities company and the two railroad companies, the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern, and their leading stockholders for the purpose of dissolving the merger of the two roads which the United States claimed had been created by the organization of a holding company, the securities company. This consolidation was claimed to be in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. It was claimed on behalf of the government that this consolidation was in effect a pool created to promote the interests, not of one system at the expense of the other, but of both at the expense of the public. The railroads claimed that the transfer of the stock of the two companies to the securities company was in the nature of a sale and perfectly legitimate.

The contentions of the securities company were revealed and Justice Harlan said they had received full attention. He quoted the various opinions involving the trust question, saying that from them it is to be gathered that all contracts in restraint of trade, reasonable or unreasonable, are prohibited by the Sherman law and that congress has the power to establish such regulations as are laid down in that law. Congress has power to enact the statute.

Replying in detail to the points made for the securities company, Justice Harlan said that the contention that the law is an interference with the rights of the individual states by which the companies are incorporated was not well founded. In such cases, he said, the authority of congress is supreme. He also declared it to be unnecessary to determine the right of owners of railroad stock to sell their property nor was it true that the right of the securities company to own and hold railroad stock is the only question involved. Such contentions are wide of the mark—mere men of straw. All that the government complains of is the existence of a corporation to repress commerce and is not concerned with the other points.

Justice Harlan said that in this day there should be double complete power of congress to control interstate commerce, all appropriate means might be resorted to for that purpose. The prior trust cases were in support of that contention. Whether free and unrestrained competition was wise, he said, was an economic question with which the court need not concern itself, the question was that of statutory law.

He asserted the power of congress over interstate commerce to be as complete as the power of a state over domestic commerce. Coming to the plea of the railroads that the anti-trust law should be declared unconstitutional, he said that the court could not see its way to that end.

"If," he went on, "the securities company's contentions are sound why may not all the railroads of the United States enter into a combination and by the device of a holding corporation control rates throughout the country in defiance of congress?"

Justice Harlan also took occasion to say that there had been nothing in the securities company's certificate of incorporation to indicate its purpose to be that of destroying commerce and he therefore absolved the state of New Jersey from any charge of such knowledge in advance.

The courts had indeed consistently held to the supremacy of the national laws in case of conflict between those laws and the laws of the states. So long as congress confined itself to its prescribed functions, he said, there could be no danger. At any rate, the error, if any, was with congress to supply the remedy, and not for the courts.

Justice Harlan also discussed the predictions of financial disaster from the enforcement of the anti-trust law, but discouraged them, saying they were usually under such circumstances and need not be realized.

Justice Harlan declared that the only object of the merger was to prevent competition and he said that if no one else knew this to be the case, J. Pierpont Morgan, one of the defendants, knew that to have been the case. Extracts from Mr. Morgan's testimony were quoted in support of this statement.

The decree of the circuit court, he said, could not have been of smaller scope and it had in no way exceeded its authority. The law must not be narrowly construed, but reasonably construed. The defendants could not complain of the finding of the circuit court and Justice Harlan in conclusion announced the confirmation of the decision of that court, saying:

"The judgment of this court is that the decree below of the circuit court be, and hereby is affirmed, with liberty to the circuit court to proceed in the execution of the decree as the circumstances may require."

The decision was concurred in by Justices Brown, Brewer, McKenna and Day, while the chief justice and Justices White, Peckham and Holmes dissented.

Justice Harlan concluded at 1.18. He was followed by Justice Brewer, who, while concurring in the judgment, did not accept all of the language of the opinion.

DISSENTING OPINION.

Justice Holmes read the dissenting opinion. He construed the anti-trust law as a criminal statute and declared that there was nothing in it to indicate that it had been enacted merely for the control of large concerns, as is generally contended, indeed the law had not been understood as applying to railroads until so construed by the supreme court. The act, he contended, applies only to contracts and combinations in restraint of trade and makes no reference to competition.

Logically construed, Justice Holmes said, today's decision should be followed by the criminal prosecution of the parties at interest in this case.

Speaking of the general understanding that the Sherman law applied only to large corporations, the justice said that this impression was breathed from every pore of the statute but that its language did not bear out the conclusion. He thought this inference due to the size of railroad corporations. He took the position that there had been no attempt to monopolize in this combination of the railroads and said that there could be no more objection to the purchase of the stock of the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern roads by the securities company than if bought by Mr. Morgan himself.

Referring to the point of personal responsibility Justice Holmes said:

"I do not expect to hear it maintained that Mr. Morgan could be sent to prison for buying as many shares as he liked of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific, even if he bought both at the same time and got more than half the stock of each road."

Justice White also read a dissenting opinion, taking up especially the power of congress to control commerce. Beginning with an argument in support of dissenting opinions, he outlined the points involved in the case. He referred to its importance and called attention to the fact that only four members of the court, one less than a majority, had united in the opinion of the court. He then said that such principles as are laid down in that opinion are "destructive of government, destructive of human liberty, and destructive of every principle upon which organized society depends."

PRESIDENT HILL

SAYS NORTHERN SECURITIES PROPERTIES ARE AS GOOD AS EVER.

NEW YORK, March 14—J. J. Hill, president of the Northern Securities Co., received news of the decision at the company's offices in this city.

Mr. Hill declined to discuss the matter, except to say:

"There is nothing to be said at this time. The properties of the Northern Securities Co. are still there. They are as good as ever."

Mr. Hill intimated that he might have something to say as soon as he got some definite idea of the scope of the decision. Mr. Hill was in conference for some time after the news came out, with John S. Kennedy, who is one of the directors and largest stockholders in the Northern Securities Co. At the offices of J. P. Morgan & Co. no expression of opinion regarding the decision could be had. A member of the firm stated, however, that he was not surprised. Col. W. P. Clough, fourth vice president, director and general counsel of the Northern Securities Co., who is said to have taken an active part in the drawing up of its charter, was in Washington today.

DECREE AFFIRMED

THAT WAS RENDERED BY CIRCUIT COURT.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The decree of the circuit court which is affirmed today contained the following:

"Enjoining the securities company, its officers, etc., from acquiring or attempting to acquire any more of such stock.

"From voting any such stock at any meeting of stockholders of either railway company.

"From exercising or attempting to exercise any control, direction, supervision or influence on the acts of either railway company by virtue of its holding of stock therein.

"From allowing the securities company or its attorneys or agents to vote the stock held by it.

"From paying any dividends on such stock to the securities company.

"From permitting the securities company or its officers, etc., to exercise any control over the corporate acts of such railway companies."

The decree further provides that it shall not be construed as preventing a re-exchange between the securities company and those to whom it has issued its own shares in exchange for those of either railway company.

PASSION PLAY

Of Ober Ammergau

Illustrated by

PROF. TIMOTHY DRAKE

Over 100 Brilliant Views With Powerful Calcium Light

—AT—

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION CHURCH

LOWELL, MASS.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16, 1904

Afternoon at 2 p.m. Evening at 8 p.m.

SPECIAL MUSIC.

CHILDREN 15c. ADULTS 25c

HOUSE SALE of fancy articles at 319 Westford street, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, commencing at 7 p. m. Admittance free.

LOST—A gold neck chain with initials R. E. P. on locket, between 1190 Middlesex street and depot. Return to 1190 Middlesex street and receive reward.

FOR SALE—Horse and team, cost $300 last fall; will sell for about one-half that price, as I have no use for it now. Inquire G. M., Sun office.

COMMON COUNCIL

Will Have Little Before It Tomorrow

The common council is going to meet tomorrow evening but what it will do is a mystery at present as there is nothing of importance left over from former meetings and nothing new is filed. There is talk of Councilman Hayes introducing a joint order providing that all city laborers receive as compensation $2 per day.

A similar order introduced a few years ago was defeated as someone decided that the city council could not fix the pay of the laborers, except to recommend to the superintendent of streets that he pay them that amount, the recommendation to be informal. But there are members of this year's city council who believe that the city council has a perfect right to make such a provision and undoubtedly when Councilman Hayes puts in his order the opinion of the city solicitor will be sought on the matter.

There is absolutely no balloting to come before the lower branch and even the mayor's veto of the city store proposition will not come before them at this meeting, as it goes to the board of aldermen in which it originated first.

Should the board pass the measure over the veto it will then go to the lower branch for concurrent action, but if the board sustains the veto that will be the end of it and the lower branch will not be considered.

THE ICE GORGE

ATTEMPT MADE TO START IT.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 14.—Efforts to start the big ice gorge in the Susquehanna river above this city were made today by dynamiting the front of the mass of ice. Great blocks of ice have been dislodged, but the gorge remains intact. An effort will also be made to remove the gorge below this city by the use of dynamite.

The railroad companies have hundreds of men at work clearing the railroad tracks and cutting roadways through the heavy ice which in many places is fifteen feet thick.

PARTY OF MOROS

ATTACKED AMERICAN TROOPS NEAR COTTABATO.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Acting Adjt. Gen. Hall has received the following cablegram from Maj. Gen. Wade, dated Manila, March 13:

"Major General Leonard Wood reports an attack on a reconnoitering force east of Cottabato by a strong party of Moros made hostile by the passage of the anti-slavery law. The Moros' position was shelled and the Moros flanked and the outworks taken. They were strong and well constructed. Cannon captured 21 old Spanish, 38 lantakas, also large quantities ammunition and supplies. No casualties on our side."

DROPPED DEAD

AGED MAN HAD JUST BOUGHT RAILROAD TICKET.

ELMIRA, N. Y., March 14.—When Robert Barnard of this city bought a ticket to Paterson at the Erie depot here yesterday he intended to go there on the noon train accompanied by his daughter, Mrs. Rachel Sherman of that place. The ticket, however, was used today to send the remains of the old man to his former home. When the train pulled into the station Barnard walked out onto the platform, reeled and would have fallen to the floor if he had not been caught by a by-stander. He died before medical aid could be summoned. Death, the coroner said, was due to senility, Barnard being 89 years old.

FEW COMPOSITORS

WERE TAKEN BACK TO WORK TODAY.

BOSTON, March 14—Only a few of the 150 job compositors who have been on strike for several weeks past were reemployed today when they sought their former positions, because their places have been filled by strangers. The compositors went back to their shops today in persuance of an agreement reached by the master printers and the Typographical union.

We Want Your Opinion on

"DOWD'S HONEST TEN" CIGAR

CONFLICTING CLAIMS

Japanese Report Port Arthur Has Been Taken

Russians Deny This Story and Say No Fighting Has Occurred During Past 24 Hours — Pres. Roosevelt's Move Pleases the Russians

WEI HAI WEI, MARCH 14.—THE JAPANESE HERE REPORT THAT PORT ARTHUR HAS BEEN CAPTURED.

ONLY DEAD MEN FOUND ON BOARD

TOKIO, Monday, March 14—A supplementary report from Vice Admiral Togo concerning the effort made by the crews of the Japanese torpedo boat destroyers in the action off Port Arthur on the tenth instant to rescue the crews of the disabled Russian torpedo boat destroyers reached here today. Capt. Shogiroasai, commanding the fleet of torpedo boat destroyers states that the Japanese would have been able to rescue many more of the enemy but for the deadly fire of the shore batteries and the close approach of the Russian cruiser Novik. The report also explains that four men rescued were not part of the crew of the Sereguschtchi, as originally reported. When the Japanese rescuers reached the Sereguschtchi only the dead remained on board and it is believed the living members of the crew jumped overboard and perished. Three of the Russians rescued are engineers and the fourth is a torpedo operator. Two of the captives were slightly wounded. They were all placed aboard a Japanese battleship and were given food and medicine.

(Continued to Page Three.)

BIG SENSATION

NEW YORK, March 14—Employment of the torch and the bullet by the negro to defend his rights and to stop the lynching of blacks by white men has been openly recommended in a sermon by Rev. F. M. Jacobs, in an African M. E. church of Brooklyn.

He said the negroes of Springfield, where a black man was dragged from jail and strangled to death by a mob should carry on a war of reprisal and burn their enemies out of business. The sermon created a marked sensation.

"You should contend unto death for your rights," asserted the Rev. Mr. Jacobs. "No race has ever won anything without the shedding of blood. If wars are good for nations they are good for races. Bishop Brown of the Methodist Episcopal church says that a race war is inevitable in this country and the negro will be exterminated. This is not true, for the negro is no coward; he will fight and in a war between the races he will give as good an account of himself as he did at Fort Wagner and before Petersburg. They tell us to pray, but we have been praying and praying and now is the time for the negro to assert his manhood.

"The day is coming, the hour is approaching when this must be done for no race ever got its liberty without fighting for it.

"There must be some sacrifice of life, if need be to obtain the liberties of a people. The negro is no coward and Germany and England know it from their African experiences. Many of our lives are to be sacrificed if we are to obtain manhood in the country. I love to tell you to pray, but all prayers and no fighting will do no good."

CARDINAL GIBBONS

AN INTERESTED SPECTATOR IN THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—When the senate convened today, Mr. Hoar reported from the committee on judiciary a bill for the purpose of correcting irregularities in admissions to citizenships to the United States and it was passed.

Mr. Clark, senator from Montana, was in his seat today for the first time since the holiday recess.

Hon. Nahum J. Bachelder, governor of New Hampshire, was on the floor, the guest of senators from his state.

Cardinal Gibbons was an interested spectator in the reserved gallery during the early proceedings of the senate.

APPOINTED GENERAL MANAGER.

BOSTON, March 14.—Matthew F. Brush has been appointed general manager of the Boston and Suburban electric companies, beginning service Mar. 15. Mr. Brush, formerly of Minnesota, came to Boston from western Kansas last July to accept the position of assistant to President Claflin of the electric companies. In his new position Mr. Brush will be in charge of the operation of all the companies and of all matters pertaining to the purchase of supplies.

ST PATRICK'S DAY

Special Services in All Catholic Churches

Already the decorations in honor of St. Patrick's day are going up all over the city and all that remains to make the day a grand success is the weather.

In the Catholic churches of the city the day will be observed with special services. In St. Patrick's church which in the days of the old church used to observe the day with elaborate services, solemn high mass will be sung at 9 o'clock and the panegyric will be delivered by Rev. Edward F. Saunders of Roslindale, Mass., formerly of this city and a former altar boy at St. Patrick's. The choir will render a special musical program both at solemn high mass and at the vesper service which will be held at 7 o'clock in the evening.

At the Immaculate Conception church the masses will be at 5.30, 6.30 and solemn high mass at 9 o'clock with special music and a sermon. There will be no church services in the evening but on Wednesday afternoon and evening the Passion Play will be presented in the church, showing moving pictures representing the actors in this sacred drama as produced at Oberammergau.

Solemn high mass will be sung at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock in addition to the early morning services and in the evening there will be vespers, sermon and benediction at 7.30 o'clock.

The solemn high mass at St. Michael's church will be sung at 8 o'clock in the morning and a panegyric will be delivered.

At the Sacred Heart church solemn high mass will be sung at 8 o'clock and there will be no sermon. The panegyric on St. Patrick will be preached by Rev. Fr. Flynn, O. M. I., on the night previous when special services will be held.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.

A very delightful birthday party was held at the home of Mr. Frederick Wilmont in Elsmere on Saturday evening. A number of his friends gathered there and presented him with a beautiful signet ring. The evening was spent in games and a very nice musical program was enjoyed. There were solos by Mr. Hounsel, Frederick and Frank Wilmont and Miss Christina Campbell. A duet was given by William Farley and Frank Hessian; reading by Miss Jennie Maguire. The pianist was Mrs. Hounsel. Dancing was also enjoyed. Light refreshments were served.

VICIOUS BLIZZARD.

DETROIT, Mich., March 14.—A vicious blizzard descended on Detroit and lower Michigan during the night and the heavy snowfall drifted by the high east winds is delaying traffic considerably. Street cars in this city had as much trouble today as at any time this winter.

NOTICE

To my customers and the general public: I am now up to my orders and prepared to make prompt delivery. I am still selling the best Anthracite Coal mined, all sizes, at from $5.50 to $7.00 per ton. Thoroughly Dry Mill Kindling Wood in $1.00 and $2.00 loads.

Commencing today and until further notice, I will sell 12 bushels of thoroughly dry New Hampshire Hard Cord Wood for $1.00.

Mail and telephone orders receive prompt attention.

JOHN P. QUINN

OFFICE AND YARDS, JUNCTION OF GORHAM AND DIX STS.

Take any Gorham Street car.

CRIMINAL COURT

Spring Term Opened in Lowell Today

Judge Sherman and "Judge" Reilly on the Bench — Several Sentences Imposed This Morning—Poissant Liquor Case Tried

The unusual and striking picture of a venerable and honey-haired justice of the superior court sitting side by side on the bench with a bright looking boy startled and impressed the visitors to the court house on Gorham street this morning when the criminal session of the superior court opened its spring session.

The justice was Judge Sherman of the superior court, and the youngster was little Willie Reilly, 12 years old, son of Mr. Peter Reilly, of Wentworth avenue. It seems that Willie and the judge spent the summer up country last summer and got to be great chums. Incidentally, it is said, that Willie was captain of His Honor's base ball team. When Judge Sherman came to town he sent for Willie to visit him and accorded him the distinguished honor of a seat on the bench. Willie looked as wise as the traditional owl, but owing to his lack of height he was forced to do considerable "rubbering" in order to see everything that went on. Willie sat through a liquor case.

OPENING OF COURT.

The spring term of the Middlesex superior court, criminal session, came in at the court house at 10 o'clock this morning with Judge Sherman on the bench and Clerk Ambrose at the desk.

The session opened with prayer by Rev. C. H. Crossett of the Advent church.

District Attorney Sanderson and Assistant Attorney Bancroft represented the government and they were assisted in the prosecution by Supt. of Police Moffatt. There was a large attendance of lawyers, police and citizens.

At the opening of court business nine jurors presented petitions for excuses and of the nine only three convinced the court that they should be excused.

Then the cases of those who had pleaded guilty were taken up for sentence.

John McEvily, who forged the name of John Itley to a pay envelope and then sold it, was sent to the house of correction for four months.

Robert P. Lewis, a colored man from Cambridge, was sent to the house of correction for six months.

James J. Coyle, who had been in the care of the probation officer, pleaded guilty to a charge of breaking and entering in the night time. The court sent Coyle to the house of correction for 18 months. He broke into Sam Scott's tobacco store in Middlesex street and took cigars, tobacco and money.

Liquor seized from John H. Carter and John J. Dawson was confiscated.

Several prisoners then pleaded guilty, having pleaded not guilty when the indictments were returned.

Joseph Lasage pleaded not guilty to adultery, but Alphonsine Jacquith, who was arrested with him, changed her plea to guilty. Then Lesage changed his plea. His wife was in court and was called up to speak regarding the disposition of the case. Mrs. Lesage said that she had been married at 21 years of age, but did not care to say anything as she was not living with her husband and did not intend to. Lasage stated that he was drunk and fell asleep in the room and did not intend to stay there. He denied having violated the law.

Officer Ganley, who made the arrest, stated that they were arrested in a questionable resort and that Lasage had made other trips there.

John Fizette and Zena Michaud, arrested at the same place, also pleaded guilty and Officer Ganley gave testimony relative to the case. Fizette had a good record but not so the woman.

The court sentenced Lasage to the house of correction for six months and the Jacquith woman to the same institution for five months. Fizette and the Michaud woman each received nine months in the house of correction.

Isaiah Leblanc, aged 17 years, pleaded guilty to an indictment for breaking and entering and was taken on probation.

FIRST CASE TRIED.

At 11.15 the first trial was reached being a liquor case, the defendant in which was Hilaire E. Poissant of Lowell, who pleaded not guilty through his counsel, Nathan D. Pratt. A jury was quickly empanelled and the court appointed Joseph E. Perkins of Wakefield foreman.

Ass't Dist. Attorney Bancroft opened the case for the government, stating briefly the different forms of violation of the liquor law, this particular one being that of keeping and exposing liquor for sale.

The first witness called was Inspector George H. Brown, who testified that on the evening of February 12 he, in company with other inspectors, went to the pool room conducted by the defendant at 599 Broadway. Witness testified: "I asked the defendant if he had any liquor upon him and he threw open his coat. I took that for his approval and I reached in and found a pint bottle in the inside pocket of his coat. It was about one-third full of whiskey. I called Officer Duncan's attention to the bottle and then I said to the defendant, 'Have you any more liquor on you?' Then he opened his coat again and I found two other bottles and a whiskey glass. Then the defendant said: 'You had no right to fish me.' Officer Duncan replied: 'You have no right to sell.' Poissant replied: 'They all sell.'"

Lawyer Pratt then took the witness in hand and in response to his queries admitted that although a search was made of the premises no liquor was found except a full pint, a full half-pint, a pint partly full and a whiskey glass on the person of the defendant. Witness also stated that the defendant had on his coat and hat and that he was not behind the counter.

Officers Duncan, Corcoran and Grady gave corroborative evidence. Officer Grady adding that he found some empty bottles under the counter which smelled of liquor.

DEFENDANT'S TESTIMONY.

Hilaire E. Poissant testified: "I have been taking whiskey for over a year and a half, three or four times a day, for heart trouble, and when I am not feeling well about the heart I take it oftener. I carry it around with me so as to have it any time I may need it. On this night I received two pints of whiskey about 7 o'clock and I went behind the counter and started to turn whiskey from one bottle into another and spilled some of it. I got hurt last year, kicked by a horse and was in St. John's hospital for some time while the shock affected my heart. Since that time I have carried a half pint and a glass in my pocket with me all the time. It was while filling the whiskey from the pint into the half pint that I spilled some of the liquor. I kept no liquor for sale."

Cross-examined by Lawyer Bancroft witness said: "I have taken liquor for medicinal purposes for a year and a half. A physician in Canada directed me to take the whiskey and when I was in the hospital Dr. Meigs ordered whiskey for me. He told me to take it with water three or four times a day."

The bottles, he said, referred to by Officer Grady, were brought there by his wife and had contained tea.

Regina Poissant, wife of the defendant, testified that since her husband had left the hospital she had carried her husband's dinner and supper to him daily. She carried tea to him in a bottle. She knew that her husband took whiskey every day and knew that he carried whiskey and a glass with him.

F. X. Morin testified that on the day of the raid he was going to Salem, and Poissant asked him to bring him back a quart of whiskey. Witness brought back two pints of whiskey because they were easier to carry on the hip. He returned from Salem at 7 o'clock that night, with the bottles.

Arthur E. Rogers testified that he was in the pool room nearly every night and never saw any liquor in there. Men had come in and asked for liquor and had been turned down. John J. Coven, another frequenter of the place, testified that no liquor was sold there.

A clerk of Poissant's testified that he had never seen any liquor sold there. Another clerk who was there at the time is ill and could not be present.

The arguments were then made and were not finished at one o'clock when court took recess for dinner.

Court resumed at two o'clock and Assistant District Attorney Bancroft made his argument, after which Judge Sherman made his charge to the jury. As this was the first jury case the court made the usual remarks of instruction to the jurymen.

The jury retired at 2.30 o'clock.

The next case called was that of Edward M. Freeman, charged with incest. The defense challenged jurors John H. Willard of Lexington, Harlan L. Richardson of Boxborough, John F. Ward of Cambridge. James W. Gregg of this city was chosen foreman of the jury.

The defendant was charged with crimes against his two daughters, the date of the alleged crime being the 23d of last December. The defendant pleaded not guilty.

POISSANT NOT GUILTY.

At 3.30 this afternoon the Poissant jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

THE JURY LIST.

The list of jurors is as follows: Daniel C. Albee, Melrose; Henry W. Baldwin, Somerville; Thomas J. Barker, Somerville; James W. Bean, Cambridge; George Beck, Newton; Morris S. Blodgett, Lowell; Burt C. Boyd, Littleton; John H. Coffee, Boxborough; Albert E. Crowley, Malden; George Dunn, Belmont; Rufus H. Farnham, Somerville; Frank L. Ferguson, Winchester; Daniel H. Foster, Burlington; Arthur H. Cooch, Newton; John S. Goodell, Cambridge; James W. Gregg, Lowell; John Hamilton, Framingham; Isaac H. Henderson, Woburn; George E. Nixon, Cambridge; Martin V. B. Libby, Lowell; Patrick H. Lundrigan, Burlington; Fred C. Moore, Littleton; James F. Morrison, Lowell; Jabez P. Parker, Malden; Moses P. Panker, Wakefield; Joseph E. Perkins, Wakefield; Robert Philpot, Melrose; William G. Pierce, Lexington; Harlan L. Richardson, Boxborough; James R. Ryan, Cambridge; Henry L. Sawyer, Framingham; Albert G. Seavey, Newton; Everett R. Skinner, Waltham; William E. Stowe, Belmont; John H. Sweetsir, Woburn; George F. Walters, Waltham; John F. Ward, Cambridge; John H. Willard, Lexington.

DEATHS

GILDAY—Mrs. Catherine Gilday, a former resident of this city, died yesterday in Fall River. The remains will be brought to this city and the funeral will occur from the Sacred Heart church at 9.30 Wednesday morning. Mrs. Gilday formerly resided on Otis street in this city.

Miss Cogger of the O'Donnell & Gilbride store, is recovering from a severe attack of pneumonia.

WASN'T DRUNK

Thomas Brennan Said Lowell Police

COULD NOT ARREST ANY ONE EXCEPT OLD WOMEN

And the Officer Gave Him the Lie

BY TAKING HIM TO THE POLICE STATION

He Has Money in the Bank

The vernacular of the street was freely indulged in in police court today. Just for a few seconds a police officer thought he was on the East side and Thomas Brennan, who was charged with being drunk, allowed that he would make a little speech and set the court right as to the circumstances surrounding his arrest. Thomas said he was no orator, but he certainly did very well for a fellow that didn't lay any claim to speech-making. He was arrested from Welch's restaurant in Merrimack street, Sunday forenoon. The arresting officers said that Thomas used vile language and after they had told their story Thomas was told he might ask any questions he wanted to.

"Who was with me when you arrested me?" he asked the officer.

"There was a woman with you."

"Very true. Did you hear me use any bad language?"

"Yes I did."

"What did you hear me say?"

"You called me a — — — — —."

"Not on your handsome," said Thomas; "I am not in the habit of using such expressions. I would respectfully ask you, Mr. Officer, to tell me why you didn't arrest me in the street if I was drunk."

"Because I didn't want to," answered the officer.

"Why did you follow me into the restaurant and arrest me there?"

"Because you had gone the limit."

"The limit eh, well that's going some."

Thomas was accused of having indulged in a few drinks before coming to court, but he denied the allegation. He said if his eyes looked glassy it wasn't his fault—he couldn't help it.

"Your honor," said Thomas, "I'd like to be sworn," and forthwith Thomas was sworn.

"As I said before," continued Thomas, "I am not an orator, but I will state my case to the court and the court will draw its own conclusion.

"I didn't know that the men who arrested me were police officers. They did not have their official regalia with them.

"You see, I came down here from Jaffrey, Cheshire county, N. H., Saturday to put money in the bank. I met a lady friend and we were about to have breakfast Sunday forenoon when I was arrested.

"I'll tell you what I did say, that I suppose made the cops a bit sore. I said that the Lowell police couldn't arrest anybody except some poor old widow woman who sold a drop of liquor to keep from starving.

"When I said that the officer stepped up and says to me, 'you're a pretty fresh guy.'"

"Not any fresher than you, says I."

"You'll have a few thinks coming pretty soon," says he.

"That might be," says I.

"Go on," says he.

"I'm going," says I.

"You're rotten drunk," says he.

"Not quite," says I.

The even tenor of Thomas' "says I's and says he's," was broken by the court and his story was cut short in the twenty-second round. He said the officer followed him into the restaurant, argued with him, and finally arrested him. He declared he was not drunk.

"Find him guilty and impose a fine of $5," said Judge Hadley.

"I appeal to a higher court," said Thomas and he was ordered in $200 for the superior court. Later he withdrew his appeal and paid the fine.

Upon leaving the court room he said to a reporter, "Sure I might as well pay, the whole house was against me."

FOUR JUVENILES.

Emelis Viabecos, 14, charged with the larceny of a $5 bill and John H. Quigley, Hugh Fife and Frank White, charged with the larceny of gum from a penny-in-the-slot machine, had their cases continued to Friday, juvenile day.

FOR DRUNKENNESS.

Michael E. and Mary E. Gibbons, husband and wife, moved on to the workhouse for four months. All of their children are being cared for by the state and the arresting officer said that Michael was no earthly use to himself or anybody else and that Mary was ditto.

Ernest Brucher will get his mail at the city farm for the next three months. Eugene Lafrance, John J. McAndrews and Martin Curry were fined $5 each and Edward J. Doyle was taxed $5. Nine first offenders were fined $2 each and five others were placed on probation with suspended sentences.

ACTRESS IS DEAD.

NEW YORK, March 14—Maud E. Packard, a native of California, known upon the stage as Maud Winter, is dead at her home here from consumption. She had been identified with several well known organizations and was an actress of unusual promise.

CHURCH FIGURES.

HARTFORD, Conn., March 14—Rev. Joel B. Ives of this city, statistical secretary of the Congregational churches of Connecticut, has completed his annual compilation of figures obtained from individual churches as to the strength of the denomination in this state. The records for 1903 show a total of 329 churches a gain of three over the preceding year. The total membership of the 329 churches on January 1, was 64,313, a net gain of 631. Contributions during 1903 amounted to $337,291, and legacies $465,533. The total expenditures including $807,293 for new buildings was $1,410,140.

During the last 46 years the Congregational churches of Connecticut have given in the various charities of the church about thirteen and a half millions of dollars.

TRUNK SEWER

Not Favored in Manchester

CANNOT COMPEL NEW HAMPSHIRE CITIES

To Become Interested in the Matter

A proposition emanates from Massachusetts, says the Manchester Union, to build a trunk sewer to parallel the Merrimack river, which shall carry the sewage of all cities along the river to the sea, rather than have the river perform the function, as at present. A bill has been introduced in the Massachusetts legislature by Otto Muller, a member from Lawrence, providing for an investigation and report upon the matter.

The plan appears to have been favorably received in Lawrence and City Engineer Marble of that city has estimated the cost of twenty-six miles of sewer at $3,000,000. He believes that amount too much for Lowell, Lawrence and Haverhill to stand for, hence the necessity of an appeal to the legislature for aid. He believes further that if the building of the sewer should be undertaken, the cities in New Hampshire on the river, should be compelled to come in, but in just what manner he proposes to exercise the compulsion is not stated.

Local lawyers are of the belief that some difficulty would be experienced in making the hold-up for the auto in this state and there is also some doubt in the minds of local students of sanitary measures as to the necessity for such a power.

William K. Robbins, clerk of the Manchester board of health and a recognized authority on municipal sanitation, when asked to express his views upon the Muller proposition, said:

"A lawyer would be better qualified to pass an opinion on the right of Massachusetts to legislate for New Hampshire. For my part, I can not understand how anything done in that state can be binding upon this state. I should say that before anything is done along the lines proposed in Massachusetts, a comparative estimate of the cost of installing such a sewer, with other and approved systems be made. A purification of sewerage is done effectively in Worcester by running it through a system of tanks, whereby a scientific filtering is effected, and then it is emptied into the river.

"I have heard no authenticated reports of sickness in Lawrence from drinking river water. They have a purifying process there. It is from drinking water which has not been through a purification process that makes the sickness.

"My reading, and it is extensive, does not lead me to believe that a trunk sewer is needed. If the water is properly filtered before it empties into the river, there is not much, if any danger of contagion, and there are symptoms which answer the purpose, which would not entail such a heavy expenditure."

Mr. Muller is a member of the legislature and also of the Lawrence school board; and he is quoted as saying that his city was drinking filtered water from the Merrimack, which contained the sewage of Lowell. He said: "Lowell doesn't drink river water, or isn't expected to, but there are operatives in Lowell that will not go the length of a room to use the drinking fountain, but scoop up the river water; and it is the operatives who usually get the typhoid fever in Lowell.

"Every spring I will first read of an outbreak of fever in Manchester, then of a few cases in Lowell, and later there will be an outbreak in my city.

"I have talked with Lowell men about this proposed sewer. Naturally they are not as deeply interested in it, for they do not use water from the river."

BANK ROBBERS

Tried to Rifle National Bank Vault

SLATERVILLE, R. I., March 14.—Five bank robbers made an unsuccessful attempt to rifle the vault of the First National bank of Smithfield in this village early this morning. Their efforts were frustrated through the inner door of the vault being blown inwards and lodging in such a manner that they were unable to dislodge it with 10 explosions. The robbers worked from half-past one o'clock for two hours and during that time, while many claim to have heard the explosions, practically nobody took the pains to investigate the matter. The robbers finally left in the direction of Woonsocket. There is no clue to their identity.

Discovery that burglars were endeavoring to rob the bank was made at about 4.30 o'clock, when Louis Bruno who lives over the bank, was awakened by an explosion. Peering out of the windows, he saw four men in the vicinity, and after a second explosion, a fifth man was seen to run from the office door. Ten more charges were exploded, but finally the robbers disappeared unsuccessful. At about 5.30 o'clock, Bruno notified Cashier Chas. F. Seagravos of what had occurred.

The bank office was completely wrecked. The outer vault door lay in the bank office, but the inner door was blown into the safe whence ten explosions were insufficient to dislodge it. The bank has been the object of attention from bank robbers before, although but little has been taken at any time.

On account of the bungling nature of the work, today, it is not thought that expert cracksmen were implicated. Bruno can give no description of any of the men.

The Itch Fiend

That is Salt Rheum or Eczema,—one of the outward manifestations of scrofula.

It comes in itching, burning, oozing, drying, and scaling patches, on the face, head, hands, legs or body.

It cannot be cured by outward applications,—the blood must be rid of the impurity to which it is due.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has cured the most persistent and difficult cases. Accept no substitute for Hood's; no substitute acts like it.

HIS ARM BROKEN

William Draper Met With Serious Injury

William Draper, residing at 728 Lawrence street, and employed as boss painter at the power house of the Boston & Northern railroad in this city, met with a painful accident while at work this morning.

He was at work on a car in the sheds and when alighting from the car missed his footing and fell into what is known as a well. The well is an excavation into which men descend when they have to make repairs underneath the car.

The ambulance was summoned and he was removed to St. John's hospital where it was found that his left arm was broken and he had sustained severe bruises about the body.

KING EDWARD

HELD SECOND LEVEE IN THRONE ROOM.

LONDON, March 14—King Edward held the second levee of the season in the throne room of St. James palace at noon today. Large crowds lined the route along which his majesty drove in state from Buckingham palace. The diplomatic corps was strongly represented, including Ambassador Choate and other members of the United States embassy. The attendance of cabinet ministers, naval and military officers, peers and members of the house of commons was also larger than usual. The Americans presented by Mr. Choate, were Louis C. Hay of New York, Walter Neef of Chicago and Herman Kinnicutt of New York.

FUNERALS

HOWARD—The funeral services of Frank Howard were held Saturday afternoon at the rooms of Undertaker Weinbeck, Rev. R. A. Greene officiating. Burial was in the Lowell cemetery.

ALLEN—The funeral of Mrs. Catherine E. L. Allen was held yesterday afternoon at the rooms of Undertaker C. M. Young in Prescott street. Rev. Ransom A. Greene was the officiating clergyman. Relatives were bearers. The burial was in the Edson cemetery.

MASSICOTTE—The funeral of Mrs. Adelard Massicotte took place Saturday, the funeral services being held at St. Jean Baptiste's church. Rev. Fr. Audibert, O. M. I., officiated, assisted by Rev. Frs. Lamothe and Campeau, O. M. I. as deacons.

The bearers were Joseph Lebrun, Arthur Genest, Amedee Belanger, Louis Carignan, Elzear Turcotte and Wilbrod Mongrain.

The body was entombed at St. Joseph's cemetery. Undertaker Amedee Archambault had charge.

McEACHERN—The funeral of Jeannette McEachern took place Saturday afternoon from her late home, 19 Farmland road. Interment was in the Edson cemetery. Undertaker Currier in charge.

HANCHETT—The funeral of Mary Hanchett took place yesterday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock from her late home, 89 Dover street. Burial was in the Lowell cemetery, under the direction of Undertaker Currier.

BURBANK—The funeral of Mrs. Eliza J. Burbank took place yesterday afternoon from 1420 Bridge street. Prayers were read by Rev. F. J. Kelley, pastor of the Central Congregational church, Dracut. Burial was in the Edson cemetery, under the direction of Undertaker Currier.

MALONEY—The funeral of Mrs. Nellie M. Maloney was held yesterday afternoon, from her residence, 31 Franklin court, off Franklin street, and was attended by a large gathering of friends and relatives. Among those present from out of town were: Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Quinn of Lynn, Mass.; Miss Mary Carpenter, Miss Helen Dowd of Woburn, Mass.; Miss Annie York of Lynn, Mass.; and the Misses Susan and Julia Brown of Boston. The bearers were Michael Connolly, Lawrence Quinn, Michael Monahan, Patrick Brown, Thomas Brown and Martin Pendergast. Burial was in the family lot in the Catholic cemetery, in charge of Undertaker O'Donnell & Sons.

QUINN—The funeral of Annie Quinn took place yesterday from the residence of her aunt, Mrs. Dunlavey, 72 Davidson street, and was largely attended by relatives and friends. The cortege proceeded to the Immaculate Conception church, where the burial services were read by Rev. Fr. O'Neil, O. M. I., of the Tewksbury novitiate. The bearers were Messrs. Charles Hogan, John J. Carrigg, Martin McDonald, John Hogan, Dennis J. Murphy and Jeremiah Crowley. Burial was in the family lot in the Catholic cemetery, in charge of Undertaker Jas. W. McKenna.

The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful, among the most prominent being a pillow inscribed "Annie," from Patrick and John Quinn, brother of the deceased; spray of pinks, Mrs. Julia Quinn; spray of callas, Mr. and Mrs. John Hogan; basket of flowers, from the stage hands of the Opera House; spray, Mr. and Mrs. Laskey; spray of pinks, Miss Marguerite Dunlavey.

Y. M. C. A. STAR COURSE.

The Redpath Grand Concert company of New York will give the closing concert in Y. M. C. A. Star course at First Congregational church tomorrow evening at 8. Every member of the company is an artist of recognized ability, as the following press comments show:

Carl Duft as Laertes sang with exquisite imagination and fervor, and will probably know no greater triumph than he experienced in his "Drinking Song."—Brooklyn Citizen.

Anna Rio sang magnificently and made a great success. She sang the solos in the cantata and "Liberty," and aroused great admiration by her intensity of expression and dramatic fire. Her solo number, "Les Filles de Cadix," was also encored.—Newark Sunday Call.

Miss Bessie Bonsall's operatic selections were rendered with a perfection and brilliance that bids fair to establish her in the foremost rank of modern vocalists.—The New York Press.

Ben Jackson, the tenor, was heard for the first time, and praise for him was unanimous. His superb voice seems utterly devoid of the piercing, wiry quality which is extremely disagreeable in many tenor voices, and the feeling, the finish and refinement which permeated his work showed immense possibilities for this young singer.—Musical Courier.

Miss Maud Paradis, formerly of Lowell, is pianist of this company.

IRELAND'S CAUSE

Pleaded by Conor O'Kelly and Other Speakers

CONOR O'KELLY, M. P.

In a Big Meeting at Huntington Hall Last Night—Home Rule for Ireland Now the Goal—Land Question Settled

The home rule demonstration, held at Huntington hall, last evening, under the auspices of the United Irish League, was one of the most successful meetings of the kind held here since the Davitt-Dillon reception in the same hall. The people flocked to see and hear the Irish delegate, Conor O'Kelly, M. P., and the audience filled the large hall in every part. The program, both musically and oratorically, was rarely excelled in this city, and it stirred the enthusiasm of the audience to a high pitch. Miss McLaughlin's singing of Irish airs in the Gaelic tongue proved a taking feature and the audience recalled her again and again. Mr. O'Kelly proved to be a calm, logical and convincing speaker, just the kind to convince the skeptical that the Irish movement is now nearing the goal of legislative independence.

On the platform were seated: Conor O'Kelly, M. P., Rev. William O'Brien, P. R.; Rev. Fr. Ronan, Rev. James A. Walsh, Rev. Fr. Flynn, O. M. I.; John O'Callaghan, national secretary United Irish League; Charles F. Malley, Esq., of Boston; Martin Crehan of Boston; Dr. M. F. Sullivan and Bernard J. Donigan of Lawrence; John Nolan, Edward Cawley, Daniel J. Donahue, Esq., Richard Lyons, M. A. Lee, Thomas M. Reedy, Michael Connolly, Edmund Costello and many representatives of local Irish societies.

The meeting was opened by Vice President Richard Lyons in a neat and appropriate speech, introducing Rev. James A. Walsh as chairman of the evening. The reverend gentleman made a pithy speech, pointing out the burdens which the recent reforms will lift from the shoulders of Irishmen and women in this country who in years past have been sending home from their earnings money to help their parents or other relatives pay the rent of the farms on which they were born. Is it not better, he asked, to expend a little money in wiping out the landlord system and rooting the people in the soil than to help support an iniquitous system by sending money across the ocean to pay exorbitant rents. Keep up the progress in the movement and soon it will not be necessary for the youth of Ireland to go into exile in order to find the opportunity of earning a livelihood. The people will remain at home and build up a happy and prosperous nation—if they only secure the one and only remaining measure needed—home rule.

Miss Mabel M. Lee was then introduced and sang sweetly "Sweet Little Isle of the Sea," and was vigorously encored.

Daniel J. Donahue, at this point sang "The Wearing of the Green," in a manner that stirred the audience.

MR. O'CALLAGHAN'S ADDRESS.

John O'Callaghan, national secretary of the United Irish League, got a rousing reception. In opening Mr. O'Callaghan congratulated the league upon the splendid meeting and the fact that as in Ireland today and in the past there is a perfect union of priests and people.

It is just a year ago, he said, since it was my privilege to address a Lowell audience in this city, in company with Mr. Joseph Devlin, M. P., for North Kilkenny. Your honored guest of tonight, Mr. Conor O'Kelly, the trusted representative of North Mayo, was then undergoing a sentence of imprisonment in Castlebar jail, because he had faithfully represented the voice of his constituents, and opposed Dublin castle rule in Connaught. Coercion was at that time rampant, landlordism was riding roughshod over the people, the people's representatives were in prison, and what we were told was the strongest government numerically of a century was in power in England.

Lord Salisbury too had told us only a year or two before that Ireland should never get home rule, because if she had had home rule during the Boer war she would have given armed assistance to the gallant burghers of the South African republics.

What is the position today, after the short space of one year? Coercion has been thrown aside as a useless and discarded weapon, the back bone of landlordism has been broken in the passage of the land act of last year; and the question now is, not on the going of landlordism, but that it go at once. English credit to the extent of some $600,000,000 has been pledged for the purpose of driving from the ownership of the soil of Ireland that alien garrison who so long have held it for England, and for placing back upon the fertile plains of Ireland the descendants of the people who have been plundered and robbed for generations by the Cromwellians and Sassenachs who have ruled the roost there for three centuries.

The Irish party, united, disciplined, magnificently led, and loyal as a band of brothers to the old cause of Ireland are dealing smashing blows to the government that was supposed to be invincible, and it is conceded by all authorities that it is only a question of weeks, if not days, until the Irish representatives bring the Tory government tumbling down like a house of cards around the heads of British statesmen.

(Continued to Page Five.)

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CAR BARN BURNED.

CHICAGO, March 14.—The car barn of the Chicago Union Traction Co., at Blue Island avenue and Leavitt street, was destroyed by fire today. About 600 summer cars, stored in the building, were burned. The loss is estimated at $150,000. Crossed electric wires caused the blaze.

FINAL MEETING

All Ready for Saint Patrick's Day

The final meeting of the St. Patrick's day convention was held in A. O. H. hall yesterday afternoon and the attendance was so large that the hall could not afford seating capacity for those who wanted to take part in the proceedings. Michael Markham presided and on the platform with him were delegates from the A. O. H. divisions of Lawrence, Haverhill and Nashua.

These men reported that they would come to Lowell with full ranks and that the showing that the out of town divisions will make will be a surprise to the people here. The reports from these delegates were loudly cheered. It was stated that the local Hibernians will turn out about twelve hundred men.

Chief Marshal O'Connell was present and when called on for remarks received a great greeting. He said that the prospects are that the demonstration next Thursday will be the best the city has ever held. He felt satisfied, he said, that the enthusiasm shown at this time has never been equalled here. He also was pleased to see that outside the ranks of the A. O. H. there was a feeling that all should join in making the day one of the greatest ever celebrated in Lowell. He reported that all arrangements have been completed for the parade.

He expressed his thanks to the men from other cities who are working so hard for the success of the parade in this city and said that he hoped the local men will not forget the efforts of their brethren in Haverhill, Lawrence and Nashua and when the time comes that the people of the latter cities may call on Lowell for help he felt certain that the response will be ready and willing.

Thos. H. Boyle addressed the meeting and reported the work he has done for the cavalcade, which will be a feature of the parade. He said that he has invited Irishmen and the sons of Irishmen to take part in his division regardless of their affiliation with any society and he knew that this arrangement will meet the approbation of the convention. He expressed his pride in being honored with the marshalship of the cavalcade and said that his only hope now is that the day will be a fine one and the turnout worthy of the Irish population of the city of Lowell.

Thomas J. Lynch and John P. Mahoney also spoke and their remarks were cheered by the meeting.

Later the different marshals met and prepared their list of aids. The work of decorating different places in the city has begun and one of the best decorated buildings in the city will be the A. O. H. hall in Prescott street.

DEATHS

MARTIN—Mrs. Herminie Martin, wife of Joseph Martin, died yesterday at her residence, 9 Gates street, aged 34 years. Besides her husband she leaves five children, the eldest of whom is 11 years of age.

DOUCETTE — Miss Mary Doucette, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clovis Doucette of 2 South Whipple street, died yesterday at her parents' residence, aged 14 years. Besides her parents deceased leaves three brothers and two sisters to mourn her loss. She had been ill for two months, and before her illness had been a pupil of the Sacred Heart school.

CLARK—Mrs. Mary Clark, aged 83 years, died at the City hospital Saturday. Deceased leaves a son, William H. and one sister, Mrs. Catherine Mahoney of Bangor, Me.

YOUNG—Henry J. Young, father-in-law of Mrs. Louise Young of this city, died at his home in Goffstown, N. H., Friday, aged 60 years.

ADAM—Arthur Adam, aged 2 years, 10 months and 5 days, died Sunday at the home of his parents, Samuel and Domina, 98 Tucker street.

LEMIRE—Henry Lemire, aged 4 years, 11 months and 11 days, son of Alfred and Malvina, died yesterday at the home of his parents, 4 School street, Dracut.

HOLLAND—Mrs. Margaret Holland, an old and highly respected resident of North Chelmsford passed away at her home, Holland avenue, in that town last night. The deceased was the widow of the late Michael Holland. She leaves to mourn her loss four children, Annie, Kittie and Stephen of North Chelmsford and John of Boston.

CONSTANTINO—Miss Lizzie Y. Constantino, daughter of Mrs. Mary and the late Nelson Constantino, died yesterday afternoon in Boston, aged 22 years. Miss Constantino was a well-known young lady of North Chelmsford, where she lived the greater part of her life. Recently she received employment in Boston and while at work there contracted typhoid fever, which resulted fatally. Besides a mother, she is survived by five sisters, Mrs. George Rafferty, Mrs. John T. Crowley, Mrs. Frederick Gaudette and the Misses Louisa and Florence Constantino; also three brothers, Perley, Nelson and Felix. The body was brought to this city by Undertakers O'Donnell & Sons, and taken to her home in Depot street, North Chelmsford.

The funeral will take place Tuesday morning at 8.30 o'clock from her home in Depot street, North Chelmsford, and a high mass of requiem will be celebrated at St. John's church at nine o'clock.

SERIOUS CHARGE

Against a Middlesex Street Tailor

Inspectors Walsh and Maher arrested Louis Schwartze, Saturday afternoon, on a warrant charging him with attempted felonious assault. The complainant was Mrs. Marie Notman. The inspectors took Schwartz from his tailor shop at 201 Middlesex street. Mrs. Notman alleges that Schwartze made improper advances to her last Thursday evening. She was in the employ of Schwartze at the time. He was taken to the police station where bail was fixed at $1000. Schwartze did not have any difficulty in securing bail. Messrs. Cohen and Paraski went surety for him.

In police court today Schwartze pleaded not guilty to the complaint against him and said he was ready for trial. The government was not ready, however, and the case was continued to Saturday, the amount of bail, $1000, remaining the same.

FOUND IN BARN

Body of Marcisse Genoin Recovered

MILFORD, Mass., March 14—The body of Narcisse Genoin, aged 35, a wood chopper, was brought to Milford at 1.30 yesterday morning from South Mendon, where Genoin was found dead in a disused barn on the old swamp road late Saturday on the old Pettiah Thayer farm, about a mile from the nearest house, with his throat cut.

Indications pointed to suicide, and there was found a razor just outside the barn. There was nothing about the clothing to indicate who he was, and at first the authorities of Mendon could not identify him.

Some boys connected with a colony of wood choppers who were passing on the road by mere chance entered the barn and saw the body. They notified their relatives, who in turn notified the selectmen. Medical Examiner William J. Clarke late last night viewed the body and ordered it brought to an undertaker.

In view of Dr. Clarke's uncertainty whether death was due to suicide or caused by foul play, Deputy Sheriff Henry C. Snell of Milford, was given charge of the case by the Mendon selectmen. Policeman Snell and Selectman George M. Taft of Mendon yesterday learned the man's name and that he had been employed at Linwood several weeks ago by Joseph Glentes, a wood chopper's boss, to cut wood for him. This was about five weeks ago.

The barn in which Genoin was found and the house nearby have not been used for years and are in decay. Policeman Snell learned that the dead man came from Three Rivers, Que., and had worked at wood chopping last fall and into January for parties in Uxbridge, Whitinsville, Mendon and that his nearest acquaintance was a Mr. Courtier of Woonsocket.

Two deep depressions two or more inches long were found in Genoin's skull, one on each side of the head. This, with the fact that when the body was found it was 20 feet away from the pools of blood resulting from the razor slashes, has led to suspicions of foul play.

Genoin had nothing on his person and only the razor and an empty bottle which had held liquor, were found. The district attorney and Judge Dewey of the district court will be conferred with relative to an autopsy.

CATHOLIC FEDERATION

QUARTERLY CONVENTION HELD IN SOMERVILLE.

The quarterly convention of the Middlesex branch of the Federation of Catholic societies was held in St. Joseph's hall, Somerville, yesterday. Delegates were present from most of the cities and towns of the county, including Somerville, Woburn, South Framingham, Lowell, Malden, Watertown, Belmont and Waltham. Each city or town was represented by four or five sets of delegates.

President John F. Burke was in the chair. The resignation of Mr. Purley of Cambridge was accepted and J. H. Reidy of Malden was elected to fill the position for the remainder of the term.

Remarks explaining the idea of the federation were made by ex-President John Sheehan of the Suffolk county branch, James O'Sullivan and Rev. James A. Walsh of this city and Peter Mullin of Cambridge also spoke.

A feature of the convention was the attendance of about 50 lady delegates who are interested in the movement of federation and two of their members were elected vice presidents in the persons of Mrs. Mary Logue of Woburn and Miss Mary Manning of Waltham.

The place and time of the next convention was left to be determined by the board of officers.

The officers of the Middlesex County Federation are as follows: President, John F. Burke of Somerville; chaplain, Rev. James Welsh of Lowell; secretary, John H. Reidy of Malden; first vice president, John H. Murphy of Lowell; second vice president, Mrs. Mary Logue of Woburn; third vice president, Miss Mary Manning of Waltham.

Eight societies joined, making a total society membership of 43, which is equivalent to about 12,000 members in Middlesex county.

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Millinery Opening

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wishes to announce that the Spring Millinery Display will take place March 17th, 18th and 19th and all the ladies are cordially invited to attend.

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PERILOUS TRIP

BRITISH BARK RAN INTO TERRIFIC GALES.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 14—The British four-masted bark Falls of Halladale has just arrived, 235 days out from Liverpool. After leaving that port July 25 last everything went well until the vicinity of Cape Horn was reached Sept. 26—There a succession of terrific southwest and westerly gales were encountered, which rendered it impossible to work the ship around the cape and into the Pacific. One of the gales attained a hurricane velocity Oct. 9 and 10, in the course of which 19 sails were blown away. After attempting to make the Falklands Capt. Thompson finally decided after the vessel had been badly damaged and considerable water had worked its way into the hold, to square away for the eastern passage around the Cape of Good Hope. On Jan. 1 Foveaux island, off the south of New Zealand, was reported and that place was made for provisions and water, the supply of which was running short. At Foveaux eight men of the crew, tired out with battling with the elements, refused duty, but with exception of the ringleader they turned to after the captain and his mates were forced to adopt forcible measures with them. The ringleader was ironed and confined for 38 days.

The vessel after leaving Foveaux made the run across the Pacific without any unusual event in the way of mishaps or in point of time. The trouble with the men quieted down and all hands were on duty when the anchor was dropped here.

The condition of the cargo is not yet known, but it is feared that some damage may have resulted from water during the wild weather experienced in the unsuccessful attempt to beat to the westward off the Horn.

STEAMER OVERDUE

CAPTAINS OF VESSELS ASKED TO WATCH FOR HER.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 14—Captains of the vessels crossing from Newfoundland to Halifax and those sailing to Cape Breton ports have been requested to keep a close watch for some trace of the St. Pierre steamer Pro Patria, now 12 days overdue at this port.

If the vessel is imprisoned in the ice north of Cape Breton, mariners believe that there is little danger of the sixty persons on board starving for some time. Although the Pro Patria seldom is provisioned for more than a week, she usually carries large quantities of fish in her cargo, and occasionally stocks of French wines and brandies. The greatest need, it is thought, would be fuel. The steamer has been in difficulty on several occasions and her agents here have not given up hope that she is afloat.

Inquiries are being made all along the Cape Breton coast, but so far without result, and a steamer will set out in a day or two to search for the missing craft.

St. Pierre is about 350 miles from Halifax and 150 miles from the nearest point on the Cape Breton coast.

The Pro Patria, which flies the French flag, is a steel schooner rigged screw boat, of 360 tons net and 795 gross. She is 185 feet in length, 27 feet wide and 19 feet deep. She was built at Kinghorn, Scotland, in 1893 for Theodore Clément, T. Cecconi & Co. Her home port is St. Pierre. Formerly the Pro Patria was on the Boston-Halifax-St.Pierre route, but of late had been running between the last two named ports.

PUT TO DEATH

TOBIN PAYS THE DEATH PENALTY TODAY.

OSSINING, N. Y., March 14—Thomas Tobin was put to death today in the electric chair in Sing Sing prison for the murder of Capt. James B. Craft in New York city.

He walked to the chair uttering a prayer that his mother had taught him. Three shocks were given before he was pronounced dead.

Tobin, an ex-convict, was employed in a Tenderloin saloon in September, 1902, when Capt. Craft, a wealthy Long Islander visited the place. The captain displayed some money and a drug was put into his liquor. He became unconscious and was robbed. The victim failing to recover consciousness, Tobin dragged him to the furnace room, cut off his head with a cleaver and threw it into the fire.

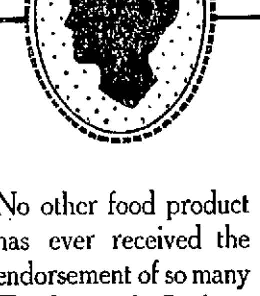
After his conviction Tobin exhibited signs of violent ins[illegible] and was examined twice by ex[illegible], the second of which repo[illegible] he was shamming.

OFFICER SUSPENDED.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 14—The national board of directors of the Travelers' Protective association, has suspended from office Louis T. Labeaume, who for 14 years has occupied the position of secretary-treasurer. J. W. McDonald, chairman of the national board, states that this action was taken pending an investigation into Mr. Labeaume's books. Mr. Labeoume is at present confined to his bed by illness.

SURPRISE PARTY.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Owen O'Neil of 413 Worthen street was the scene of much merriment Friday evening. The occasion was a surprise party on the fifteenth birthday of their son George. The presentation speech was made by Charles Rogers. The present was a beautiful gold chain and charm and numerous other gifts.



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RUSSIAN-JAPANESE WAR

(Continued.)

ROOSEVELT'S MOVE PLEASES RUSSIA

ST. PETERSBURG, March 14—President Roosevelt's recent proclamation regarding the observance of neutrality has produced a great impression here. The newspapers today print prominently articles commending the substance and spirit of the proclamation in the highest terms.

The official Gazette accepts it unreservedly as a complete answer to the charges that the American government is hostile to Russia and declares that hereafter despite any seemingly untoward incident which may arise it will be considered settled once for all that "the American government has taken a friendly attitude towards our aims and policies in the far east," adding:

"This undoubtedly marks a change in American sentiment, the people there realizing the danger of supporting Japan."

The Novisti hails the auspicious initiative of President Roosevelt in the interest of universal peace and good relationship between Russia and the United States, saying:

"He wields practically unlimited authority with respect to the foreign policy of the country, Secy. Hay submitting to the will of the president."

The Russian welcomes the proclamation as convincing evidence of a more friendly feeling on the part of Americans for Russia.

The Bourse Gazette remarks: "Theodore Roosevelt was the first ruler to respond to the warning cry issued many years ago by Emperor William against yellow peril."

The St. Petersburg Zeitung asserts that the proclamation leaves no further doubt that the United States has a firm intention to observe strict neutrality and adds: "It bears the stamp of strong and most distinguished personality."

The paper also makes a display of a denial of theNewchwang report that the United States intends to support the protest of the commander of the United States gunboat Helena against the plan of the Russian authorities to sink junks at the entrance of the Liao river evidently considering that this puts an end to the statement which caused a flurry here yesterday and further comment is unnecessary. The Alexander committee announces that in addition to the regular army pensions a supplementary pension of $25 a year will be given to the widows and orphans of the non-commissioned officers and $24 to those of soldiers and sailors killed in the face of the enemy.

TOGO'S ATTACK MOST EFFECTIVE

TOKIO, March 14.—Official and private reports both indicate that Vice Admiral Togo's fourth attack on Port Arthur on the 10th instant was the most effective since the first assault a month ago. One Russian torpedo boat destroyer was sunk and several Russian torpedo boat destroyers seriously damaged. The fortifications and city were subjected to a heavy bombardment lasting nearly four hours. Naval bombardments of land works have generally been ineffective, yet the peculiar topographical conditions of Port Arthur make immunity from serious loss from bombardment almost impossible. Vice Admiral Togo's torpedo flotilla opened the action by boldly steaming in under the batteries and successfully placing a number of mechanical mines at the mouth of the harbor. Following that there was a desperate bow to bow encounter between the torpedo boat destroyers, in which the Japanese appear to have scored a clear victory. Then followed a long range duel between the cruisers, ending in the retirement of the Novik and Bayan, the only Russians engaged.

The closing action was the bombardment of the inner harbor by the Japanese battleships. The latter took a position southwest of Port Arthur and used only the 12-inch guns. There were twenty-four 12-inch guns in the squadron of six battleships and each gun was fired five rounds, making a total of 120 huge projectiles that were fired at the city. The bombardment was deliberate and carefully planned, in order to aid in perfecting the firing, Vice Admiral Togo stationed the cruisers in a position due east of the entrance to the harbor and at a right angle to the battleships. The cruisers observed the range and effect of the firing and reported the results and suggestions by wireless telegraphy. These observations and reports greatly aided the gunners in their efforts to make every shot count.

Vice Admiral Togo was unable to definitely learn the results of the bombardment but later private reports indicate that much destruction was caused in the city where a series of fires broke out. There also was damage to batteries.

Captain Spokoro Asar, commanding the flotilla of torpedo boat destroyers which engaged the Russian destroyers, is the hero of the attack. He had only three destroyers but attacked the six Russian destroyers, ordering his craft to close in with the enemy. He steamed so close to the enemy's destroyers that they almost touched and a most desperate conflict ensued from which the Russians retired badly disabled.

Engineer Minamisawa of the destroyer Kasumi received a small wound. The engineer participated in the first torpedo attack on Port Arthur as well as in the attempt to bottle up the harbor by sinking commercial steamers. He was commended both times for gallantry.

The Japanese flotilla which sunk the mines at the mouth of the harbor later engaged two Russian destroyers. This flotilla was commanded by Commander Tsuchiya.

Vice Admiral Togo's object in sending cruisers to Talien Wan bay was to encompass the destruction of a signal station mine depot at Samshantao. This object was achieved and the buildings were demolished.

Rear Admirals Dewa and Uriu participated in the operations under Vice Admiral Togo, the details of whose operations became known in Japan only today and the news created intense enthusiasm.

Vice Admiral Togo's report came last night but it was withheld until shown to the emperor.

The admiral is permanently numbered among the heroes of the empire.

The latest reports place the Japanese loss at 9 killed, five seriously wounded and 17 slightly hurt. The Japanese fleet was not damaged in the fighting.

JAPANESE REACH FENG HUAN CHENG

LONDON, March 14—The Daily Telegraph publishes a dispatch from a correspondent at Yin Kow who declares that the presence of Japanese at Feng Huan Cheng, a Manchurian town about 45 miles northwest of Wiju, has been confirmed.

The Yin Kow correspondent of the Daily Mail reports that serious disputes occur daily between the Russian naval and military officers at Port Arthur, the latter reproaching the former with incompetency and cowardice. The correspondent describes the floating of the battleship Retvizan and says the dock at Port Arthur is too small to repair her. Gen. Stoessel (in command of Port Arthur) has been ordered to the Yalu, the correspondent concludes, and he will be replaced by Gen. Smirnoff.

The Tien Tsin correspondent of the Daily Chronicle reports that 10,000 Japanese are nearing New Chwang.

The Times publishes a dispatch from Seoul dated March 11 in which the correspondent confirms previous reports that it is the intention of Japan to wait until the ice breaks up before making disembarkations, in order to avoid difficulties on the roads. Transports are still arriving to make good the deficiencies on the Seoul-Chemulpo line, which has been denuded of troops, but some time is likely to elapse before any great achievement is attempted.

A correspondent of the Times at Tokio says the latest news received there shows that the Korean coast between Gen San and Songchin is entirely free from Russian troops.

CHILD REFUGEES ENDURE SUFFERING

ST. PETERSBURG, March 14.—3.46 p.m.—A Russian correspondent proceeding to the front, writes to the St. Petersburg Telegraph bureau from Irkutsk, Sigeria, as follows:

"Our express train travels slower than the slowest train in European Russia. The seat of war is still remote but its presence is felt. The long rows of cars filled with soldiers, the caravans and the primitive sleighs, drawn by shaggy horses which we pass along the way at the crowded stations break the monotony of the snowbound wastes and endless forests and the stillness is broken by the songs of the jolly reservists and the bells of the village churches sounding clear through the frosty air. This bustle and activity amidst the Siberian desolation strongly illustrates the Russian giant stretching his limbs preparatory to punishing the foe. General Ronnenkampf, who is to lead the Cassack division, is traveling on the same train. He tells me that all these reservists will become splendid hardened soldiers a fortnight after reaching the front.

At Irkutsk we met the first victims—women and children trying to get back into European Russia. On our entrance into the semi-darkness of the station we were greeted by the wailing children issuing from the dirt heaps and baggage encumbering the floor. Their waxen faces and bloodshot eyes would melt a heart of stone. The wild, panic-stricken flight of their mothers from Manchuria after the startling outbreak of the war led to great sufferings. They reached this place after untold hardships only to find that they will have to wait weeks more till there are train accommodations to enable them to proceed further. So the children have been pining, sleepless and motionless in this fetid atmosphere because outside reigns deathly frost."

REPORT DENIED BY THE RUSSIANS

ST. PETERSBURG, March 14.—Noon—There is no truth in the rumor that the Russians have abandoned Port Arthur. Admiral Abaza, secretary of the commission on far eastern affairs, authorizes the Associated Press to deny the story. He says the situation at Port Arthur is unchanged and that nothing of importance has occurred there in the last 24 hours.

RUMOR OF EVACUATION OF PORT ARTHUR

LONDON, March 14—The rumor of the evacuation of Port Arthur is reported this morning from different points, but it is absolutely without confirmation.

According to the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, vague rumors are current there that later telegrams describe the bombardment of Port Arthur as much more serious than has been admitted officially.

Special despatches from Tokio and Yin Kow also give reports of heavy Russian casualties at Port Arthur, amounting to forty men killed and one hundred wounded, but they are so conflicting in details that it is not wise to give them much credit.

In a despatch from Tokio dated Mar. 13, a correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says that in the latest attack on Port Arthur two Russian torpedo boat destroyers were sunk and great damage was done to the docks, forts and arsenals, including the explosion of a powder magazine. Dalny is reported to have been almost entirely destroyed; several guns there were dismantled, and the crews of four torpedo boats in the inside harbor are said to have deserted.

CHINESE IMMIGRATION STRONGLY OPPOSED

TIEN TSIN, March 14.—The reported occupation of Port Arthur is untrue, according to a telegram received here at 11 o'clock, which left Port Arthur at 7 o'clock Sunday evening. Upon inquiry the riot at Shansi turns out to have been unimportant.

The government is strongly opposed to the proposed emigration of Chinese to the Transvaal.

BILLERICA

The exhibition of flowering bulbs cared for by the school children in competition for prizes offered by the Billerica Improvement association was held Friday afternoon at the Pollard school and the collection was judged by the committee and prizes awarded Saturday morning, March 12. The prize winners are as follows:

Grade 1—First prize, Marie Verner, tulips.

Grade 2—First prize, Wm. J. Lyons, tulips and hyacinths.

Second prize—Alice Verner, box of bulbs.

Grade 3—First prize, Fred H. Casey, daffodils and hyacinths. Second prize, Florence Skelton, collection of bulbs.

Grade 4—First prize, Ruth Dimock, hyacinths. Second prize, Francis R. Lyons, tulips and hyacinths.

Grade 6—First prize, Ralph Messer, six pots bulbs.

Grade 8—First prize, Ruth Wild, two pots hyacinths. Second prize, Elsie A. Casey, two pots hyacinths.

Richardson school, grade 4—First prize, Hattie F. McDonald.

LIQUOR CASES

COMPLAINTS WILL BE READY IN A FEW DAYS.

The work of making out the complaints against the liquor men is going steadily on. As heretofore stated in The Sun all of the evidence has been submitted to Supt. Moffatt who, with the assistance of Deputy Supt. Welch, will prosecute the cases.

Trial of the cases will start in a few days.

INAUGURATION DAY.

PORTLAND, Me., March 14—Inaugurations of the municipal officers elected in Maine cities last Monday occurred today except at Bath where the exercises will be held March 21st.

GRAND DUKE

WILL SAIL FOR BREMEN THIS AFTERNOON.

NEW YORK, March 14.—Friederich August, grand duke of Oldenburg, whose unceremonious departure from European shores is said to have raised much excitement among the inhabitants of the grand duchy, has returned to this city, having accomplished the object of his journey across the Atlantic which was to gaze upon the beauties of Niagara, described to him by Prince Henry of Prussia.

Rumors that he went from Niagara to Washington before coming back to New York cannot be confirmed. The grand duke this evening will go on board the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II. which sails for Bremen at five o'clock Tuesday morning, making his stay in the United States less than a week.

CITY ELECTIONS

HELD IN FIVE MAINE CITIES TODAY.

PORTLAND, Me., March 14.—Municipal elections were held today in five Maine cities, Belfast, Biddeford, Brewer, Bangor and Augusta. In Biddeford, where the election was most vigorously contested, there were four tickets, but only two candidates for mayor. They were former Mayor Nathan B. Walker, representing the citizens and republicans, and Cornelius Horigan, standard bearer of the independents and democrats who sought to regain their control of the city lost to the former combination eight years ago. Augusta democrats for the first time in three years supported a mayoralty candidate. Col. Frederick W. Plaisted, in opposition to Mayor Gustavus A. Robertson. The re-election of Mayor Flavius O. Beal at Bangor was opposed by William B. Pierce, democratic nominee.

SHOT BY COUSIN

FATAL ENDING OF LOVERS' QUARREL.

FREDERICTON, N. B., March 14.—Millie Gee, aged 20 years, was shot by her cousin, George Gee, at Bath, Carleton county, yesterday, and is reported to be dying. Gee has been arrested and will be taken to Woodstock today. The two were to have been married and a quarrel, it is said, arose from jealousy on the part of Gee.

TROOPS WANTED

TO BATTLE WITH THE HEREROS.

BERLIN, March 14.—In the reichstag today, before the order of the day was taken up, Dr. Stuebel, director of the colonial office, announced the receipt of a cable message from Col. Leutwein, governor of German Southwest Africa, saying that 800 cavalry, with two mounted batteries, were indispensable for subduing the Hereros of whom 5000 were under arms and still occupying strong positions on both sides of the railroad. A bill providing these reinforcements will be introduced in the house so soon as it can be prepared.

CATHOLIC NEWS.

The members and friends of the C. Y. M. L. of St. Patrick's parish were entertained with a highly pleasing musical program at the rooms of the society yesterday, the delightful affair being given under the auspices of the entertainment committee.

The concert numbers consisted of a piano selection by Miss Mary O'Brien; song, Miss Gertrude Mahon; song, J. Harry Flaherty; reading, Miss Jennie Maguire; song, Miss Ella Brennan; song, John Russell; reading, James Warner; song, Miss Frances Tighe; song, Martin Maguire; song, Elsie West; musical team, John Robinson and James McLaughlin.

The committee responsible for the very pleasant affair consisted of the following named: William Barry, chairman; Smith J. Adams, Edward McCarthy, John J. McNabb and Thomas Mulligan.

A rehearsal of the C. Y. M. L. dramatic club was held at Huntington hall yesterday afternoon under the direction of John J. McNabb and John Quinn.

High mass was sung at St. Patrick's church yesterday by Rev. Fr. Callahan and an eloquent sermon was preached by Rev. Fr. McHugh. At the conclusion of mass "Hail Glorious Apostle" was sung by the choir. William B. Ready sustaining the solos.

At St. Peter's church last evening at the Lenten devotions, Rev. Fr. McDermod delivered a powerful sermon on "The Mercy of God."

On April 10 a four weeks' mission will begin at St. Louis' church. It will be preached by the Redemptorist fathers from the Redemptorist monastery of Hochelaga.

COTTON FUTURES.

NEW YORK, March 14—Cotton futures opened firm. March, offered 16.25; April, 16.31; May, 16.55; June, 16.58; July, 16.55; Aug., 15.98; Sept., 13.97; Oct., 12.93; Nov., 12.76; Dec., 12.67.

Miss Julia B. Wilson entertained her Sunday school class of the Worthen Street Methodist church at her home, 349 Dutton street, Saturday afternoon and evening. The young people had a delightful time with amusements and games.

TO LET

TO LET—Upstairs tenement, 7 rooms, pantry, bath, hot water, separate piazza. Apply 341 Fairmount street, near Rogers.

FOR RENT—Six room house in good condition, 874 Lakeview avenue; also land for sale by Capt. H. Reade, 871 Lakeview avenue.

IF YOU are thinking of moving this spring come and see what we can offer you in a tidy, comfortable tenement for small money; if you want an extra healthful home of from three to five rooms where you will have quiet, self-respecting neighbors, call and see us. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

TO LET—Pleasant furnished room, gas and bath, private family. 522 Central street.

TO LET—A restaurant; also an apartment of five rooms with bath. Branch street, cor. Nichols.

TO LET—Flat of six rooms, bath and pantry, hot water. Inquire in the afternoon between 2 and 4 at 470 Rogers street.

TO LET—Tenement of four or five rooms, 130 South street. Apply 31 Gorham street.

TO LET—Two two-room tenements. Inquire 81 Chestnut street.

TO LET—Best located room in city for one or two; modern conveniences. Also smaller room, reasonable. No. 271 Gorham street, opposite Court house.

TO RENT—A lovely four room tenement, good location, $8. G. P. Walker, 961 Middlesex street.

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, March 10, 1904. The Committee on Mercantile Affairs will give a hearing to parties interested in the petition (House bill No. 1058) of W. S. Southworth and others for an extension of the time within which annual meetings of stockholders shall be held after the close of the fiscal year of corporations, at room No. 431, State House, on Thursday, March 17, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. F. M. Heath, Chairman. Frank Seiberlich, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, March 11, 1904. The Committee on Mercantile Affairs will give a hearing to parties interested in bill accompanying the petition of Paul Barron Watson and others for legislation to authorize the Wentworth Institute to hold real and personal estate, at room No. 431, State House, on Tuesday, March 22, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. F. M. Heath, Chairman, Frank Seiberlich, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, March 11, 1904. The Committee on Mercantile Affairs will give a hearing to parties interested in House bill No. 716 accompanying the petition of Charles F. Adams 2d and another for legislation relative to buildings in the city of Boston, at room No. 431, State House, on Thursday, March 17, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. F. M. Heath, Chairman. Frank Seiberlich, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, March 11, 1904. The Joint Committee on the Judiciary will give a hearing to parties interested in the following petitions: (House bill No. 1000) for legislation to give to persons sentenced for contempt of court a right to trial by jury in certain cases; (House bill No. 966) relative to the assumption of risks by employes; (House bill No. 599) for legislation to limit the meaning of the word "conspiracy" and the use of restraining orders and injunctions as used in disputes between employers and employes: (House bill No. 891) for legislation to limit the effect of attachments of real estate made against persons by names other than their true names; (House bill No. 892) for further legislation relative to the recovery of costs in civil actions; (House bill No. 830) for legislation to revise the law relative to trustee process; at room No. 227, State House, on Thursday, March 17, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. Wm. F. Dana, Chairman. Wm. A. Kelley, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, March 11, 1904. The Committee on Election Laws will give a hearing to parties interested in House bills Nos. 356 and 601, for legislation to provide for direct nominations of candidates for elective officers in counties and to repeal the law allowing ballots to be removed from ballot boxes before the closing of the polls, at room No. 438, State House, on Tuesday, March 15, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. James H. McKinley, Chairman. George A. Turner, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of John L. Currier, late of Lowell, in said county, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court for probate by Catherine Currier, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate court to be held at Cambridge, in said county of Middlesex, on the twenty-second day of March, A. D. 1904, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least before said court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, first judge of said court, this seventh day of March, in the year one thousand nine hundred and four.

W. E. ROGERS, Asst. Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of John W. Fitzgerald, late of Lowell, in said county, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court for probate by Annie J. Donovan, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Lowell, in said county of Middlesex, on the fifteenth day of March, A. D. 1904, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day, at least, before said court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, first judge of said court, this second day of March, in the year one thousand nine hundred and four.

W. E. ROGERS, Asst. Register.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Margaret Sullivan, late of Chelmsford, in said county, deceased.

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said court for probate by John J. Hogan, who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Lowell, in said county of Middlesex, on the fifteenth day of March, A. D. 1904, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day, at least, before said court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate seven days at least before said court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, first judge of said court, this second day of March, in the year one thousand nine hundred and four.

W. E. ROGERS, Asst. Register.

Best Coal in Lowell
SOLD BY THE
WHOLEY COAL CO.
Office, 1075 Gorham Street.
Telephone 1086-2.

SPECIAL NOTICES

DOUBLE STAMPS, Light Blue, all this week; 100 with Baking Powder; 40 with Tea and 20 with Coffee. Dickson's Tea Store, 66 Merrimack street.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—The Sun is on sale every day at both news-stands of the Union Station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

HELP WANTED

BY MILL in Lowell, strong young man to attend to packing and shipping; must be good writer, neat and correct in making entries; good prospects for superior youth. Address O. H., Sun.

WANTED—Boys to distribute samples. Apply at St. Charles hotel. Inquire for X. Ray tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock.

WANTED—Housegirl. 60 Elliot street. Hamilton corp.

WANTED—Experienced coat and pants makers. Raymond & Snyder, 233 Middlesex street.

WANTED — Experienced canvassers, splendid opportunity for right men; straight salary. Apply in person between 8 and 9 Monday morning at 269 Gorham street.

WANTED—A second meat cook at the New American house.

LADIES can have permanent income assured by pleasant, respectable effort. For full particulars send two-cent stamp to Swan Mason & Co., Arlington, Mass.

WANTED—Men everywhere, good pay, to distribute circulars, adv. matter, tack signs, etc.; no canvassing. National Adv. Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED—Everywhere—Men willing to distribute samples, tack signs, etc., at $3 daily; permanent; no canvassing. Continental Distributing Service, Chicago.

OUR MEN make $3 to $10 a day fitting glasses; our 24-page Free Eye Book tells all about it; write Jacksonian Optical College, College Place, Jackson, Mich.

LADIES—$15 per week sewing at home; materials free; no canvassing; beautiful sample sent free on receipt of addressed envelope. Majestic Lace Co., New York.

WANTED—Experienced housegirl. 8 Washington street.

WANTED—Millinery makers at Bard & Garland's, 145 Merrimack street, over Ginter's grocery store. Apply at once.

WANTED—Boy at the Reliable,Cooper's Cloak and Suit store, 320 Merrimack St.

LADIES—That embroidery, crochet or knit can earn $12 weekly working for us at home; addressed envelope for free sample of work and designs. Mexican Co., 132 Nassau street, N. Y.

WANTED—A middle aged woman to keep house for small family. Call after 6 o'clock, 128 Fayette street.

$12 WEEKLY; home work two hours daily; no outfit to buy; send addressed envelope for instructions. Nassau Supply Co., 150 Nassau St., New York.

HOME WORK—$9 weekly during spare time; no canvassing, experience or money needed; enclose stamp for outfit, instructions, etc. Address Universal Co., 325 W. 23d street, New York.

WANTED—Young man 16 to 18 years to learn light manufacturing business. Box 357.

MISCELLANEOUS

TRADING STAMPS—We are giving 50 with one pound of our 60c tea; 60 with our 50c tea; 20 with our 25c coffee; stamps given with all goods except sugar; this is the way we share our profits with our customers and hundreds tell us we have the best tea and coffee in the city; the Boston street car passes the door. The Elwood Tea and Coffee Co., Davis square.

GENUINE GLORIA has printed cap and label on each bottle; look out for freak imitators; we are sole agents for Gloria. Boyle Bros. Telephone.

STORAGE—First class storage room for furniture; private rooms from $2 to $4 a month, according to size, at 256 Hildreth street. Call there or at 597 Merrimack street.

LAWN MOWERS sharpened and repaired, 75c and $1. James Moulton, 24 Davis street.

MISS UPHAM, clairvoyant and card reader; cards read 25c. 51 Merrimack St., corner John.

MRS. CLARA ADAMS, clairvoyant card reader and ladies' employment office. 335 Gorham street, opposite Court house.

LIMBURG—Chimney expert; chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1128 Bridge street. Telephone.

MOTHERS—Rent's Destroyer kills lice on children and all insects; cures dandruff and itching scalp; prevents falling hair; harmless, 25c. Only at Falls & Burkinshaw's, 418 Middlesex street.

MADAME LENORE—Clairvoyant card reader; also gifted with drawing power 71 Tyler street.

GLORIA is the greatest family beverage; gives weakly, nervous women vigor and health. Boyle Bros., agents. Tel.

MME. WATSON EMERSON—Clairvoyant and psychological readings at 471 Central street, also instruction in elocution and physical culture.

DRESS GOODS REMNANTS, cheap, from the Merrimack woolen mills. Corner Store, Lakeview avenue and Pleasant street, Navy Yard.

HORSEMEN, ATTENTION!—We are now prepared to shoe your horses in the most satisfactory and scientific manner, especially horses lamed by incorrect shoeing, at the reasonable low price of 4 new shoes for $1.00; we also keep in stock a line of hand-made shoes turned by L. J. Padien, at the Fair Grounds shoeing forge, 1051 Gorham street, Lowell, Mass.

PIANO OR ORGAN LESSONS at your home; special pains taken with children or advanced pupils; will accompany any instrument for entertainments; years of experience. Mabel Randall, Chelmsford Centre.

STOVES—New and second-hand bought, sold and exchanged. Reliable Furniture Co., 165 Middlesex street.

MUSIC—German zither music furnished at reasonable rates for concerts, dinner parties, church entertainments and home socials. John C. Hansen. Bon Marche studio.

IF YOU WANT your mattresses made over at your home call at 840 Central St.

BUY YOUR HAT at Delorme's, where you can have it cleaned free of charge for one year; Repairing a specialty. 261 Middlesex street.

SAVE MONEY by buying your wall papers and having your paperhanging done at D. Baker & Co's, 150 Gorham St. We will paper your room with gilt paper for $2. Good workmanship guaranteed; send postal, will call with samples.

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE bought and sold; also furniture moving done in a careful manner; always big bargains at our store, McGauvran Bros., Merrimack St., opp. City Hall.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound gives positive relief; powerful combination; used by 200,000 women; price 25 cents; druggists or by mail. Address LaFranco & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Eggs for hatching from heavy laying strain of barred Plymouth Rocks at 5c each. 24 Epping street, Wigginville.

FOR SALE—Chest of steam-fitters' tools. Inquire at this office. Call after 6 p. m.

FOR SALE—Cheap, cobbler's repairing machine, Singer. Apply 51 Sydney street.

376 BRIDGE STREET, White Sewing Machine Co.—Ladies, before buying try our Automatic drop machine; we have several other makes; you are sure to get suited; good second hand machines on hand; give us a call.

FOR SALE—Hard, soft, and kindling wood at Eugene Paquin's, 187 Chelmsford street.

FOR SALE—Almost new runabout buggy, pneumatic tires, used very little last summer; also a Whitman riding saddle. Apply at Sun office.

FOR SALE—Horse and team, cost $250 last fall; will sell for about one-half that price, as I have no use for it now. Inquire G. M., Sun office.

FOR SALE—New milch Jersey cows. Apply A. Fells, 939 Lakeview avenue.

FOR SALE—A boarding house, rooms all occupied at present, at 238 Appleton street; if sold at once will let it go at $150; there are 12 rooms in the house and all furnished; sickness the only cause for wanting to sell. Inquire at 238 Appleton street.

FOR SALE—Very large boarding and lodging house, centrally located, very near P. O., all modern conveniences, hot and cold water, steam heat, gas; best location in city; doing big business at present. Further particulars at Sun office.

FOR SALE—To mend your stove bricks use Engle Stove Clay. Hardware and stove dealers sell it in three size packages.

FOR SALE—A variety store situated in a good business neighborhood, established trade of seven years; an exceptionally fine place for one who dressmakes; poor health of owner reason for selling. For all particulars, terms, etc., inquire of E. R. Donovan, room 1, Swan block, 20 Central street. It may be your opportunity.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices; 1-in. one line stamps 15c; 1½ in., 20c; 35c ink pads, 25c; 25c ink pads, 15c; 50c linen markers, 25c; business stamps, 15c per line. J. M. Fellows, 158 Merrimack St.

CASH REGISTERS

The best is none too good. The Hallwood is the best. Not made by a trust. Easy payments. Room 45 Donovan bldg.

WANTED

PROSPECTIVE FARMER wishes to buy harness and farm implements second hand, but in good condition. Write at once giving full particulars to Mr. A. Z., Sun office.

WILL the gentleman who went to Crystal lake in reference to running automobile please call at 1095 Middlesex St. Joseph Brouillet.

ANYONE wishing to board a baby with an experienced mother and at a reasonable price, address Box 108, Chelmsford, Mass.

WANTED—Everybody in Billerica to buy Zumo Washing Fluid of J. S. Walsh. Makes washing easy.

WANTED—Carpentering, paperhanging, whitewashing, all kinds of repairs. Address All-Round Mechanic, 1 Charles street court.

MRS. A. BLANCHARD'S new lying-in hospital at 698 Pleasant street, Dracut Centre, is now all equipped for patients. Telephone 734-4.

WANTED—For cash, a place 5 to 20 acres close to a city and electrics. Call or write to the Arlington house, Lowell. Mr. Dalton. Call 4 to 9 p. m.

MONEY TO LOAN

PAWNBROKER—Money to loan; money loaned on all valuable articles, clothing; rates reasonable. A. Stein, 343 Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and all personal property. Private office. (Strictly confidential.) Room 5, Swan building, 26 Central street.

MONEY ON CREDIT without security. Boarding houses, retail merchants and salaried people; easy payments; lowest rates in the city. Merrimack Loan Co., 25 Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses, without security; easy payments; largest business in 42 principal cities. Tolman, room 26, Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN at short notice on furniture, pianos, etc. Leases paid off and more money advanced. All business strictly confidential. Address W. E. Loinhas, room 9, Barristers hall.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Between Elm street and Opera house Thursday night, brown terrier; wore collar with nameplate hanging off; no name on. Finder return to 37 Elm street. Reward.

LOST—Saturday afternoon in vicinity of post office or Opera house, a $10 bill. Finder please return to Pearson's drug store and be rewarded.

LOST—A side bag between East Merrimack and Bridge streets. Finder rewarded at Sun office.

FOUND—A pocketbook containing small sum of money. Owner can have by applying to John Hickson at the police station.

LOST—A wallet containing a large sum of money. Finder please return to 118 Branch street and be liberally rewarded.

LOST—Chatelaine bag between Church street and Broadway Friday evening containing sum of money. Reward at 50 Church street.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED—By a French Canadian young man, an inside position; speaks English and French language. Please refer to 577 Middlesex street.

WANTED—Situation as first class coachman in gentleman's place, also an all round man; seven years in last place; best of references. Address 18 Roper street, Wigginville.

WANTED—Housework by a woman; is a good cook and laundress. Address M. C., 25 Rogers street.

REGISTERED DRUG CLERK, willing and reliable, wants situation. Address "Drugs," Sun office.

WANTED—A situation as coachman. Inquire at this office.

WANTED—A situation by a middle-aged woman at light housework or would mind children able to attend school or would wash dishes in a hotel or restaurant. Inquire at 80 Crosby street.

POULTRY

POULTRYMEN—To make hens lay feed green cut bone; nothing like it; cut fresh daily. Adams Supply Co., 40 Middlesex street, room 14, Lowell.

FERRYBOAT SUNK

It Struck a Submerged Scow

ALL THE PASSENGERS WERE SAVED

Boat Went Down in Five Minutes

BOSTON, March 14.—The Chelsea ferryboat City of Boston, which left the Boston slip at 10 o'clock last night, struck a submerged scow when nearly opposite Cunningham's wharf, in East Boston, and within five minutes sank on the flats with only her rails above water.

Had it not been for the promptness and presence of mind with which Capt. Phelps grasped the seriousness of the situation, and headed his boat for the flats, it is safe to say that most of the 35 or 40 passengers on board would have been drowned.

As it was, nobody was lost, but there was such a panic on the boat as few of those will forget who witnessed it. The shrieks of the passengers could be heard on the Boston side, to say nothing of the East Boston and Chelsea shores. These cries, with the distress whistles from the ferryboat, attracted the attention of the police boat Watchman, of the people on board the Dorchester bay life-saving boat, which is tied up at Cunningham's wharf in East Boston, and of George D. Post, the watchman on the Chelsea ferry slip.

The Watchman instantly headed for the scene of the disaster, followed by the Dorchester bay life-saving boat and the lifeboat from the Chelsea slip. The first two boats took off the passengers and the last boat the crew.

There was the utmost confusion on board the sunken ferryboat when the Watchman and the life-savers arrived on the scene, and it was with the greatest difficulty that some of the passengers were taken off, especially one man who was under the influence of liquor, and who was caught in the flood of water which rushed even onto the decks and into the waiting rooms inside of five minutes.

When the boat struck the scow many of the passengers were thrown flat on the floor. The deck hands immediately got all of the people onto the hurricane deck, but even before some of them could get up the ladder the intruding flood caught them and they were obliged to wade almost knee deep in water. But they were all finally gotten on the upper deck. Then pandemonium broke loose among them again.

Luckily there were only a few women on board, but some of the men acted even more scared than the women, and shrieked even louder, despite the reassuring words of Capt. Phelps and the deckhands that there was nothing to fear, as the boat was beached.

The ferryboat struck the scow on the port side and with such force that a hole was stove in her side just forward of the engine room, more than six feet in length and a foot or more in breadth.

Thomas Belyea was in the fireroom at the time and he was thrown off his feet, but he rushed for the decks. Before he had time to think what the matter was, the flood of water poured in on him. He warned the engineer, George Mitchell, and both were obliged to dash to the decks.

The whole thing was so sudden that nobody knew what to do and only the coolness of the captain saved a catastrophe. He did not hesitate a moment. He put the wheel hard a-port and headed for the neary Meridan street flats. He barely got to the edge of these flats—all within five minutes—when the boat sank down in the mud. He breathed easier, however, when he felt her touch bottom. The last turn of the great wheel had been made a few moments before and he just got her on the flats by the momentum that was left. It was a close call.

When George D. Post, night watchman on the Chelsea slip, heard the signal of distress, he called John Nosworthy and Henry Bradstraw and they lowered the lifeboat instantly and headed for the sunken craft. All they were called upon to do, however, was to take off the crew.

It was a clear night and the captain maintains he was in his regular course. The scow was so low in the water that it could not be seen. It had evidently floated away from some point over near the navy yard and was just about sinking at the point where the ferryboat struck it.

The ferryboat now lies about 500 yards from the Chelsea slip.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

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CURED TO STAY CURED BY
White Ribbon Remedy

No taste. No odor. Any woman can give it in glass of water, tea, coffee or food without patient's knowledge.

White Ribbon Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for all alcoholic drinks, whether the patient is a confirmed inebriate, a "tippler," social drinker or drunkard. INDORSED BY MEMBERS OF A. W. C. T. U. Impossible for any one to have an appetite for alcoholic liquors after using White Ribbon Remedy. It has made many thousands of permanent cures, and in addition restores the victim to normal health, steadying the nerves, increasing the will power and determination to resist temptation. Sold by druggists everywhere and by mail. Price 50c and $1.00.

Also a Special Size guaranteed to cure or money refunded by the druggist.

Trial package free by writing or calling on MRS. A. M. TOWNSEND (for years Secretary of a Woman's Christian Temperance Union), 218 Tremont street, Boston, Mass. All letters destroyed as soon as answered. Everything private. Sold and recommended by special agent in Boston, Mass.

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Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts.

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Fast Twin Screw Steamers

New, 14,200 tons, 600 feet long, fitted with Marconi's wireless system. Rooms upper decks midship. Perfect ventilation.

Boston, Queenstown, Liverpool.
Saxonia March 29, April 26, May 24, June 21, July 19.
Ivernia March 15, April 12, May 10, June 7.
A Cunarder from New York every Saturday.

Discount allowed on combined outward and return first and second cabin fares.

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Republic (new).....Mar. 26
Romanic.....Apr. 9, May 14, June 18
Canopic.....Apr. 23, May 28, July 2

(Send for rates and illustrated booklet.) These steamers are the largest in the Mediterranean service.
First Class $65 Upwards.

Boston to Liverpool via QUEENSTOWN
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Cretic.....Mar. 31, May 5, June 2
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First class $60 and $65 upwards, according to steamer. For plans, etc., address
WHITE STAR LINE, 84 State Street, Boston, or to
Denis Murphy, 18 Appleton St.
B. F. Leeds, 5 Bridge St., Lowell.

"PADDY" FENTON

Refuses to Tell Who Shot Him

NEW YORK, March 14.—"Paddy" Fenton came down from Boston three years ago and punched his way into the leadership of the "Five Points" gang. They call him "Paddy Brock," because smallpox left him pockmarked and his friends have almost forgotten his right name.

Two years ago he carried Meyer Moore into Olliffe's drug store, at 6 Bowery. He and Meyer had been making love to the same girl. This night Meyer had a bullet hole in his right side. The police arrested Paddy.

"I didn't do it, did I," said Moore, Paddy of his rival.

"No, you didn't do it," said Moore, and died.

Last night Paddy himself was carried into Olliffe's drug store. A bullet had cut through his windpipe, and it looked hard for him.

"Who did it?" asked the police working over Paddy, while they were waiting for an ambulance.

"Noboddy. Youse leave that to me," said Paddy.

That was all they could get out of him. An ambulance came and took him to the Hudson street hospital, where he is now dying. Coroner Scholer, called to his bedside to get an ante mortem statement, told Paddy he was going to die and that he had better ease his conscience by owning up and telling who shot him.

"All right, pard," said Paddy, and he gave the coroner a story that sent the police scurrying away off the scent. They asked him questions again, telling him his murderer would escape if he (Paddy) died.

"Well, I got me friends, ain't I?" said Paddy significantly.

Finding the dying man's determination to follow the unwritten law of the gangs and fight his own battles, the police started out on their own hook. They found that Paddy and "Bootsie," his pal, had made threats to clean out Pietro Traverso's saloon at 24 Baxter street early yesterday morning, and had gone there for the purpose. The tip got ahead of them, according to the police story, and some one shot Paddy as he entered.

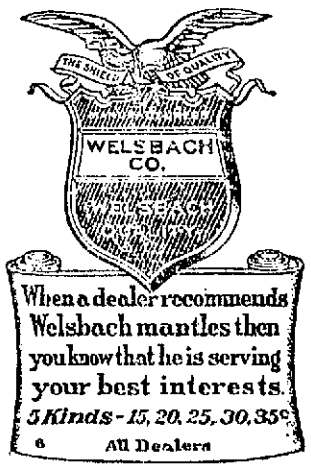
Traverso is being held a prisoner, but he swears he knows nothing about it.

BOY TERRIBLY FROZEN.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., March 14.—After wandering about Coosack mountain during the night with the thermometer at the zero point, Harold, the three-year old son of Henry Camp, was found by a searching party yesterday morning, unconscious and terribly frozen. His recovery is hardly expected.

The little fellow wandered from his home early Saturday night and his absence was not discovered until some hours afterward.

See that the *Shield of Quality* is on the Box



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Monthly Regulator has brought happiness to hundreds of anxious women. Longest and most obstinate irregularities from any cause relieved at once. No risk or failure. No pain, danger or interference with work. Success guaranteed at any stage. Mail, $2.00. Particulars and confidential advice free. All letters truthfully answered. Money letters should be registered. Address, DR. J. W. EMMONS CO., Room 140, 120 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.

If you want help at home or in your business try The Sun "Want" column.

IN THE PULPITS

Sermon by Rev. A. R. Dilts

AT THE FIFTH STREET BAPTIST CHURCH

Man Must Have Sanctification

At the Fifth Street Baptist church, Sunday morning, Rev. Asa Reed Dilts, pastor of the Branch Street Tabernacle Baptist church, preached from Acts 1, 25: "That he might go to his own place."

He said in part: "Darwin formulated the law he called 'The survival of the fittest'—meaning that those that are adapted to their environment and are fit to live, shall live. There is a fitness necessary in order to cope successfully with those met in the business world. I suppose there is no more unscrupulous man in the business world today than John D. Rockefeller, who does not hesitate at any measures to rid himself of business competitors. The same is true concerning the kingdom of God. The future state is a question of the survival of the fittest. A man who is to live in the kingdom of God must have sanctification to commence with God.

"So long as a man lives on earth and has correspondence to earth, he is measurably well off; but when earth slips from beneath him and he is transferred to a new environment, adaptation to the kingdom of God is necessary. Men sometimes laugh at the idea that God or any being would shut them out of the kingdom of heaven without stopping to consider whether or not they would be able to exist there.

"The gates of the New Jerusalem are wide open at all times, and no angel stands guard with flaming sword, those who approach and turn away do so by their own volition. A sinner turns away because he knows he is not fit for heaven.

"There is coming a time when the unfitness or fitness will be the fixedness of character, and there will be no possible change. No one will blame God, nor call Him unjust or arbitrary. Each one will know he is where he ought to be. There is no such thing as sin in heaven, or the consequences of sin. Only those enter heaven whose characters are pure and holy. Every one in heaven sustains a close relationship to Jesus Christ, and has his name written in the Lamb's Book of Life. God has His own record of the life of every man written on the soul, and He will judge according to the facts of a man's life. Sooner or later spiritual gravitation will take a man where he belongs."

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR AND THE CHURCH.

The regular quartet and organist of the Eliot church, augmented by a quartet composed of the Misses Edith McElroy, Mabele L. Gardner, Daisy C. Farrell and Grace E. McElroy, afforded pleasing music at the Eliot church last evening.

William Shaw of Boston, treasurer of the United C. E. societies, spoke upon "Christian Endeavor and the Church." He said in part:

"While I am speaking to you, Dr. Clark, the founder of the society, is addressing a congregation in far-away Australia. Nearly 4,000,000 members acknowledge the joy and blessedness in the Christ-like service of Endeavorers. The purpose of the work is to develop Christlike manhood and womanhood, to promote a realization of the duties one owes to others, and to cause Endeavorers to refrain from living the selfish life of him who says, 'What can I get for my own use alone, and to encourage the spirit of getting for the sake of giving.' As I have reached that point in life, where the sunset is nearer than the sunrise, I realize not merely the opportunities and privileges of youth, but the responsibilities of mature life.

"Remember, fathers and mothers, the wise saying of Oliver Wendell Holmes: 'The right way to bring up a child is to select the right grandparents.' The influence of your habits is shaping the minds of all the boys and girls with whom you come in contact. Your influence on the mind of your people is like water tanks on the surface of the earth. The direction these young lives will take, will depend upon the character of these impressions they receive. You older people, does your influence lead them to the prayer meeting, or to the playhouse? To the Bible, or to the Sunday newspaper? To spend dollars for selfish pleasure, while they give pennies to the cause of Christ and His church? You show great energy and zeal concerning worldly matters, and but feeble interest in religious things. On the night of the weekly prayer meeting, do you strive to show them that the only place for you is in the house of God? Many of the religious problems of the day would settle themselves, were Christians true to themselves and to their God. Be as honest for God, as you are for your employer. Recognize that the claims of God are at least equal to the claims of the people of the world.

Y. M. C. A. SERVICE.

The Y. M. C. A. men's meeting in the First Baptist church Sunday afternoon was well attended. The exercises opened with a song service conducted by J. B. Alexander. Clayton R. Kimball presided at the piano. Cornet duets and solos by Miss Alice E. Trow of Nashua, and Roscoe McDaniel were rendered and greatly enjoyed. Rev. C. R. Pierce was the speaker and read as a lesson Matt. xiv. 1-11, the subject "A Hero and His Convictions vs. a Coward and His."

Mr. Pierce said in part: "Heroes inspire us. Why should not men such as John the Baptist be an incentive to right living? The great men of the world are God-fearing." In proof of this statement the speaker cited such men as Lincoln, McKinley, Washington, Roosevelt, Sir Walter Scott and others. "In the battles of life, men," said Mr. Pierce, "be heroes."

REVIVAL MEETINGS.

Services preparatory to the union revival series which are to commence Tuesday evening were held yesterday in Centralville M. E. church with large audiences and much interest expressed. Pastor F. M. Pickles preached in the morning from Job 14, 1 and 2, "Human life," said the speaker, "is flattering in the commencement, disastrous in its continuance, contracted in its span and eventful in its issue." At the evening meeting earnest addresses were given by Pastor Pickles, Rev. Gardner Wells, Mr. O. F. Taplin of Drexel. By a rising vote the congregation voted unanimously to support the coming series of meetings.

The last social function for the conference year will be held in the vestry, Wednesday evening, by the Ladies' Aid of the church.

IMMANUEL BAPTIST CHURCH.

The services yesterday at Immanuel Baptist church, Blossom street, were well attended and very interesting. The pastor, Rev. Robert F. True, occupied his pulpit morning and evening and preached in the morning a thoughtful and impressive sermon on "Faithfulness and Its Reward." The evening service was evangelistic, consisting of special singing by the chorus choir under the direction of Charles E. Woodbury, solos and duets by the Misses Isabella and Laura Gillespie and a straightforward gospel sermon by the pastor on the subject of "Sowing and Reaping." The day was a helpful one to the church and marked an epoch of progress in its history.

ON THE ALLEYS

THE WEAVERS TOO MUCH FOR THE COLTS.

At the alleys Saturday afternoon the Mohair Weavers defeated Harrison's Colts by 14 pins. Greenwood was high man with 267, Hamilton high single with 102. The score:

MOHAIR WEAVERS.

	1	2	3	Total
J. Rhodes	78	86	78	242
Hamilton	79	102	71	252
Shaw	91	76	71	238
W. Rhodes	73	75	80	228
Webb	74	77	73	224
Total	466	416	373	1204

HARRISON'S COLTS.

Greenwood	93	88	86	267
Southam	72	77	67	216
Collins	87	89	79	255
Harrison	75	81	69	225
Chadwick	66	80	71	227
Total	393	415	372	1190

THE BALLS WON.

The following is the result of a scratch game between members of the Mohair Cricket club on Saturday evening.

BATS.

	1	2	3	Total
Harriman	80	73	82	235
Sidebottom	82	79	85	246
C. Aveyard	86	72	78	236
A. Williams	89	70	95	254
C. Jenkins	60	58	67	181
A. Ribson	81	60	71	212
G. Fox	76	67	71	214
Total	552	469	549	1570

BALLS.

Southam	80	90	82	242
Campbell	75	77	83	235
Harrison	86	79	77	242
D. Hird	86	72	78	236
Fels	82	92	80	254
A. Aveyard	66	61	80	207
Whittaker	63	59	70	192
Total	533	520	550	1603

Thursday next a game will be played on the private alleys between two teams composed of the members' lady friends captained by Mrs. Thomas Southam and Mrs. John Harriman.

LONG OVERDUE

STEAMER PRO PATRIA IS STILL MISSING.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 14—None of the incoming steamers have sighted the missing steamer Pro Patria, now 14 days out from St. Pierre, Miquelon, for this port, and 12 days overdue, and it is feared she has met disaster.

The steamer in command of Captain Lafonreade, carried a crew of 20 men and had on board 40 passengers, among them several wealthy Parisians enroute to their homes in France.

The Plant steamship company, representatives of the Pro Patria here, believe she is still held in the ice, but shipping men in general say even if the steamer is afloat her passengers and crew must be starving as she was never provisioned for more than six days and had a limited supply of coal.

VETERANS' CASE

MAY BE TAKEN TO THE COURTS.

LAWRENCE, March 14.—Negotiations have been broken off in regard to the case of the street department veterans whom Supt. Hannagan has sought to have removed. The agreement drawn up by City Solicitor Kane contained no clause binding the city to employ these veterans whenever there was work for foremen, and ex-Congressman Knox advised the veterans not to sign the agreement until the clause had been inserted. Mr. Knox is quite indignant, considering that an attempt has been made to bluff the veterans, and he says he will not stand for it. Saturday he announced that the case will be taken to the courts if, in view of the refusal of the veterans to sign, Mayor Lynch abolishes the office of foreman as requested by Supt. Hannagan.

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Compounded Semi-annually
265 Central Street
LOWELL, MASS.

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Counsellor-at-law
And Public Administrator.
137 Central Street. Telephone 699-4.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

KILLED FIVE MEN

Gustav Marx Makes a Confession

OF VARIOUS ROBBERIES AND MURDERS

During His Career as an Outlaw

CHICAGO, March 14.—Gustav Marx, one of the three car barn bandits now under sentence of death, declared in a confession made yesterday that he was one of three men who held up the Chicago and Northwestern express train at Tower, near Dekalb, four years ago. The crime which has passed into history as one of the most desperate ever committed in or about Chicago, has never been fastened upon any one of the suspects arrested, and the identity of the bandits has remained a mystery to the police until now.

Marx says both his confederates in the crime are dead and refuses to give their names. One of them, he declares, "died with his boots on." The railway authorities admitted a loss of $102,000 by the robbery. Marx says that the robbers secured only $8000, the rest of the money having been destroyed by the explosion of dynamite used to crack the safe.

In a sort of foot note to this startling confession Marx admits the killing of five men in his career of crime.

"Besides John R. Johnson, killed at the car barns, Detective Quinn, killed at the time of my arrest, and Otto Bauder, whom Roeski is generally supposed to have killed, I have killed two other men," said Marx.

"Eight years ago Niedermeier and I went to Janesville, Wis., to rob a train and had our dynamite alongside the track. A track walker or railway detective—I never learned which—came upon us and asked what we were doing there. I shot him and we threw his body into the river. The other man whom I killed, I did criminal work with in Michigan. I met him at Camp Goldfield, Col., when Neidermeier and I were there last fall. He knew too much about me and I killed him and left his body lying in the suburbs of the camp. Both these crimes can be verified by the police."

HALL OF FAME

FOR WOMEN AT THE ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION.

ST. LOUIS, March 14—It is announced that St. Louis is to have a woman's hall of fame. The proposed institution will be established in the woman's building at the world's fair. It is expected that Mrs. Daniel Manning, president of the board of lady managers, will announce in a few days the members of the committee appointed to pass upon the number and character of the celebrities. The requirement for the new hall will be that every woman represented must be a prominent member of fashionable societies in one of the representative American cities.

HINDIPO
THE NEW NERVE TONIC
AND KIDNEY CURE.

Cleanses the Kidneys and Bladder, purifies the Blood. Puts Flesh on thin people. Strengthens the Nerves. Clears the Brain. Cures Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Failing Memory. Restores the Vim, Vigor, Vitality and Strength of Youth, in both weak Men and Women.

This New Remedy works like Magic, but is absolutely harmless. Weigh yourself before taking.

Price, 50 cts.; 12 boxes, $5.00, by mail. We will cheerfully refund the money if you are not benefitted. Try it and be convinced.

For sale by Falls & Burkinshaw, 418 Middlesex street.

DOUBLE NATIONAL DISCOUNT STAMPS
FOR ALL PURCHASES AT
JOHN F. SAUNDERS
159 Gorham St., Cor. Summer.

And Special on the following:
120 on 1 lb. 50c. Baking Powder.
70 on 1 lb. 50c. Tea.
20 on 1 lb. 20c. and 25c. Coffee.
10 on 1 package 11c. Force.
10 on 1 package 11c. Cero Fruto.
5 on 1 package 10c. Presto.
10 on 1-lb. 15c. Butterine.
10 on 1 Bottle of Blue at 10c.
10 on 1 can 12c. Tomatoes.
One-half of the above on all other stamps.

BEST TEAS OF ALL KINDS.
Challenge Milk.....3 cans for 25c
Peas.....3 cans for 25c
Tomatoes.....9c, 3 cans for 25c
Strawberries.....12c a can
Pears.....10c a can
Mince Meat.....8c a package
Best Round Steak.....2 lbs. for 25c
Best Sirloin and Rump Steak.....18c lb
10 stamps on 1 pkg. 10c. Mince Meat.

Legs of Lamb Short Cut 10c
Loin of Lamb - - 7c
Legs of Veal - - 8c
Forequarters of Veal 5c and 6c
Best Roast Pork 10c

TRY OUR BUTTERINE.
Best Butterine Made.
Prints.....18c a lb
Tubs.....From 11c a lb up

CHANGE OF BASE

President Roosevelt and Rockefeller Agree

LATTER WILL NOT FIGHT THE PRESIDENT

Roosevelt Promised to be "Good"

WASHINGTON, March 14.—President Roosevelt has been informed that the Rockefellers and the financial magnates associated with them will not oppose his election. Indeed, they are confidently expected to contribute in a fitting manner to his campaign fund.

As long ago as last fall the Rockefellers, H. H. Rogers, James Stillman and others who are in that clique, after looking over the political ground thoroughly came to the belief that the best thing for their interest was to be for Roosevelt. They did not like Roosevelt and do not like him now, but they could see nobody proposed by the democrats who was any better and saw a good many whom they took to be much worse.

The visit of James Stillman, president of the National city bank of New York, to the White House on the afternoon of Senator Hanna's funeral has been said to mark the formal sealing and signing of the understanding.

The best information on this point is that this is not the fact. The agreement had been reached before the visit. Stillman saw the president on a proposition in which he was vitally interested. He wanted something done, just what nobody but the president and a few of the closest associates of Stillman know. The president refused. Stillman and the Rockefellers were much disappointed, but their self-interest is so strong and their belief that their proper policy is to remain friendly with Roosevelt so deeply grounded that they overlooked the rebuff.

It is an absolutely cold blooded arrangement so far as the Standard Oil and National City bank interests are concerned. They have no love for Roosevelt. They were furiously angry when the president gave out the famous Rockefeller telegrams of a year ago, sent to nine republican senators and protesting against anti-trust legislation. The Rockefellers simply have decreed that, in their judgment, Mr. Roosevelt has the best chance of being the next president, and they intend to be with the winner if they can.

It has been stated that the principal reason for the Rockefeller alliance with the president is because J. P. Morgan and his friends are so violently opposed to him. There may be some basis for this, but the understanding at the White House is that the Morgan crowd and the Rockefellers are not so far apart as is generally supposed.

The president is not looking for any support from Morgan, but would take it if he could get it.

Meantime, the relations between the Rockefeller people and the treasury department continue as intimate as they have been. In addition to ex-Sec. Lyman J. Gage and former assistant Sec. Frank A. Vanderlip, who are now with the Rockefellers, Milton E. Ailes, also a former assistant secretary of the treasury, represents the Rockefeller and Stillman interests in the Riggs national bank here.

It is quite well understood that Mr. Roosevelt has promised to do nothing "revolutionary." Indeed, it is likely that he will do nothing more after the decision in the Northern securities merger case is handed down. The attorney general is not active in the prosecution of the coal trust, and in this connection it is cited that the Rockefellers are the largest stockholders in the Lackawanna railroad and have great interests in the Temple iron company, which is in the coal trust.

Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island, who is the leader of the republicans in the senate, and who is the father-in-law of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., has had much to do with informing the president with the present status of the Rockefeller mind.

LEG BROKEN

WILLIAMS COLLEGE FRESHMAN SERIOUSLY INJURED.

WILLIAMSTOWN, March 14.—Warren E. Lisle of Troy, N. Y., a Williams college freshman, sustained a broken leg Saturday night during a scrimmage between the freshman and sophomore classes on the college campus.

Shortly before midnight the freshmen built a bonfire in front of West college and when the sophomores attempted to put it out a struggle ensued, during which Lisle fell upon the frozen ground. His right leg was broken above the ankle, and he had to be carried to the college infirmary. Yesterday he was taken to his home in Troy. Two other students were injured and received medical attendance.

The building of bonfires by the freshmen is a custom which precedes the annual March celebration, but has never before been attended with serious results.

MGR A. J. TEELING

WILL BE GIVEN DEGREE OF D. D.

The Rt. Rev. Mgr. A. J. Teeling of St. Mary's church, Lynn, who recently was honored by being made a member of the pope's household, with the title of monsignor, will be the recipient of added honors in June next, when the degree of doctor of divinity will be conferred upon him by Laval university of Quebec. The desire of the faculty of this university has already received the approbation of Archbishop Williams.

Mgr. Teeling was a student at Laval, where he took the philosophic and scientific courses before his entrance to Tory Seminary, from which he was ordained to the priesthood. The degree will be conferred in recognition of his achievements since he became a priest.

BOYS LOST

BUT THEY TURNED UP ALL RIGHT.

Adelard Ayotte and Hermas Dufresne, two small French boys, disappeared from their homes yesterday morning and were lost until 7 in the evening, when they returned home tired and hungry.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

A FOUL MURDER

Boston Negro Arrested on Suspicion

BOSTON, March 14—The body of Kitty Abbott, a white woman, was found late last night in the hallway of a house in South Boston with wounds and bruises on the back of the head indicating foul play.

A negro whose name is withheld, was arrested on suspicion of having killed the woman.

FOUGHT ASSAILANT

HINGHAM MAN ATTACKED IN LONELY SPOT.

HINGHAM, March 14.—Edmund Hersey 2d, while passing through South street, about 10.30 o'clock Saturday night, was met at a lonely spot in the road by a stranger, who pointed a revolver at him and ordered him to give up his money.

Mr. Hersey struck the man's pistol arm with a box he carried, and the weapon fell to the ground. The stranger again attacked Mr. Hersey, who, though 75 years old, managed to keep his assailant at bay, at the same time calling for assistance.

When the stranger heard the footsteps of someone coming in answer to Mr. Hersey's cries he fled. Mr. Hersey was unable to give any description of his assailant.

MAY PROVE FATAL

ENGINEER HELD UP AND ASSAULTED.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 14.—George Gath, an engineer on the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg railroad, was held up and assaulted early yesterday, receiving injuries which may prove fatal. The two men had a terrible struggle in the dark. Gath was wounded about the head with a billy or slung shot, kicked in the face and stomach and stamped on. The highwayman escaped with 35 cents, all the money Gath had.

Catarrh and Colds Relieved in ten to sixty minutes.—One short puff of the breath through the blower supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder diffuses this powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use. It relieves instantly and permanently cures catarrh, hay fever, colds, headache, sore throat, tonsilitis and deafness. 50 cents. Sold by Ellingwood & Co. and Falls & Burkinshaw.—27.

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U. S. REVENUE
Returns show increased sales on the
7-20-4
10c CIGAR
during 1903 nearly 600,000 cigars. 29 years' continuous increase in sales shows that quality counts. R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr., Manchester, N. H.

CARTER'S
Cough Balsam 25c
WILL CURE THAT COUGH
Carter & Sherburne's LOW PRICED DRUG STORE
Merrimack, Cor. Bridge Street.

CHAS. E. ADAMS, President. N. G. LAMSON, Treasurer.
Merrimack River Savings Bank
417 Middlesex St., Cor. Thorndike, Lowell, Mass

Chartered as a savings bank under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, in 1871, this bank has, for more than thirty years, conducted a conservative but progressive business until it now has assets of more than two millions of dollars, with a surplus of $140,000 over all liabilities.

Deposits are received in all sums from $1.00 to $1000, and interest compounded semi-annually, until deposits, with interest, amount to $1600.

Money deposited begins to draw interest from the first Saturday of February, May, August and November.

Money paid every day excepting during the quarter week of May and November.

Interest payable at any time after the first Saturday of May and November.

Present rate of interest, four per cent.

Deposits are solicited and every possible convenience and accommodation will be afforded to all doing business with the bank.

GEO. E. METCALF & CO.
FIRE INSURANCE
159 MiddlesexSt.

EVERYTHING NEW
60 elaborately furnished rooms to let at low rates. Every modern convenience. The finest lodging house in New England.
CRAWLEY BUILDING,
52 Middlesex Street

IRELAND'S CAUSE

(Continued.)

What a remarkable change in one year. And what has wrought it? Irish union, Irish solidarity, Irish determination and courage at home, and Irish votes, well disciplined and unanimous in the foreign parliament of England. It is the youth of Ireland, young men like Mr. O'Kelly and Mr. Devlin, who rallying at the back of their leaders have gone in and demoralized English government in Ireland, and smashed English power even in the British house of commons.

There is no longer any doubt that as soon as the general election is over these men—Ireland's chosen representatives—will hold the balance of power between the English parties in parliament. And that means that home rule will be again the dominant issue of the day. Both English parties, as they were in Parnell's day, will be begging again for Irish votes, and offering as the price home rule for Ireland.

And we, who have trusted and sustained these men at every step, will trust them then to make for Ireland the very best bargain that statesmanship and ability and courage can secure. We shall not throw obstacles in their way, but aid them to the full extent of our power.

Look at the condition of the English political parties today in contrast to the Irish party. Broken, divided, without leadership, drifting to the ruin which is speedily to overtake them. Joe Chamberlain and the Duke of Devonshire, the two men who by "ratting" from Gladstone 17 years ago on the home rule question did more to destroy the hopes of Ireland than any other influence are at daggers drawn. "They never speak as they pass by."

To an Irishman who loves a fight, especially between Englishmen, nothing could be more enjoyable than the present situation. Lord Rosebery is styled a "milksop statesman" by Premier Balfour, and Lord Rosebery retorts by saying that Mr. Balfour is a languid lady, and styles him "Pretty Fanny." To Irishmen it is a very pretty quarrel as it stands, and long may it continue. And, to use the language of the dog fanciers, we trust that the Irish party will tell them, "Go it; sic 'em, Tige."

Mr. O'Kelly will doubtless tell you what the land act means for Ireland. He knows for he had no small share in bringing it about, he and men like him who voice the sentiments of a united Irish people. Its critics, against whose will and without whose assistance it was won, tell you that it is not perfect, that it needs amendment. Certainly it does. What act of parliament that England ever passed for Ireland did not need amendment? But the men who wrung the act from an unwilling parliament are powerful enough to wring the necessary amendments also. To those microscopic critics of the Irish land bill I would only say that it has taken 15 amendments and nearly 130 years to amend the constitution of the United States to its present shape, and there are those who say it is not perfect still. You have been for five years in your own legislature here in Massachusetts trying to make a semi-colon out of a comma, and you have not succeeded yet. So don't be so hasty in criticising adversely the work of men who have to deal with a hostile parliament, where they are outnumbered seven to one. Give them credit for the splendid work that they have done, and strengthen their hands to capture more.

The great principle of "Ireland for the Irish, and the land for the people," has been won, and the rest will speedily follow. The ghost of home rule that Englishmen have been deluding themselves had been laid will stalk across the floor of the British house of commons after the next election, its bones clothed with flesh, and its veins running red with the spirit of Irish nationality once more. It will remain to trouble the waking moments and disturb the dreams of English statesmen until Ireland's rights have been conceded and Irish freedom won.

MISS ELLEN A. McLAUGHLIN.

In the meantime, we, here in America, must be up and doing. Our kindred at home look to us, and have a right to look to us, for assistance and support in a struggle by winning which the status of the entire race will be lifted up. Ireland, a poor, long-suffering and downtrodden country, cannot of herself fight a country with an exhaustless treasury, and one which has always proved herself an unscrupulous and cowardly foe. The Irish party are not wealthy men, but to their credit and to Ireland's credit be it said that in 25 years of stress and strife not a man of them has shown the white feather, and not a man among them has accepted a bribe of place, or emolument or power from the oppressors of their country.

This is a record of which the Irish race has reason to be proud. They are a body of men whom the Irish people everywhere should sustain and support, not criticise and misrepresent. The cause of Ireland is safe in their keeping. That cause sanctified by the blood of Wolfe Tone and of Emmet, hallowed by the memory of the great O'Connell, nurtured by the sufferings of the men of '48 and '67, and brought to the verge of success by Charles Stewart Parnell is crystalized in the United Irish league movement of today, and is safe and secure in the keeping of John Redmond and his brilliant band of colleagues. It is Ireland's protest against alien rule, her demand for the right of ruling herself, and as such no Irish nationalist worthy of the name will fail to support it.

Mr. O'Callaghan closed with an appeal to the audience to assist the United Irish league in Lowell, and by so doing constitute themselves a link in that Celtic chain which stretches around the world, and which before many years have passed is destined to work the downfall of British rule in Ireland.

Miss Ellen A. McLaughlin of Boston sang a song in the Gaelic tongue, the title of which translated was "The Pretty Girl Milking Her Cow." It elicited prolonged applause and Miss McLaughlin responded with "Believe Me," singing it in a truly artistic manner.

CHARLES F. MALLEY, ESQ.

Lawyer Charles F. Malley, of Boston, who addressed the local branch of the United Irish League in Jackson hall, this city, a week ago, was the next speaker. This gentleman characterized the work of the Irish National movement the most remarkable in spirit and accomplishment the world has ever seen.

John Redmond and his gallant Irish colleagues in parliament are the peers if not the superiors of any band of men conducting in the past or in the present any great agitation the world over.

"Here midway between Emmet's birthday and St. Patrick's day, here where an Irish heart should be stirred with emotion, live and move in this good city of Lowell, here at the height of the Irish movement, comes a call for volunteers not only to the people of Ireland but to the greater Ireland in exile, not to shoulder rifles and risk death from shot and shell, it is an appeal to hold up the hands of our champions in parliament, that jubilant band of Irish knights, to join the ranks of those that represent them and the enrollment in America of the splendid organization the United Irish league."

CONOR O'KELLY, M. P.

Conor O'Kelly, the speaker of the evening, the Irish delegate sent to the United States to plead for a final effort in the cause of home rule, was introduced in complimentary terms and got a most enthusiastic greeting.

After the applause subsided he entered upon a discussion of the Irish situation and the coming crisis in a cool, logical and persuasive manner. He is extremely cautious about what he says and he has not yet let himself loose so to speak, as is his wont in Ireland. He spoke substantially as follows:

Reverend Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen: In the first place I beg to thank you for the very kind, cordial, welcome which you have extended to me this evening. In my own name and in the name of the Irish party, I sincerely thank you. The meeting here this evening and the meetings in New York, in Boston and Rhode Island will give courage and heart and hope to our fellow countrymen who are fighting our battle at home, and too will bring dismay and chagrin to our enemies who have been calculating that the work of crushing and obliterating Irish nationality would in the absence of help from our fellow countrymen in America be a very easy task. This meeting, like the others which I have addressed, convinces me that we are on the eve of a great Irish revival in this country, equalling in its intensity and genuineness the feeling of the Irish people in this country in the days of Mr. Parnell. (Applause.)

This will be bad news for our enemies; it is the last thing which they would wish to hear of. This audience cannot estimate the consolation it has been to those who are fighting at home, the old cause in the old way with the old end in view. I have come to America, as you probably know, as the representative of a united country and the united party, and I would not be here tonight if that condition at home did not prevail.

My object in this country is to ask you if you wish to assist in this noble work of this organization. There is only one way in which Ireland can be aided effectively at the present time, and that is by upholding the organization of the United Irish league. I know that there are in this country men who have no faith in parliamentary agitation; they regard it as time wasted—men who believe that it will never procure for Irishmen everything that they desire. But I will ask them this question: If parliamentary agitation were as hopeless as some people in this country would wish to describe it, would not our fellow countrymen in the old land be the first to detect it and to repudiate it? The men who are on the spot are the best judges and our people at home like most of our fellow-countrymen in this country do everything in their power to advance, to strengthen and to sustain the parliamentary movement in Ireland.

Believe me they wouldn't do this if the parliamentary movement answered to the description which some of our friends in America are not unwilling to give it. The parliamentary movement of course has not done everything but it has done much and far more than any other form of agitation could possibly do and it will if we persevere finally bring us to the ultimate aim of all Irish effort the national self-government of our country.

Let us examine for a moment the charges of the people who say that parliamentary agitation is so far without result. Take the act of 1881. Before that act was passed seven-eighths of the Irish people were serfs in their own country. They could be turned out of their homes to starve, to emigrate or to die at the mere whim and caprice of a landlord, without mercy. They were serfs, the sport and the victim of their masters. The act of 1881 changed that. Instead of being what they had been, they were made practically free men, no longer could they landlords turn them adrift. They got security and a status in the soil of Ireland and that was the real beginning of the progress of the past 23 years.

If that act stood alone and if no other reform had been secured, I say that one act by itself would have vindicated and justified the parliamentary agitation of the Irish people.

But that act does not stand alone. Act after act followed it. The tendency of all of which was to strengthen and make more certain the grip of the Irish people on the land of their country.

But yet there are some people who, notwithstanding all these great achievements may still be skeptical as to the value of parlimentary agitation. Will they consider the local government act of 1898. Will not that convince them? That act dealt the severest blow given to English rule in Ireland in 100 years. It disestablished the grand juries. I need not tell this to people who know what the Irish grand juries were. They were the authority that ruled the country, had sway over county and town and parishes, and the villages; exercised all functions and privileges of local government. They were Dublin castles in miniature, they filled up every public position and enjoyed immense patronage, and exercised that patronage for the benefit of their own class. All the strength, all the influence, all the power of the English garrison in Ireland was mainly derived from their supreme and absolute control over the local government of the country.

Yet in one night—so to speak—they were swept away and in their places were put those whom they formerly regarded as outcasts and inferior in that country. The old landlord oligarchy is now abandoned and belongs to history. But there may be those who will say still in face of all this that the parlimentary movement is an idle movement. Will ever the land act of last year convince them? What is that land act doing? It provides the enormous sum of $500,000,000 for the expropriation of every landlord in Ireland. And to this add the bonus of $60,000,000 to make more certain that the expropriation will take place. It also provides for the expenditure every year of a sum of $33,000,000 for the purpose of cutting up the great grazing ranches in the west of Ireland, for the settlement thereon of the young people at home, thus giving them an opportunity to remain in their own land, instead of emigrating to some foreign country.

Surely this is something gained, something the cavillers and the carpers and the fault finders who refuse themselves to stir a hand or to move a foot in the work of preserving our people in our country ought to reflect upon. Do they ever reflect that we of the old race are but 3,000,000 now and that there are in Ireland 1,500,000 of a different class. The latter are increasing steadily; our race is decreasing so that if something had not been done to keep our people at home there would soon be no Irish race, no country to struggle for. And the land act of last year is something then to save the remnant of the race; it provides for the transference of the soil of Ireland to the people; it provides for the settlement of the young men upon the great grazing ranches of the country, reversing in this way the British policy of half a century.

If we had not gone on with this movement as I have said there would be no Ireland left to fight for, and still our friends who refuse to help us adopt a policy something resembling that of Nero, who fiddled while Rome was burning.

If we did nothing to stop emigration instead of being in the majority, as we are now, we would be very soon in the minority and instead of sending as we do now 86 members to the house of commons, to our opponents' 20, it is they who would be sending the 86 and we would be sending the 20.

Instead of having the majority of our people uncompromisingly hostile to alien rule we would have a majority of the people of Ireland proudly proclaiming themselves a loyal and a subordinate province of the British empire. No Irishman would like to see the day when that state of things will exist; it is preventable and can be avoided if only our Irish people the world over will turn their thoughts once more sympathetically to the old land.

I have spoken of the past, let us say a few words about the future. Land acts and local government acts are not the last word in the Irish question. When we were securing these measures we made no attempt to conceal from the British house of commons that we would use them to further and to secure the last end of all Irish effort, national self-government.

We told them that they might as well try to expel oxygen from the air as to destroy the spirit of nationality in Irish hearts. We must have and we mean to have a national parliament of our own. Some people are inclined to think that our struggle for a free parliament has only a sentimental side, that the parliament in London is adequate for all Irish purposes. That is not so. We have gained, it is true, many great measures of reform in the house of commons, but we have not gained everything we wish. The road to reform is tortuous and difficult. First we ask for legislative enactments, we are refused, then we grow more insistent and we are still refused, and finally we must have recourse to methods which conflict with the law and then England begins to listen to us.

All this takes time and it is only after we have broken the laws it is only after coercion, after the imprisonment of our public men that reform is finally secured. We must be satisfied with one or two great measures after five years of fighting, but there are in Ireland a thousand things that need attention and all these under the present system of government from London must necessarily be neglected.

Take our educational system, it is beneath contempt. There is more money spent in the city of Boston on the education of its children than in all Ireland from one end of the country to the other. Our primary school system is if I may repeat myself beneath contempt. Our secondary education is but little better and as a matter of fact we have no universities.

Then there are other questions such as local government, that would suffer in the same way under the prevailing order of things.

Let me make myself clear. Suppose that all the self-governing states in this country were to have their legislatures abolished in the morning and that all the work that they do now should be transferred to the congress of the country, does any man for a moment fancy that congress would be able to take upon its own shoulders the work which the local legislatures of this country now discharge? Does any man fancy that it would be humanly possible for congress to do all this work in addition to effectively dealing with its own federal affairs? You would have Massachusetts and New York and Pennsylvania and Illinois and California trying to have some measure of great local importance passed into law. You would have the one trying to get priority of hearings over the others. But all could not be served at the same time.

That would not be possible and local interest everywhere would disastrously suffer. That is exactly the condition that prevails in the British house of commons today.

Whatever else we may think of Britain it is a world-like empire. Year in and year out its component parts are knocking at the doors of the house of commons for consideration, but as in the analagous case which I have stated all cannot be served together at the same time, some must suffer. We suffer, and when this state of things is taken into consideration it will be seen that the question of Irish home rule has something more than a mere sentimental aspect.

How do we stand in connection with this question of home rule? I think I can say without exaggeration that at the present moment we stand in a far more encouraging position than we have at any time during the last 25 years. The unionist party that was brought together for the purpose of reducing Irish home rule is today a thing of the past. It is a spent force. In the past our enemies were jubilant over Irish dissensions; we were the eternal theme of their jibes and sneers. They knew we were powerless and they profited by our misfortune too long and too well.

But it is a long road that has no turning. The controversies of the past are dead and buried and forgotten, and it is our turn now to pay back our enemies in their own coin. Today our party is united as one man. There is not a whisper of dissension anywhere. Our leader enjoys the unquestioned confidence of all his colleagues, but how do things stand with our enemies. Chamberlain has rent them asunder. Their differences are deepening and widening from day to day and not desiring to be profane I refrain from telling you the complimentary things they say of one another. The day of reckoning of the Tory party has come. They coerced us, imprisoned us, suspended the constitution, suppressed public meetings at the point of the bayonet, tried to crush our press; left no weapon fair or foul unavailed of in the war against us. But they failed, we have survived it all and today we are their masters in their own house. And after the next general election, they will be our humble and obedient servants. Discredited and demoralized, the Tory party has not the ghost of a chance of coming back to the house of commons after the next election except in a minority. They will come back in a minority, having to face the mortification of seeing the Irish members masters of the situation, able to dictate any terms they please and what is better to remorselessly enforce them. But whilst it is true that the Tory party will not come back in the majority it is equally true that the Liberals will not come back in numbers sufficiently large to make them independent of the Irish vote. And the moment that 86 Irish votes are necessary to give one party a majority over the other, they will find the Chamberlains, the Balfours and the Rosebery's tumbling over one another in their scramble to make a bargain with Mr. Redmond upon the basis of national self government. Whoever pays the price on Irish liberty will get our votes. And the minimum we will take from any party will be national self government.

In the days gone by the Irish members turned out one element and put in another and in the future they will do the same. There is not a shadow of doubt about it, but that we are going to be masters of the house of commons for years to come, and no party that is unwilling to concede atonement to Ireland can hope to get into power with a working majority. We have already converted one British party to our views. The conversion of the other will be easy when the exigencies of politics leave them no choice.

We have beaten all of them in the past and we can beat them in the future, so long as we observe one condition, the union of our people.

Believe me that union is going to be preserved, it is not a mere caprice of the moment to be changed tomorrow or the day after, but the wise the deliberate and the considerate line upon which Irish policy must run. There is nothing impossible so long as we maintain that union which whilst symbolizing our past achievements is the surest guarantee of final and eventful triumph, a triumph which is bound to come if the Irish party and the Irish people at home have the moral and material support of their friends in the United States."

Mr. O'Kelly was warmly applauded as he resumed his seat.

Miss Elizabeth Hogan sang very sweetly "Come Back to Erin" and was encored, although the hour was late.

Miss McLaughlin sang another song in the Irish language, responding to the persistent applause with "The Last Rose of Summer." This was in reality the musical gem of the evening, as Miss McLaughlin put many artistic touches into this sweet song.

The meeting closed with the singing of "God Save Ireland" by Daniel J. Donahue, the audience joining in the chorus.

About 16 new members joined the ranks of the United Irish league, giving their names to a committee that passed among the audience.

SAMUEL M. BELL

WELL-KNOWN POST OFFICE EMPLOYE IS DEAD.

Samuel M. Bell, an employe at the post office for the past 21 years, died of apoplexy at his home, 285 High street, last night. The deceased was well known in postal circles. "Sam," as he was generally called, was one of the most popular employes at the local office and the sad news of his death will come as a severe shock to his many friends.

He had been ill about six weeks. He was born in the room in which he died.

He is survived by a daughter, Nellie M. and one son, Charles W., the latter being for many years identified with the republican city committee.

The funeral will take place Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from his late home in High street. Friends invited.

Nearly Forfeits His Life.

A runaway almost ending fatally started a horrible ulcer on the leg of J. R. Orner, Franklin Grove, Ill. For four years it defied all doctors and all remedies. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve had no trouble to cure him. Equally good for Burns, Bruises, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25c at Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street, Lowell.

MRS. E. TURNER

Superfluous Hair and Moles removed, also Facial Massaging. 64 Central St., rm. 5

FOR SALE

AT A SACRIFICE

A Country Store with House and Stable, well located, in centre of town, at junction of four lines of electrics. Excellent chance to secure a Home and Business Location at a very low price for cash.

FRANK W. COUGHLIN, 41 Donovan Building, Lowell, Mass.

SAVE THIS COUPON — SUN PREMIUM

14K GOLD FOUNTAIN PEN

For six of these coupons and 75c we will furnish for a time Sun readers with a solid gold, fully warranted Fountain Pen, polished barrel, rubber cap screw section, beautiful delivery, worth $1.50. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed. You will wonder how you ever got along without it. Places where the pen may be obtained. A. W. Dows & Co., cor. Merrimack and Central Sts and 339 Central St.; Lowell Pharmacy, 653 Merrimack St.; Frank P. Moody, corner Dutton and Fletcher Sts.; C. E. Carter, cor. Branch and Smith Sts. and cor. Westford and Pine streets.

We Offer $1,000

For a Disease Germ That Liquozone Can't Kill

In every bottle of Liquozone we publish an offer of $1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. We do that to convince you that Liquozone does as we claim.

Please note what that means. Any drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be taken internally. Medicine is, therefore, almost helpless in any germ disease. Liquozone alone can kill germs in the body without killing the tissues, too.

Acts Like Oxygen

Liquozone is the result of a process which, for more than 20 years, has been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research. Its virtues are derived solely from gas, made in large part from the best oxygen producers. By a process requiring immense apparatus and 14 days' time, these gases are made part of the liquid product.

The result is a product that does what oxygen does. Oxygen gas, as you know, is the very source of vitality, the most essential element of life. Liquozone is a vitalizing tonic with which no other known product can compare. But germs are vegetables; and Liquozone, which—like oxygen—is life to an animal, is deadly to vegetal matter.

We Paid $100,000

For the American rights to Liquozone—the highest price ever paid for similar rights on any scientific discovery. We did this after testing the product for two years, through physicians and hospitals, in this country and others.

That price was paid because Liquozone does what all the skill in the world cannot do without it. It does in germ diseases that which is impossible with drugs. It carries into the blood a harmless yet powerful germicide, to destroy at once and forever the cause of any germ disease. And no man knows another way to do it.

Liquozone is new in America, and millions who need it don't know of it. For that reason we are spending $500,000 to give the first bottle free to each of a million sick ones.

Germ Diseases

These are the known germ diseases. All that medicine can do for these troubles is to help Nature overcome the germs, and such results are indirect and uncertain. Liquozone kills the germs, wherever they are, and the results are inevitable. By destroying the cause of the trouble, it invariably ends the disease, and forever.

Asthma	Hay Fever—Influenza
Abscess—Anaemia	Kidney Diseases
Bronchitis	La Grippe
Blood Poison	Leucorrhea
Bright's Disease	Liver Troubles
Bowel Troubles	Malaria—Neuralgia
Coughs—Colds	Many Heart Troubles
Consumption	Piles—Pneumonia
Colic—Croup	Pleurisy—Quinsy
Constipation	Rheumatism
Catarrh—Cancer	Skin Diseases
Dysentery—Diarrhea	Scrofula—Syphilis
Dandruff—Dropsy	Stomach Troubles
Dyspepsia	Throat Troubles
Eczema—Erysipelas	Tuberculosis
Fevers—Gall Stones	Tumors—Ulcers
Goitre—Gout	Varicocle
Gonorrhea—Gleet	Women's Diseases

All diseases that begin with fever—all inflammation—all catarrh—all contagious diseases—all the results of impure or poisonous blood.

In nervous debility Liquozone acts as a vitalizer, accomplishing what no drugs can do.

50c Bottle Free

If you need Liquozone, and have never tried it, please send us this coupon. We will then mail you an order on your local druggist for a full-size bottle, and we will pay your druggist ourselves for it. This is our free gift, made to convince you; to show you what Liquozone is, and what it can do. In justice to yourself, please accept it today, for it places you under no obligation whatever.

Liquozone costs 50c and $1.00.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

for this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blanks and mail it to the Liquid Ozone Co., 458-460 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

My disease is.....

I have never tried Liquozone, but if you will supply me a 50c. bottle free I will take it.

.....

.....

557 ..... Give full address—write plainly.

Any physician or hospital not yet using Liquozone will be gladly supplied for a test.

REDUCTION IN COAL

Beginning Today we will reduce the price of all our Best Grades of Coal

HORNE COAL CO.

Office, 15 Central Street

Days of Dizziness

Come to Hundreds of Lowell People

There are days of dizziness,

Spells of headache, sideache, backache,

Sometimes rheumatic pains,

Often urinary disorders.

All tell you plainly the kidneys are sick.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure all kidney ills.

Mr. J. J. Foster of 46 First street says:—"I was more or less troubled with kidney difficulties for a long time. I read in our paper about the many cures Doan's Kidney Pills had made in our city and going to Ellingwood & Co's drug store, corner of Merrimack and Central streets, I procured a box. The great benefit I derived from the use of Doan's Kidney Pills gives me a high appreciation of their merit.

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

SPRING DRESS GOODS

Values that ward off lulls. One of the inevitable laws of your self-interest is that active business follows the announcement of such offerings as these:

$1 DRESS GOODS FOR 50c

We are going to let you be the judge and jury of this offering. No sale has gone before and no sale could possibly follow that will equal these all-wool fabrics. 44 to 50 inches wide, only

50 Cents

USINDA SUITING

For general service these beautiful goods will ever find favor. We maintain quite a variety of these sturdy fabrics in a good assortment of colorings, many of which are exclusive. 40 to 54 inches wide, only

75 Cents

VOILE AND NUN'S VEILING

Two special lines just received. Every desired shade for the street or evening wear, including silver and pearl gray, champagne, castor, navy blue, mode and light blue. Only

50 Cents

ENGLISH MOHAIRS

Fifty cents is a modest price for pure Mohairs that are genuinely English in both spinning and dyeing. These are warranted to be both and are therefore perfect. 46 inches in all the new spring colors, only

50 Cents

WERNAND SUITING

This all-wool fabric just received, is beyond criticism. They were made by a manufacturer who caters to the best trade. New spring shades of blues, gray, castor, red, brown, navy blue and mode, only

59 Cents

RAIN CLOTH

These goods are made especially for us by a leading manufacturer and you may be sure that every yard represents more cravenette quality than was ever before possible. 56 inches wide,

$1.25

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

THE LOWELL SUN

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, PROPRIETOR.

Member of the Associated Press.

Three Dollars per Year. Twenty-five Cents per Month

☞The Sun receives the full day service of The Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. The entire service received over a leased wire, by our own operator in our own office in The Sun building.

SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1903, was **14,590** A gain of 1083 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1904. JOHN J. HOGAN, Notary Public.

15,252 The sworn daily average circulation for two months of 1904 was: **15,252**

☞This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

Mayor Collins of Boston got tired of the wrangling kept up by the trustees of the pauper institutions department and he discharged the entire number. If we had more mayors who would thus assert their authority we should have better municipal government.

The Associated Press has arranged that the war news from the East will hereafter come to this country by the Pacific cable so that it will reach this country before it reaches the European capitals. It will thus be more reliable than if it came through St. Petersburg or even through London.

Here is what the Memphis Commercial Appeal says of President Roosevelt:

"There has been all along an element of the spectacular and fictitious about him. It has always been his studied aim to be regarded as a hero, as an upright and downright man, as a Buffalo Bill sort of fellow, as an honest man, in the language of Mr. Toodles, who doesn't give a damn."

Japan seems to be adopting as bold tactics on land as on sea. Russia is sadly handicapped by the length and inadequacy of the trans-Siberian railroad. The tracks laid over the ice on Lake Baikal are beginning to give way and the government is offering big prizes for a road around the lake. It will be the middle of summer before Russia will be ready to start on a vigorous campaign against the Japanese. The latter may force the fighting before Russia shall have completed her preparations.

Sixto Lopez, the Filipino patriot, who has opposed the imperial policy of the government with commendable ability, has been exiled from his native isle. That is a sign of weakness on the part of the government of the United States. Already a bond of $100,000 has been offered for the good behavior of Lopez if permitted to go back to his own country. If the government persists in the expatriation of this brave and highly educated Filipino, he can retaliate in various ways. He can plot against the government outside and in a manner that will do more harm than he could do if under police surveillance.

IS CHAMBERLAIN CRAZY?

It is reported that Joseph Chamberlain's mental faculties are giving way. It would not be surprising as Mr. Chamberlain has undertaken to twist the whole British nation around his fingers and he is not succeeding to any great extent. Already defeat stares him in the face and the prospect is quite discouraging to a man of his ambitions.

ABOUT THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

This week's Commoner has a long speech from Mr. Bryan upon the wisdom of doing right. It is a very fine speech, an oration in fact, but as an appeal to the democracy to do right we do not think it will have the desired effect. Mr. Bryan's oft repeated view of the right—for the democratic convention is that the Kansas City platform shall be reaffirmed. We surmise that when the convention assembles it will look forward, not backward.

THE MONEY QUESTION STILL BOTHERS.

That the currency question is not quite settled is clear from the following in the Wall Street Journal:

"Let us get back in this country to correct economic principles in all matters relating to money and banking. We ought to cut loose once and for all from all measures of inflation. We have become one of the great powers in finance, as in politics. We have put ourselves upon a gold basis, now let us go one step further and prove our capacity for leadership in the business world by putting our financial system upon the sure foundation of sound principles."

The system that permits of inflation at the will of the money kings, that must be propped up by the distribution of government funds by the secretary of the treasury to his favored banks and that causes the gold to be withdrawn from circulation and hoarded in the treasury where it cannot be reached by the people needs some radical remedy.

GIVE US FREE TUITION IN DAY TEXTILE SCHOOL.

Some friends of the Lowell Textile school protest that the opposition to the appropriation of $8,000 by the city of Lowell is pointless. They claim that there is no legitimate argument against it and hold also that those who object should state plainly in what respect they would have the policy or management of the Textile school changed.

It is true that there is a good deal of rather vague objection against the Textile school. The operatives of the mills object to it on the ground that it has done them no good and citizens generally object to the appropriation for the same reason. The fact is, that a great deal was expected from the Textile school and very little local benefit has been realized thus far.

Now a petition has been presented to the legislature for the annual appropriation of $20,000 from the state, conditional upon the appropriation of $8,000 from the city of Lowell.

To analyze this appropriation of $28,000 the city of Lowell pays outright the sum of $8,000 and pays also its pro rata share of the remaining $20,000. Now there are represented in the day department of the school 44 or 45 cities and towns in Massachusetts. Would they have any right to object if in lieu of the annual appropriation of $8,000 the Lowell students would be guaranteed free tuition?

The tuition is $100 a year for residents of Massachusetts and $150 a year for non-residents. There are at the day school 135 students, 38 of whom are residents of Lowell. Now if these 38 Lowell students received tuition free it seems that the objection to the annual appropriation by the city would be overcome. This would take about $3000 from the present income of the institution, as while there are 38 students from Lowell at the day school some of them do not pay the full tuition fee for the reason that they are pursuing special branches only.

If Lowell then is to give $8,000 for this school let the school be free for all Lowell students, both day and evening. Every other school for which we appropriate money is free to all local students. If we have to pay for the Textile school why not let that be free also for local students?

It has been the contention of the Sun that if we make a special appropriation for the school we should have some special privileges in it. We have the advantage of almost exclusive attendance in the evening school as distance prevents other cities from contributing to the attendance in any large degree. To give us free tuition in the day school will square matters and we believe overcome all objection to the local appropriation.

SEEN AND HEARD

Green horses will be in great demand for St. Patrick's day parade.

The down town streets are fairly comfortable. The work of picking and shoveling the ice is no cinch.

The chances are that the man who sleeps with a revolver under his pillow wouldn't go down stairs if his wife told him there were burglars in the house.

Inspector Charles Laflamme who swears that St. Patrick was a Frenchman has been asked to ride a horse in the parade.

You make talk of the signs of the weather,
Of the coming days you may sing,
But two feet of ice in a principal street
Doesn't look like an early spring.

W. A. Belgin, head bookkeeper for the Lowell Rendering company, returned from his home in Brooklyn, N. Y., Saturday. He was summoned home because of the illness of his five-year-old brother, who died while Mr. Belgin was en route to Brooklyn.

The following is from the Lawrence Sun of recent date:

Quite a few from this city went over to North Andover Tuesday evening to listen to a scholarly and thoughtful discourse delivered by Rev. Fr. Hefferman in the Lenten services in St. Michael's church. Rev. Fr. Hefferman is a native of this city and always lived here up to the time of his going off to study for the priesthood. He was always a popular and well-liked young man and his local friends are always pleased to see him. Ever since his ordination he has been stationed at St. Peter's church in Lowell, of which another former resident of Lawrence, Rev. Michael Ronan, is pastor.

A reporter of one of the New York papers has been making a tour among the fortune tellers of the city. He says that a recapitulation of various prophecies made to him would show that he has been promised 18 wives and 25 children; that he was born into this world on various occasions between 1870 and 1880, and under nearly all the planets known to astronomers; that he has more birthplaces than fingers and toes. He has passed through so many scenes of unexpected happiness and complicated misfortune in his past life that he must have lived 50 hours to the day and been wide awake all the time. He has so much future wealth to gather up that 350 years from now the work will only be half done. When he dies his body will have to be cut up if he is to be buried in all the places the oracles have picked out for him.

The men who have nothing else to do but to stand on the street corners and greet the glad sunshine with a smile have grown wonderfully numerous within the last few days. The hanging out places when the mercury is doing stunts in cold quarters will have many vacant chairs in a few days and in a little while the sons of rest will hie themselves to the commons and banks of rivers. A great deal has been done and said about the tramp nuisance. The legislature has been appealed to and it looks now as if the professional hobo would be legislated out of Massachusetts. Something of a like nature ought to be done to rid cities and towns of the "stay-at-home" hobo, the fellow who hangs about sunny corners, day in and day out, and week in and week out. He is more obnoxious than the perambulating hobo.

MORE SHOE FACTORIES.

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 14—The W. H. McElwain Shoe company has made arrangements for the establishment of three additional shoe factories in this city which will give employment to 1000 hands. Two buildings in South Manchester have been leased for this purpose, and a new brick building four stories in height, 60 by 300 feet will be erected in East Manchester.

Cure for Asthma and Hay Fever

The statements published below confirm the claim of Dr. Schiffmann that his remedy is an absolute cure for Asthma and Hay Fever.

Mrs. Mary Zachery, Pleasant Hill, La., says: "I have found your Asthma Cure a permanent cure for Asthma, for which I used it 7 years ago. I have never had the slightest return of the trouble since. I have also found your remedy excellent in Bronchial affections."

A Hay Fever sufferer writes: "I have had Hay Fever for 14 years. I bought a package of your remedy (Schiffmann's Asthma Cure), of our druggist and due to its use this is the first summer that I have not been troubled." Mrs. Frank Guilfoyle, 6337 Ridge avenue, Roxboro, Philadelphia.

Sold by druggists at 50c and $1.00.

Send 2c stamp to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 890, St. Paul, Minn., for a free sample package.

Stock is High

BUT THE SAME GOOD QUALITY

GOES INTO

HARRY RICHARDSON'S

Bread

—AND—

Cake

Try It

DEVINE'S

TRUNKS BAGS

88 Merrimack St.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

DISASTROUS FIRE

Wiped Out the Business Section of Town

EAST DOUGLAS, Mass., March 14.—Fire which broke out in the Central block at 6.45 o'clock yesterday morning totally destroyed Central block, the Methodist church, and ruined Mechanics block before it was extinguished, entailing a loss of $50,000, covered by $20,000 insurance, and practically wiping out the business section of the town.

B. H. Stockwell and George Stoddard had their faces badly burned while working at the fire and Hoseman Charles Madson and Charles Labro had their boots burned from their feet. Chief Engineer Henry J. Allbee was carried from the fire in an exhausted condition while several other firemen were slightly injured.

All the electrotypes owned by the American Axe and Tool company in C. J. Batcheller's printery in the Central block were destroyed.

At one time nine buildings were burning. Only heavy water pressure service from the woolen mill saved the central part of the town from destruction.

CLARENCE D. SIRE

ARRESTED ON A CHARGE OF FRAUD.

NEW YORK, March 14—It was a surprise Friday, even to the court officers in Centre Market court, when they heard that a youthful looking prisoner was Clarence D. Sire, son of wealthy Benjamin Sire, of Sire Brothers, and that he was charged with defrauding the Van Norden Trust company out of $980.

The Van Nordens did not appear as complainants. Instead Detective Sergeant Clark of the Central office filed a brief affidavit; and Sire was held in $1,000 bail, furnished by William F. Donnelly, a lawyer, at No. 99 Nassau street, in the office of the Sires.

Young Sire has a real estate office at No. 160 West Twenty-eighth street. It was impossible to find him there or at his home, No. 22 West Fifty-ninth street. At the office, a young man who said his name was Sire, declared he had not seen Clarence D. Sire all day. He knew nothing of the charge.

Arthur King Wood, secretary and treasurer of the Van Norden Trust company, said all he knew of the matter was that young Mr. Sire had been a depositor in the trust company at one time and that three of four months ago he cashed a check for $980 that proved to be worthless. He added that Mr. Sire had been given every chance to settle and that he had not availed himself of this opportunity. He referred his questioner to Edward W. S. Johnston of Johnston & Johnston, lawyers at Nos. 8 and 10 Centre street, counsel for the Van Norden Trust company.

Mr. Johnston said he understood the check in question had been given by one R. Charles Hartstell to Mr. Sire and that it was drawn on the banking house of William Clark & Sons in Nassau street. Hartstell, Mr. Johnston said, had $900 on deposit in Clark & Son's bank, but drew it out after the check had been accepted by the Van Nordens from Mr. Sire.

POSTAL RECEIPTS INCREASE.

WASHINGTON, March 14—According to a statement issued by the post office department Saturday the gross receipts of the fifty largest offices for February, 1904, were $5,467,519, as compared with $4,979,963 for February, 1903, a net increase of $487,556, or 2.79 per cent.

The receipts of the New York office last month were $1,122,189, against $1,023,039 for 1903, an increase of $99,141, or 9.69 per cent.; Chicago, $869,076, against $803,961, an increase of $65,115, or 8.9 per cent.; Philadelphia, $382,298, against $348,292, a gain of $34,005, or 9.76 per cent.; Boston, $335,358, against $305,812, a gain of $29,746, or 9.73 per cent.; Brooklyn, $173,870, against $147,722, a gain of $26,147, or 17.7 per cent.; Washington, $88,336, against $77,375, a gain of $11,156, or 14.45 per cent.

Only two offices show decreases, Buffalo, N. Y., with .93 per cent. and Columbus, Ohio, with 7 per cent. The barometer of national prosperity, as the monthly post office statement is called, has risen since the last monthly report.

CLEVELAND'S MAIDEN TRIP.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 14—The new protected cruiser Cleveland, arrived here yesterday on her maiden trial trip, in charge of Commander William H. Southerland. The trip from Norfolk was uneventful and satisfactory.

Come and See us at ADAMS

BUREAUS

Handsome Bureaus in mahogany—oak and maple woods with bevel French plate mirrors. The selling price commencing at $10 varies with the quality of workmanship—wood and finish to $38.00 each.

Chamber Chairs and Commodes to match.

ADAMS & CO.

Furniture, Rugs Carpets

174 CENTRAL ST.

Appleton Bank Block

New Spring Goods

Choicest novelties of the New York and London markets in great variety.

SUITS $30 TO $45

LOUIS ALEXANDER

IMPORTER and TAILOR

65 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

PAUL O. KABLE, Assistant.

Putnam & Son Co.

166 Central Street

The Immensely Popular Rain Coat is splendidly represented here

The improvements in the get up of our rain coats made them the most attractive garments we know of.

Every one is made by a skilled overcoat tailor and has the air and swing that belong to a handsome long overcoat.

Snug fitting collars, new narrow lapels, broad shoulders, straight across pockets, with full skirts, put these rain coats in a class by themselves. Belts or no belts as you please. Fabrics are entirely new; smart Scotch cheviots, oxford grays, covert cloths and blacks afford ample choice for any taste. Special lots in young men's sizes from 32 to 36 breast measure in addition to our men's coats—prices from $7.50 and $10, up to $28.

WOLLE ARRESTED

He is a Notorious Counterfeiter

BOSTON, March 14.—Albert Roth, a young German who was arrested here Saturday night on the charge of swindling postage stamp dealers and collectors, was identified yesterday by Secret Service Agent Joseph Murphy of St. Louis as R. P. H. Wolle, a counterfeiter, well known to the secret service bureau. After meeting Agent Murphy, the prisoner admitted that he was Wolle.

Wolle's presence in this vicinity is attributed to an alleged bogus collection of stamps, which, if genuine, would reach a value of $10,000.

Local stamp dealers claim that he tried to swindle them by representing these as rare specimens. It is charged that Wolle altered common stamps so that they resembled issues of great market value.

His most notable crime occurred in 1900 when he aroused the federal authorities by raising the value of bank notes. Convicted in St. Louis he was sentenced to the state penitentiary at Jefferson City, Mo., for five years.

In the prison he was convict No. 3333, and the prison postoffice box was No. 47. He managed to secure the insertion of advertisements in many publications which informed the stamp dealers and collectors that he would buy their collections. His advertisements were signed "Number 3333," and the prison postoffice box "No. 47, Jefferson City, Mo." Immediately he began to receive large quantities of mail, but the prison authorities did not detect the wrong-doing for a long time. Last January he was released from prison, much before his term had expired, because of his excellent conduct. Since his release he has been living in Brooklyn.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

A general cry is being made all over the country for lower prices of admission to theatres and a company of comedians, headed by Mr. George Ober, late of the Hoyt forces, have been trying with remarkable success a series of experiments along this line. They are producing for the first time with a first-class company the comedy "The Wrong Mr. Wright" in the popular priced houses. Manager Murphy of the Academy of Music offers this company to his patrons as a change from the heavier fare that has maintained there in the nature of an experiment. The attraction has been doing remarkably well in the south and west and will no doubt be received here in New England with favor. A strong presentation, replete with specialties and attractive features in general is promised and the roster of the company and reputation that has preceded them speak well for their success to come. "The Wrong Mr. Wright" is from the clever pen of George Broadhurst, whose "What Happened to Jones" and "Why Smith Left Home" have made the entire continent laugh. It will be worth while to go to the Academy of Music this afternoon to see what this interesting experiment in high class attractions at low prices will yield the speculative mind who has had to pay heavily for his amusement heretofore and not always had his money's worth at that. Performances will be given today, tomorrow and Wednesday afternoon and evenings.

WRESTLING NOTES.

Friday night's wrestling match was a disappointment to the lovers of good wrestling who expected to see a scientific contest, for it lasted only a few moments and the sports weren't given time to wink before each fall was over. Prokos made a mistake in going at his cleverer adversary. He was twice as strong as Ladue, but not near as clever, and he should have remained on the defensive and allowed Ladue to do the work. In that way he might have had a chance. But going at him aggressively he was bound to lose for Ladue knows too much about the game for him, although Prokos has improved wonderfully under the care of Callery and Rogers, the local wrestlers.

The best wrestling match that has been held in Lowell was that in Associate hall between Charlie Reinecke and Oscar Sunstrom, the terrible Swede. They were two men of science and their work was of a very clever order. Reinecke is in the south and upon his return will be matched big wrestlers here in the near future.

A number of prominent local sporting men who are interested in wrestling got together last evening and formed an organization for the purpose of promoting the game in this city. It is their intention to get some of the big westerners here in the near future.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

COUNCIL OF WOMEN

TO BE HELD IN BERLIN IN JUNE.

Twenty-two countries will be represented at the meeting of the International Council of Women, to be held in Berlin during the week beginning June 6, 1904. This organization meets but once in five years. When its last session, held in London, 1899, was adjourned, it was composed of ten National Councils. Since then nine National Councils have been added to the international, and at the coming meeting reports are expected from three more.

The president of the International Council of Women, Mrs. May Wright Sewell of Indianapolis, Ind., originated the idea of National Councils of Women, and planned and conducted the work preliminary to the organization in Washington, D. C., March 31, 1888, of the National Council of Women of the United States and of the International Council of Women. The adoption of the council idea by progressive women in nearly all the civilized countries attests to its great value.

During her administration Mrs. Sewall has advocated, both in this country and abroad, what she has aptly named "The New Internationalism." In other words, the union and conservation of the influence and work of the National Councils of Women in behalf of educational, industrial and civic reforms, legislation for the benefit of women and children, peace and arbitration and other movements for human betterment. This theme will be presented at the coming International Council. The formal addresses include one in English, by Lady Aberdeen, and one in German, by Baroness Von Suttner, on Peace and Arbitration.

The International Council will be convened according to the laws and customs of Germany: under the auspices of the National Council of German Women.

CHARGE OF MURDER

PREFERRED AGAINST CLINTON WOMAN.

CLINTON, Mass., March 14.—As the result of an investigation into the deaths of two children whose bodies were found buried under an abandoned barn in Sterling on Wednesday last, officers from Oakdale and Milford yesterday arrested Mrs. Alma A. Loveley of Orange, on the charge of murder. She was locked up and will be arraigned in the district court this morning. Mrs. Loveley formerly resided in Clinton.

WITH THE UNIONS

Great Activity in Labor Halls Yesterday

The resignation of Martin Ready as recording secretary of the Stationary Firemen was accepted at a meeting of that body yesterday afternoon and James Rogers was elected to the position.

The Stationary Firemen voted financial assistance to the striking glove makers in Gloversville, N. Y. A committee was also appointed to visit the several representatives of the general court to oppose the passage of the pending license bill. The association voted a substantial amount of money with which to purchase tickets for the benefit of Mary Fratus, vice president of the Trades and Labor council.

Stewart Reed, seventh vice president of the American Federation of Labor addressed the Allied Metal Polishers in Machinists' hall Saturday evening.

Next Thursday evening the Cotton Weavers will hold a sociable in their hall on Middle street.

At the regular semi-monthly meeting of the Barbers' union yesterday the report of Henry Smith on the recent legislative hearing on the bill to license barbers was read.

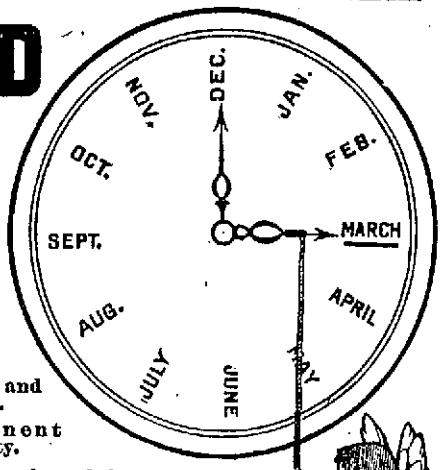
Mr. Smith of the Barbers' union will attend a hearing at the state house this week in advocacy of the bill for a commission to examine and license barbers.

At the semi-monthly meeting of the Textile council yesterday Representative Ross of New Bedford and other speakers addressed the council. Thomas F. McDonough, a prominent member of the Cotton Weavers' union is serving in the capacity of recording secretary during the illness of Miss Mary Fratus. At the meeting of the council yesterday a substantial sick benefit was voted for Miss Fratus.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

NOW IS THE TIME TO TAKE

BLOOD WINE



"Spring Fever" begins in March. BLOOD WINE cleanses your system of the clogging waste that winter has left.

Invigorates Run Down People.

Cures Indigestion and Stomach Weakness.

Makes Permanent Strength and Vitality.

Regulates the Bowels and Drives Out Impurities.

Makes Rich, Red, Buoyant, Lively Blood.

Blood Wine is the GRANDEST SPRING TONIC and STRENGTHENER on EARTH.

SHE WAS CURED OF STOMACH TROUBLE AND NERVE WEAKNESS.

As I have had severe attacks of stomach trouble for years, which unstrung my nerves and left me physically very weak, I was urged by friends to try Blood Wine. I have used three bottles, and I must say it has done me lots of good. Have had no attacks with my stomach since, and my nerves seem to be strengthened very much. I heartily recommend it to any one with stomach or nervous troubles. Yours truly,

MRS. JAMES M. BAKER, 181 Cedar St., Corning, N.Y.

Blood Wine Kidney and Liver Pills are a guaranteed cure for constipation. 100 Pills, 25 cents.

Free Trial Bottle!

If you live at a distance and cannot reach a drug store, buy Blood Wine direct of us. We will upon receipt of 50 cts. per bottle, prepay the express to any point east of the Mississippi River. You can have a free trial bottle and a trial package of Blood Wine Kidney and Liver Pills by cutting out this coupon and sending it to Blood Wine Medicine Co., Worcester, Mass.

ELLINGWOOD & CO.

CARTER & SHERBURNE

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE

DOUBLE HEADER

Lowell Took Two Games From Manchester

THE HAVERHILL TEAM DEFEATED P. A. C.'S

Salem High School Girls Were Defeated

Lowell took a double header from the Manchester basketball team Saturday. The first game was played at 3 o'clock in the afternoon and Lowell won by a score of 40 to 22. In the evening the locals did even better and the Queen city lads were defeated by a score of 47 to 21.

About five hundred people assembled in Huntington hall in the afternoon and were treated to a fine exhibition. It was lively at all times and the spectators expected several times to be treated to a game of rough house.

Manchester lost because the team was outplayed. They seem to have shot their pace so great has the strain been on them during the season, and it is not surprising considering the work they have done with six men.

Matthews was the big man in the game just as he always is. He was pitted against Peck Donnelly and he managed to score more baskets than Peck and also kept the latter well covered. Toward the close of the game Toby made a shot that brought the entire audience to its feet. From the center of the floor and while on the run he made one of his one hand shots that landed squarely in the basket. Holleron played well though at times his passing was not up to the mark. Kane was too much for Dan Lynch and the boy from the "flats" fouled several times in order to prevent scoring by Kane.

"Slats" Healey and Getzinger were opponents and the latter managed to keep "Slats" from scoring while the Lowell boy had two baskets to his credit. Devlin and Tigue were more evenly matched than any other pair on the surface.

The following is the lineup and summary of the afternoon game:

LOWELL.	MANCHESTER.
Mathews lf	rb Donnelly
Kane rf	lb Lynch
Getzinger c	c Healey
Holleron lb	rf Qualey
Tigue rb	lf Devlin

FIRST PERIOD.

Goal, Lowell, Kane	2— 0
Goal, Lowell, Kane	4— 0
Third foul, Manchester, Lynch	5— 0
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	7— 0
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	9— 0
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	11— 0
Goal, Manchester, Devlin	11— 2
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	13— 2
Goal, Lowell, Getzinger	15— 2
Third foul, Lowell, Mathews	15— 3
Third foul, Manchester, Donnelly	15— 5

SECOND PERIOD.

Goal, Lowell, Kane	17— 5
Goal, Lowell, Tigue	19— 5
Third foul, Manchester, Donnelly	20— 5
Goal, Lowell, Kane	22— 5
Third foul, Lowell, Mathews	22— 6
Goal, Manchester, Donnelly	22— 8
Goal, Lowell, Kane	24— 8
Third foul, Lowell, Kane	24— 9
Goal, Manchester, Donnelly	24—11
Third foul, Lowell, Kane	24—12
Third foul, Manchester, Donnelly	25—12
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	27—12
Goal, Manchester, Qualey	27—14

THIRD PERIOD.

Third foul, Lowell, Kane	27—15
Third foul, Manchester, Lynch	28—15
Third foul, Manchester, Devlin	29—15
Goal, Manchester, Qualey	29—17
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	31—17
Third foul, Manchester, Healey	32—17
Third foul, Lowell, Kane	32—18
Goal, Manchester, Donnelly	32—20
Goal, Lowell, Kane	34—20
Goal, Manchester, Devlin	34—22
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	36—22
Goal, Lowell, Getzinger	37—22
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	40—22

Score, Lowell 40, Manchester 22. Goals from the floor, Kane 6, Mathews 8, Getzinger 2, Tigue, Donnelly 4, Devlin 2, Qualey 2. Points on fouls, Lowell 6, Manchester 6. Fouls committed, Mathews 4, Tigue 4, Getzinger, Kane 8, Holleron 2, Lynch 8, Donnelly 3, Devlin 4, Healey 3. Referee, Michael Godley of Fitchburg. Timekeepers, Wynn of Manchested and Halloran for Lowell. Attendance, 700.

THE EVENING GAME.

If the afternoon game was exciting the evening contest was more so. The crowd was large enough to tax the seating capacity of the hall and the partisans had plenty of chance to root during the first two periods. In the third period it was Lowell all the ways and the local admirers shouted themselves hoarse in yelling encouragement to Manager Gray's boys. Loos and Leighton were sent in to play in this game and their work was far ahead of anything the pair has done this season. Leighton especially gave a good account of himself. In the second period an unfortunate accident occurred that may keep "Slats" Healey out of the game for the rest of the season. He turned on his ankle and was unable to regain his feet. He was removed to his dressing room and Peter Regan was sent to take his place. Lynch went to centre and Devlin to left back. Regan played in Devlin's place against Leighton. In the third period Holleron did not play, his place being taken by Tigue whose presence was felt for Lowell scored 21 points in the last period. Mathews again put up a great game though he scored two less baskets than in the afternoon contest.

Lineup and summary:

LOWELL.	MANCHESTER.
Mathews lf	rb Donnelly
Kane rf	lb Lynch, Devlin
Loos c	c Healey, Lynch
Tigue, Holleron lb	rf Qualey
Leighton rb	lf Devlin, Regan

FIRST PERIOD.

Goal, Lowell, Kane	2— 0
Goal, Manchester, Qualey	2— 2
Third foul, Manchester, Donnelly	3— 2
Third foul, Lowell, Mathews	3— 3
Goal, Lowell, Leighton	5— 3
Goal, Lowell, Loos	7— 3
Goal, Manchester, Devlin	7— 5
Third foul, Manchester, Lynch	8— 5
Third foul, Lowell, Loos	8— 6
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	10— 6
Third foul, Lowell, Leighton	10— 7

SECOND PERIOD.

Third foul, Manchester, Devlin	11— 7
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	13— 7
Goal, Manchester, Donnelly	13— 9
Third foul, Manchester, Lynch	14— 9
Goal, Manchester, Donnelly	14—11
Third foul, Lowell, Kane	14—12
Goal, Lowell, Kane	16—12
Goal, Lowell, Leighton	18—12
Third foul, Manchester, Donnelly	19—12
Third foul, Lowell, Kane	19—13
Goal, Lowell, Loos	21—13
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	23—13
Goal, Manchester, Donnelly	23—15
Third foul, Manchester, Devlin	24—15
Goal, Lowell, Kane	26—15

THIRD PERIOD.

Third foul, Lowell, Kane	26—16
Goal, Lowell, Kane	28—16
Goal, Lowell, Leighton	30—16
Goal, Lowell, Leighton	32—16
Foul, Loos, Lowell, Loos	34—16
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	36—16
Goal, Lowell, Leighton	38—16
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	40—16
Goal, Lowell, Kane	42—16
Goal, Manchester, Donnelly	42—18
Goal, Lowell, Mathews	44—18
Goal Manchester, Qualey	44—20
Goal, Lowell, Leighton	46—20
Third foul, Manchester, Donnelly	47—20
Third foul, Lowell, Loos	47—21

Score—Lowell 47, Manchester 22. Goals from the floor, Mathews 6, Leighton 6, Kane 5, Loos 3, Donnelly 4, Qualey 2, Devlin. Points on fouls, Lowell 7, Manchester 7. Fouls committed, Kane 7, Holleron 3, Mathews 4, Loos 4, Leighton 2, Devlin 4. Referee, Michael Godley of Fitchburg. Timekeepers, Halloran for Lowell, Wynne for Manchester. Attendance, 1000.

P. A. C. LOST.

HAVERHILL, March 14—Haverhill defeated P. A. C. of Lowell Saturday night in a one-sided contest, 41 to 17. Haverhill took the lead at the start and maintained it throughout. Wachter and Doyle threw baskets from line passing by Lew, Harrington and Kelliher. Field and Tighe played the best game for the P. A. C.

Lineup and summary:

HAVERHILL—41.	17—P. A. C.
Harrington rf	lb Tighe
Lew lf	rb Abbott
Wachter c	c Field
Doyle rb	lf Allard
Horan, Kelliher lb	rf O'Neil

Score—Haverhill 41, P. A. C. 17. Goals from floor—Wachter 6, Doyle 6, Harrington 3, Lew 3, Kelliher 2, Tighe 4, Field 3. Goals from fouls—Haverhill, P. A. C. Referee—Connors. Time—Three 15-minute periods. Attendance—550.

COMPANY M DEFEATED.

Company M's basket ball team of this city was defeated by Company B's team at Fitchburg on Saturday evening by a score of 35 to 17. A very slippery floor proved a great handicap to the Lowell players.

Lineup and summary:

COMPANY M—17.	35—COMPANY B
Regan rf	lb C. Harley
Mitchell lf	rb Ohlson
Poole c	c B. Harley
Walters rb	lf Bruce
Maloney lb	rf Bryce

Score—Company B 35, Company M 17. Baskets—B. Harley 5, Bryce 4, Bruce 6, C. Harley, Mitchell 4, Regan 3, Walters. Points on fouls—Company B 3, Company M 1. Scorers—Walters and Goodwin. Timekeepers—McDonald and Keevers. Attendance—500.

SALEM HIGH BEATEN.

Lowell high school girls showed to good advantage in the game with Salem high at Lowell Saturday, and allowed their opponents only two goals from the floor. Misses Bailey and Eaton of the home team secured 17 goals between them, the former getting 10.

The score at the end of the first period was 14 to 2, at end of the second 29 to 3 in favor of Lowell, and the total, 37 to 7.

Salem's basket from the floor was not scored until the third period. The two Salem forwards made frequent shots for the basket but they were hasty and did not shoot carefully.

Lineup and summary:—

LOWELL HIGH	SALEM HIGH
Miss Eaton rf	lb Miss Goodell
Miss Bailey lf	rb Towne, Miss Swain
Miss Jewett c	c Miss Smith
Miss Anna Brown sc	sc Miss Fox
Miss Rivet rb	lf Miss Brown
Miss Hunking lb	rf Miss Griffin

Score—Lowell 37, Salem 7. Baskets from the floor—Miss Bailey 10, Miss Eaton 7, Miss Anna Brown, Miss Brown of Salem. Baskets from free tries—Miss Griffin 5, Miss Bailey 1. Free tries missed—Miss Bailey 7, Miss Griffin 4. Fouls called on Salem 8, on Lowell 8. Referee—Miss Marjorie Read. Umpire—Carl D. Burtt. Timer—Miss Ida Wilson. Linesmen—Miss Swain, Miss Walsh, Miss Spaulding, Miss Sweatt. Time—Three 12-minute periods. Attendance—500.

LAST WEEK'S PLAYING.

The feature of last week's play in the New England professional basketball league was the form displayed by Haverhill. Three of the four games played resulted in victories, and in its two home games the visitors were badly defeated.

Victories were scored over Natick, Lowell and P. A. C., and a game was lost at Natick by the score of 23 to 22. Horan, Wachter and Doyle played in great form, and their accurate shooting was responsible for the team's fine showing.

At home, Manchester played two of the best games of the season, winning from South Framingham and Natick by the scores of 62 to 24 and 64 to 7, but in the three games away from home the team was defeated.

Lowell presented a new lineup last week, and won three out of four games. In its first game with the newly organized P. A. C. team it rolled up one of the biggest scores of the season, and won, 83 to 17. In this game Kane established a new league record of 20 goals from the floor, while Mathews registered 15.

The P. A. C. team which is taking Hudson's place, is made up practically of the old Lowell players. Allard, Abbott, Fields and O'Neil of the Lowells and Tighe, McFarland and McMinnimman is the lineup. Although the team dropped the three games played it has good material, and this week should see a marked improvement in its work.

In points scored the standing is: Lowell 1512, Manchester 1503, Haverhill 1448, South Framingham 1023, Natick 911. P. A. C. 548.

Eleven men have now passed the 100 mark in goals from the floor, with Kane of Lowell far in the lead. The following men have secured 50 or more goals from the floor:

Kane of Lowell 291, Donnelly and Healy of Manchester 151 and 138 respectively, Tigue of Lowell 133, Doyle of Haverhill 129, Hough of South Framingham 121, Devlin of Manchester 118, Allard of P. A. C. 114, Mathews of Lowell 112, Mullner and Fogarty of South Framingham 105 and 103 respectively, Qualey of Manchester 90, Horan, Lew and Wachter of Haverhill 88, 86 and 85 respectively, Abbott of P. A. C. 83, Ferat of South Framingham 82, Punch of Natick and Kennedy of Haverhill 78 each, Martens of Natick 73, Leighton of Lowell 72, Lynch of Manchester 60, Fields of P. A. C. and Regan of Manchester 59 each, Harrington of Haverhill 56, Mayham of South Framingham 50.

STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
So. Framingham	21	6	.778
Natick	19	15	.559
Lowell	18	19	.525
Haverhill	16	22	.484
Manchester	27	37	.422
P. A. C.	7	11	.389

GAMES THIS WEEK.

Tuesday—South Framingham at Lowell, Haverhill at Manchester, P. A. C. at Natick.

Thursday—Lowell at Manchester, South Framingham at Haverhill.

Saturday—South Framingham at Natick, Haverhill at Lowell (afternoon), P. A. C. at Lowell (evening), Manchester at Haverhill (evening.)

BOULEVARDS WON.

The Boulevards of the local amateur league went down to Haverhill with the P. A. C. team Saturday night and defeated the High school team of the Haverhill amateur league by the score of 40 to 24. The Boulevards had a new man, Hell, who proved a treasure, as he scored 10 baskets. On account of their good showing the Boulevards will again journey to Haverhill Thursday night and play the Olympias, who will be presented the cup for winning the Haverhill amateur championship. The lineup:

BOULEVARDS.	HAVERHILL.
Lew lg	rf Pratt
Cunningham rg	lf Tratton
Field c	c Hickey
Bell lf	rg Tuccolo
Brock rf	lg Marston

MILITARY LEAGUE SCHEDULE.

The following is a schedule of the Military league as arranged at a meeting in Lawrence yesterday:

March 19—Company G and Battery C at Lowell.

March 21—Company M and Company F at Lowell.

March 23—Company M and Company F at Lawrence.

March 25—Company G and Company F at Lawrence.

March 30—Company M and Company F at Lowell.

Should Company M team win the three games above scheduled with Company F it would be tied with Battery C for second position in the league standing.

SHAWLIGHTS ACCEPT.

Mr. Editor:—

As manager of the Shawlight basketball team, I accept the challenge issued by the manager of Co. M to play a game for a purse of $50, to determine which is the stronger team. I will insist that both teams play with the same lineup as presented at our last meeting.

Yours respectfully,

JOHN J. CARNEY,
Manager Shawlight B. B. C.

BASKETBALL NOTES.

Tomorrow night South Framingham will play in Huntington hall. It will be the last meeting of the teams in this city this season. So. Framingham will come to Lowell on a special train and will be accompanied by 250 rooters. They will bring a brass band with them to make things lively and in order to keep up Lowell's end Manager Gray has engaged the Lowell Cadet band to play. So besides the battle of basketball giants there will be a battle of bands. It will be the greatest basketball night Lowell has ever had.

The demand for reserved seats for tomorrow night's game is unprecedented in the history of the game in this city. Manager Gray says that reserved seat tickets will not be held for parties engaging them after 5.30 Tuesday night. After that hour the tickets will be sold to the first who call for them.

It is up to Co. M to come to terms with the Shawlights.

Hell of the Shawlights played with the Boulevards against the Haverhill high school team Saturday evening and threw ten baskets. Hurrah for the Shawlight captain!

JUMPED TO DEATH

A Boston Woman Committed Suicide

HAD BEEN MARRIED BUT RECENTLY

The Young Woman Was Despondent

BOSTON, March 14—While her husband was awaiting her in her father's home yesterday morning, Mrs. Carla Arntzen dressed herself, walked to the roof, and hurled herself to the ground 70 feet below. She lay for some time unconscious, and died soon after at the City hospital.

Despondency, brought on by illness, is the cause that is thought to have led the young woman to take her life. She was the daughter of Peter T. Arntzen, a bookkeeper at 87 Milk street, who lives at Hotel Rand, 76 West Rutland square, a couple of doors from the scene of the suicide.

The story of how the young woman's mind was led to thoughts of self-destruction as told by the police is pathetic. It seems that several months ago she and her cousin, Lauritz Arntzen, who made his home with her father, were married by a minister in the South End, without consulting the members of Carla's family. The minister did not give the couple a marriage certificate at the time, and some members of her family wondered at this when Lauritz and Carla announced their marriage and were forgiven for not telling of their intention to wed.

Some few weeks ago the young couple took a room with Mrs. Etta L. Callahan on the top floor of the hotel Essex at 84 West Rutland square, but continued to take their meals at the old home with her father and sisters.

Approaching maternity changed Mrs. Arntzen from a cheerful, light-hearted girl to a despondent, irritable woman. She seemed to feel that her family doubted that she was married, and worried because she did not have a certificate. Last Friday, without consulting her husband, she went to the minister who had performed the ceremony and got a certificate.

Saturday night her husband and she were at the family rooms, and the visit to the clergyman was made known to him. He chided his wife for worrying over such a trifle, and told her to keep the certificate to herself and not show it. This appeared to deepen her despondency, and after a while she said she was going to the roof to get air. Her husband would not allow her to do so, and took her out for a walk instead. She returned feeling in better spirits, and they went to their lodging rooms, the husband returning to his father-in-law's to assist him in fixing some photographs.

While her husband was out, Mrs. Arntzen asked her landlady how to get to the roof, and went there, but had come back before her husband returned, and when he came in was writing. She refused to tell him what she was writing, and after some words he went out again, but soon returned and they retired.

Yesterday morning he arose first, and after a pleasant chat with his wife, went to her father's, expecting her to follow at her leisure. He waited about 20 minutes, and then started to get some milk for breakfast. On the way out he heard the bell ring and someone call up the tube to his father-in-law that his daughter was lying out on the street.

The husband ran out, and found his wife lying unconscious on Claremont street, a small lane that runs beside the railroad track at the foot of West Rutland square. From people about he learned that she had jumped from the roof of the building.

An investigation by the police showed that Mrs. Arntzen after her husband left the house had arisen and dressed, went to the roof, climbed on the protecting rail, and threw himself over the edge.

Her right leg was fractured, one arm was cut, and there was a single bruise on her face. The police of division 5 hurried Mrs. Arntzen to the City hospital, where she died a few minutes after being put on the operating board.

CHOIR CHANGES

Local Directors Announce Changes

The list of choir singers prepared by the leaders of the different Protestant church choirs, preparatory to rehearsals for the Easter services, shows many changes in the personnel of the choirs. No changes thus far have been announced in the Catholic churches.

The Kirk Street church music committee has re-engaged the quartet of last year: Miss Helen Wetmore, soprano; Mrs. Ethel Torrey Smith, contralto; William Wirt, tenor; George E. Burns, bass, with Mr. Arthur Spalding organist.

At the Pawtucket church there will be a chorus choir, F. B. Hill organist and director, also a male quartet composed of Messrs. Harry N. Patten, first tenor; William T. Patten, second tenor; Edwin Howe, first base; W. T. S. Bartlett, second base.

The Central M. E. church music will be a chorus choir under the direction of A. W. Henderson, with Miss Anna Thompson organist.

At the Highland Methodist church the following have been engaged: Mrs. Herbert Bearce, soprano; a volunteer chorus choir with Mr. Herbert Bearce tenor and director; Miss Ella L. Gale, organist. The pastor's wife, Mrs. B. F. Kingsley, will have charge of the evening music, directing the girls' chorus.

At St. Paul's M. E. Church, Miss Ethel Salmon, soprano; Miss Jessie Stelle, alto; Prof. Edgar H. Barker, tenor and director; Charles Martin, bass. Charles V. Barker, organist.

At the Immanuel Baptist church Charles E. Woodbury will direct the chorus choir; Miss Gertrude French, organist.

The choir at Mt. Vernon Free Baptist church will consist of Miss Nora Johnson, soprano; Miss Gertrude L. Abbott, alto; James Hounsell, tenor; George S. Drew, bass and director; Clayton R. Kimball, organist.

The Paige Street Free Baptist music committee has engaged Miss Harriet G. Lee of Tewksbury for organist and there will be congregational singing.

The Eliot choir will be composed of Miss Alice C. Hutchinson, soprano; Mrs. F. L. Roberts, alto; Herbert F. Whipple, tenor; Arthur T. Munn, bass; Sydney R. Fleet, organist and director.

At the First Trinitarian Congregational church the musical arrangements will continue as last year. Miss Alice Frothingham, organist; Mrs. George F. Kunigott, directress of a large chorus and a children's choir, both vested.

High Street church quartet and organist remain the same as last year: Mrs. George Spalding, soprano; Mrs. Mortimer Darby, contralto; H. E. Adams, tenor and director; William E. Foster, bass; and Miss Anna L. Melendy, organist.

Grace Universalist church quartet and organist remain as last year: Mrs. Daisy Shaw Merritt, soprano; Mrs. George E. Burns, contralto; John Wilberly, tenor; Bertram Bedell, bass; and Mrs. Charles Sturtevant, organist and directress.

St. Anne's Episcopal church choir will be under the direction of E. K. Baldwin, organist, with 10 men and 25 boys in the chorus. Mr. Kenneth Bruce joins the tenor section, and Charles Howard is added to the basses.

St. John's Episcopal church choir will be composed of 14 men and 24 boys, with Wilfred Kershaw organist and Frederick O. Blunt, master.

At the House of Prayer the choir of six men and fourteen boys will be under the direction of Henry Hardy, choir master, with Mrs. Nellie Lefleur organist.

The Worthen Street M. E. church completed their list yesterday as follows: Miss Ethel Wotton, soprano; Miss Blanche Martin, alto; Harry Stocks, tenor, and director; Walter Bruce, bass; Miss Jessie Todd, organist.

The First Unitarian choir is composed of Mrs. James N. Greig, soprano; Mrs. W. I. Hervey, contralto; A. M. Bowden of Lawrence, tenor; Charles D. Paige, bass; G. F. Homer, organist and director.

First Universalist, Mrs. Jean L. Sherburne, soprano; Mrs. O. A. Gelino, alto; Osmond Long, tenor; James P. Spellman of Concord, N. H., bass; Mrs. Helen Hamilton Taylor, organist.

At the First Baptist church J. Avison Baker has been elected director of the chorus choir, with the following soloists: Mrs. W. H. Pepin, soprano; Miss Jessie Smith, contralto; Harry Hopkins, tenor; Albert F. French, organist.

A special meeting of the Citoyens Americains was held Saturday night and resolutions were passed on the death of the late Mr. Calixte Dozois, who was a charter member of the organization. The members present at that meeting then marched to the late home of Mr. Dozois, 852 Worthen street, where they recited prayers for the dead at the casket.

INJURIES FATAL

Otis Adams of Chelmsford Died Saturday

Mr. Otis Adams of Chelmsford, who was struck by an electric car in Chelmsford Thursday afternoon, died Saturday evening at his home in that town. From the time that the accident occurred until he passed away he failed to regain consciousness and died as the result of concussion of the brain.

The deceased had spent his entire life in Chelmsford with the exception of about a year during which time he was in the employ of the Boston & Lowell railroad in Boston. He was a direct descendant of Capt. Samuel Adams, who was born in Braintree in 1617 and came to Chelmsford at the inception of the town in 1653, settling in that part of the town originally known as the "Adams grant" now called "Russell's Mills."

Mr. Adams was born Jan. 6, 1826, and was the son of the late Dea. Otis Adams. In 1849 he married Caroline S. Glover, who survives him. Seven children were born to them, of whom six are now living, viz: Amos H. Adams and Mrs. Wm. C. Ward of Chelmsford, Mrs. Albert S. Reade, Mrs. H. C. Greene and Edward H. Adams of this city, and H. C. Adams of Norwich, Conn.

Mr. Adams was a man of the strictest integrity and honesty of purpose, a kind neighbor, a good husband, a faithful father, and, in the language of a life-long friend, a man always to be depended upon. He was never active in public affairs, but led a quiet unostentatious life.

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Spring Fever?

It's the Reaction From the Winter's Strain—A Simple, Safe Remedy.

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We call it spring fever—in reality it's nothing more nor less than Nature's rebellion against the wrong condition of stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys.

You need a tonic—not a decoction of dragged alcohol, but real nerve food which revitalizes the worn-out nerves, stimulates the action of all the digestive organs and purges the blood of its load of enervating impurities.

Iron-Ox Tablets are gentle tonic and laxative in character. They do not give temporary relief by violent action followed by a destructive weakening of the entire system, but quietly and surely rid the body of the elements of disease and send new life and vigor quivering through every fibre of your being.

Any remedy which shocks the system into activity is dangerous. Iron-Ox Tablets produce a natural, regular building up of all the bodily functions. This takes a little time, but a successful result is absolutely certain.

Fifty Iron-Ox Tablets in an attractive aluminum pocket-case, 25 cents at druggists, or from The Iron-Ox Remedy Co., Detroit, Mich.

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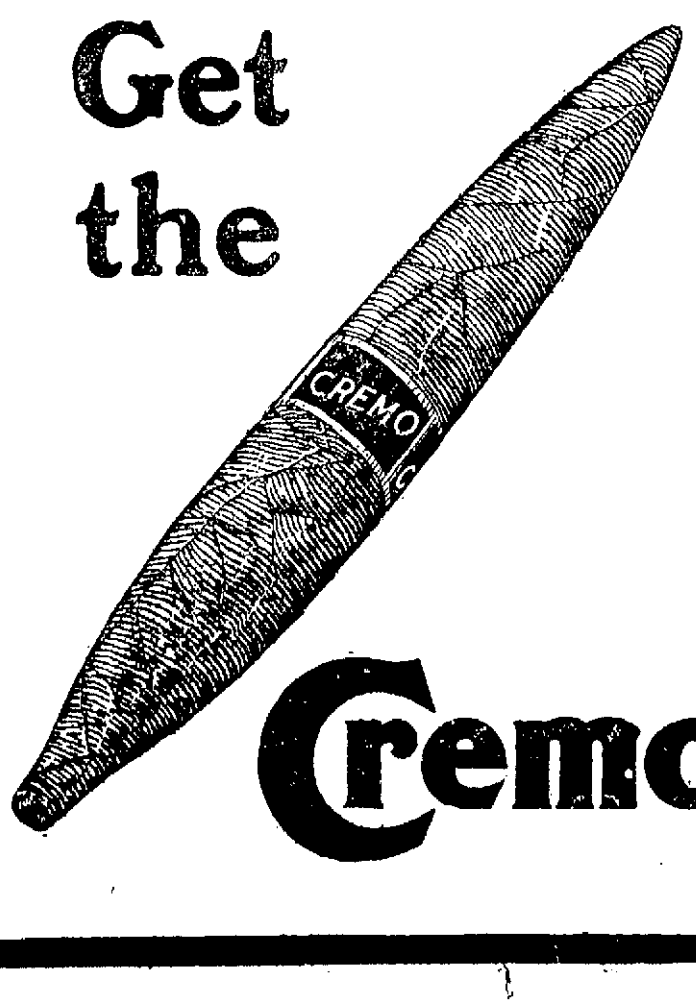

Cremo

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Att.	From Boston. Lve.	Att.
5.42	6.60	6.00	7.04
6.22	7.04	6.40	7.20
a6.39	7.30	7.35	8.55
a6.42	7.33	8.25	9.01
a7.01	8.02	c9.00	9.37
c7.34	8.10	c10.00	10.37
a7.31	8.50	a10.17	11.34
7.45	8.35	a11.30	12.07
8.50	9.40	12.00	12.56
9.40	10.40	e1.00	1.37
11.00	12.03	2.00	3.01
a11.45	12.25	a3.00	3.37
a12.14	1.00	a3.47	5.00
1.40	2.50	4.14	5.30
a1.55	2.38	e5.00	5.37
a3.03	4.20	5.38	6.26
a4.47	4.38	a5.47	6.54
4.25	5.30	6.14	7.30
a5.22	6.15	e7.30	8.08
a5.44	7.00	a8.30	9.05
a6.22	7.15	10.30	11.34
a7.29	8.10	11.20	12.22

SUNDAY TRAINS

To Boston. Lve.	Att.	From Boston. Lve.	Att.
a8.39	7.50	9.03	10.00
a7.24	8.10	1.00	1.57
8.45	9.49	5.00	5.58
a9.20	10.15	e7.30	8.08
a4.23	5.50	e8.30	9.08
a5.55	7.00	9.00	10.02

WESTERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Att.	From Boston. Lve.	Att.
8.50	9.00	7.30	8.34
9.00	9.54	9.25	10.32
9.25	10.39	10.45	11.41
10.50	12.00	11.50	1.08
12.05	1.32	2.15	3.19
12.45	1.57	3.36	4.35
2.30	3.35	4.05	5.30
3.10	4.10	6.01	7.05
3.55	5.04	6.35	7.48
5.05	6.48	8.38	10.40
6.15	7.15	B11.15	12.15
7.00	8.06		
9.25	10.30		

SUNDAY TRAINS

To Boston. Lve.	Att.	From Boston. Lve.	Att.
8.15	9.27	8.00	9.17
12.05	1.24	12.00	1.02
4.05	5.13	5.00	6.27
5.30	6.53		
8.00	9.05		

Trains by western division leave Lowell from Middlesex St. Station.

aVia Bedford.

eExpress.

cFrom Middlesex Street Station only.

B Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

LOCAL NEWS

Stationery—F. A. M. Tobin's Printery.

T. A. D. Sullivan, wholesale grocer.

Lawler Printing Co., 29 Prescott St.

Secure your saddle horses at O'Donnell's stables for St. Patrick's day.

M. Little & Co., Bridge street, corner Third, sell green ribbon and give away green trading stamps. One they hope will go thundering down through the ages, and the other go thundering out of existence, very soon. St. Patrick's green ribbon all widths, Nos. 1½ to 9 and green discount stamps free.

GREEK LECTURE

HELD IN ASSOCIATE HALL LAST EVENING.

Prof. J. P. Leatsakos, of the University of Athens, Greece, delivered a highly entertaining lecture in Associate hall, last evening, on "Greek Life, Art and Literature." A large audience of local Greeks was in attendance while many English-speaking people were present. The lecture was illustrated by many superb views, and this feature proved so interesting that the unflagging attention of those who did not understand his words (the lecture was delivered in his native tongue), was maintained throughout. Some of the most interesting scenes he also explained in English for the benefit of those who did not understand Greek.

He speaks English fluently and with just enough foreign accent to give a peculiar charm.

He delivered in Greek "Kreon's address to the senators of the Thebes" with much effect and spoke at some length on Athens and Sparta, the latter city being his birthplace.

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THE LATEST WAR NEWS

A dispatch from Japan says: The Japanese goods are liable to be higher at any moment, so don't miss this opportunity. It is a chance of a lifetime. We are having a clearance sale of all Japanese and eastern art work. We give you 25 to 35 per cent. discount on all goods. Come in and examine our prices. The only sale of its kind ever offered in Lowell. THE ORIENTAL BAZAAR, 313 Merrimack street.

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BADLY CRUSHED

Greek's Injuries May Prove Fatal

WAS CAUGHT BETWEEN CAR AND WALL

Taken to the Lowell Hospital

Vasehis Asmocoies, residing at 42 Lewis street and employed in the foundry at the Lowell Machine shop, met with an accident this morning which may result fatally. He is now at the Lowell hospital, his injuries being of an internal nature and such that the exact injuries cannot be located at the present time.

Asmocoies with several of the other employes were at work pushing a small dump car up an incline and in some unaccountable manner he was caught between the car and the wall of the building, injuring him badly. The ambulance was summoned and he was removed to the Lowell hospital.

RAILROAD TRAINMEN

MEMORIAL SERVICES HELD IN PILGRIM HALL.

Memorial services were held yesterday afternoon in Pilgrim hall by Spindle City lodge, No. 234, Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. Mr. W. W. Murray was the conductor of the meeting. The service was largely attended by members of the organization as well as relatives and friends of the deceased members. The order of the service is as follows:

Prayer, by the chaplain; Hymn—"Nearer My God to Thee"—by the entire lodge; prayer, by the chaplain; solo, "Not Lost, But Gone Before"—Mr. Peter A. Clune; reading of the ritual; solo, "No Crown Without a Cross"—Mr. Peter A. Clune; roll-call of the deceased brothers, prayer, by the chaplain; closing hymn, air—"Sweet Bye-and-Bye."

The deceased brothers are: Mr. Arthur E. Dodge, died May 31, 1898; Mr. Hubert H. Prosey, died June 22, 1900; Mr. Arthur Jean, died June 22, 1901; Mr. Herbert B. Judkins died July 31, 1902; Mr. Ovide Lapoint, died Sept. 22, 1903.

The lodge officers follow: Past master, H. Lalmond; master, A. M. Paltee; vice master, W. S. Howard; secretary, J. M. Ward; financier, H. P. McCavitt; chaplain, N. Cook; conductor, G. Cook; warden, W. C. Steady; inner guard, H. Walker; outer guard, T. Jones.

The Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen was organized at Oneonta, N. Y., Sept. 26th, 1883, with thirteen members, employes of the D. & H. C. Co. It was known as the Brotherhood of Railroad Brakemen until January 1st, 1890, when on account of the many of its members who had accepted other positions in train service the more fitting name, "Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen," was adopted. The grand lodge headquarters are now located at Peoria, Ill. The Brotherhood now has 536 subordinate lodges in the United States and Canada. It is represented in every state and territory in the Union. Its membership is made up of conductors, brakemen, train baggagemen, train flagmen, yard masters, yard foremen and switchmen.

The aims and objects are to unite the Railroad Trainmen; to promote their general welfare and advance their interests, social, moral and intellectual; to protect their families by the exercise of a systematic benevolence, very needful in a calling so hazardous, this fraternity has been organized.

GEORGE L. HUNT, President.

TABLET UNVEILED

By Mathew Temperance Institute

EXERCISES WERE SIMPLE BUT IMPRESSIVE

Consisting of Song, Speech and Prayer

The dedication and unveiling of the beautiful memorial tablet by the Mathew Temperance Institute yesterday afternoon at the Mathews' headquarters was attended by simple but very impressive exercises. There was the touch of melancholy that comes with the mention of the dead but behind the cloud of sorrow the sun was shining in the bright sky of hope, hope augmented by the fraternal spirit of the organization and the beauty of its principles.

The idea of installing a memorial tablet at this time was conceived a few months ago by the trustees and it met with the hearty approval of the organization as a whole. On the tablet, which is of black walnut, are inscribed the names of all departed members of the organization.

The exercises opened shortly after 3 o'clock, at which time the hall was crowded by members of the Mathews and their friends.

"I Cannot Always Trace the Way" was feelingly rendered by the Mathews Singing club of 60 voices under the direction of James Murphy.

President George L. Hunt, in his introductory remarks, said in part:

"Brother members—We are gathered here today to do honor to the memory of our deceased brothers. As a society we have always been solicitous of the welfare and the comfort of our members but hitherto we have been rather negligent in paying our tributes to the memory of the deceased. It remained for our board of trustees to conceive the idea of installing a memorial tablet in our rooms and the proposition was gracefully accepted by our members. This tablet has now been completed and positioned in the wall. It bears the names of all the departed members of our society and it will be a means of keeping their memory ever fresh in our minds. We have never made a practice in years past to set aside any particular day for memorial exercises but I venture to predict that in the future we shall have such exercises annually."

Pres. Hunt then unveiled the tablet following which William F. Thornton sang "Lead Kindly Light."

EDWARD F. SLATTERY.

Probation Officer Edward F. Slattery spoke briefly on the significance of the occasion.

He said in part:

"The occasion of our gathering here this afternoon is to do honor to our beloved dead when we as members of this society believe are never separated from us. Our tribute to our dead has been to some extent delayed but the good qualities of the men to whose memory we do honor today needs no annual reminder, they are at all times uppermost in our minds.

"Today our society has dedicated a tablet to perpetuate the memory of those members who have passed away since the society was organized 22 years ago. Thirty-three members have passed away since that period and they were all of them men of sterling character. Each one of us can recall some association with one or more of the men whose names are enrolled on the tablet, and do we not remember them as men of honor and worth. Honest upright men who were revered in the community in which they lived and loved by the fellow associates of their society. Among the roll of dead are two of our ex-presidents who did much to build the society up to what it is today. Though they be dead their work still lives and we can find some consolation in knowing that we are carrying out the plans and working out the principals which they held aloft."

REV. W. GEORGE MULLIN.

The Mozart quartet, Messrs. Thornton, Donnelly, Murphy and McMahon, sang "Nearer, My God, to Thee," at this point, after which the oration was delivered by Rev. W. George Mullin of St. Peter's church, who is spiritual director of the society.

He spoke of the ancient custom of erecting some sort of an emblem over the remains of the dead which should always speak to the mourner as the graveyard was entered. "The custom," he said, "has come down to us and it is indeed a beautiful one. Following out that custom our society today raises its little monument to the memory of the dead and to testify to the sorrow we have experienced in their deaths.

"Anxious that there should be some link between us and those who in life frequented these halls we have caused a tablet bearing their names to be placed in the most prominent place our quarters afford that we may see their names and thus have our memory refreshed of the good lives they lived.

"Death is a sad and sorrowing lot and the hand of death spares not any man. Whether in the prime of life or in the winter of old age it matters not when the hand of death stretches forth the summoned must go. We have all been more or less the companions of these men and from time to time we have been called to follow the remains of some one of them to its final resting place. It will be a pleasure for us in the future to point to that tablet and say to our visitors, there is our roll of honor. These men were our generals in the great army of temperance and they held aloft the flag which stands for that principle, never allowing it to be lowered until grim death snatched it from their hands and they were piloted on to their reward. Their work in life was worthy of imitation by us. Let it be our desire that when we too have passed away our names will also be inscribed on that tablet and let our lives be such that the same good things can be said of us by those who follow."

"Face to Face" was beautifully rendered by James E. Donnelly and "Come Unto Me" was sung by the singing club.

The exercises closed with prayer, led by Fr. Mullin.

LIST OF DECEASED MEMBERS.

John Barry, John H. Ring, Thomas F. Curry, John J. Finnegan, Richard Ryan, Denis Mulhaney, Philip Tighe, Charles F. Moran, John J. Gray, James J. Quinn, J. Hoye, Francis Clark, Francis Coulpose, Patrick Farley, Cornelius Harrigan, Joseph Dunn, John J. Purcell, James J. Curry, Florence J. O'Donoghue, John J. Hancock, Wm. H. Toomey, Charles Killoy, James J. Morris, John Quinn, John J. Quirk, James Leahey, John P. Brennan, Patrick Quinn, James Butler, Daniel F. Coughlin, John F. Sullivan, John J. Sullivan, Frederick C. Mehan.

The work of engrossing the names in the memorial tablet was done by Mr. James F. Shanley, teacher of penmanship in the evening high school, and reflects much credit upon his artistic hand. Besides the name of the dead members there is also placed in the tablet the date of his death. The singing club received many favorable comments after the exercises for the excellent rendition of its two selections.

The committee in charge of the exercises is as follows: President George L. Hunt, John A. McKenna, P. F. Nestor, Bernard F. Lee, John J. Townsend, John J. Guthrie, Edward F. Quinlan and P. H. Crowley.

REV. W. GEORGE MULLIN.

Miss Abbie R. Higgins, with her milliners, Mrs. Tessie Keyes Lussier and Miss Alice L. Gray, has returned after a week's stay in New York city, where they have been selecting goods and looking up spring styles.

OFFICERS ELECTED

FOR THE COMING YEAR BY PAIGE STREET CHURCH.

At a recent meeting of the Paige street church, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Senior deacons—Jesse Blake, Joseph A. Janvrin, William O. Brown, James H. Brennan.

Junior deacons—Francis E. Saunders, Mark O. Batchelder.

Deaconesses—Mrs. Francis Roberts, Mrs. Margaret Hardy, Mrs. Wm. O. Brown, Mrs. Mary Helen Leighton; assistants, Mrs. J. H. Brennan and Mrs. D. P. Knowlton.

Deaconess emeritus—Mrs. J. A. Janvrin.

Clerk—J. A. Janvrin.

Treasurer—J. D. Whitney.

Collector—Mrs. W. O. Brown.

Trustees—Sydney W. Wiggin, Wm. O. Brown, John D. Whitney, Geo. D. Akerley, Walter A. Chase.

Auditor—Daniel P. Knowlton.

Standing committee—Pastor, clerk, deacons, deaconesses, D. P. Knowlton, Hubert J. Kimball, Mrs. M. O. Batchelder.

Music committee—J. A. Janvrin, Mrs. M. O. Batchelder, Mrs. W. A. Chase.

Miss Harriet D. Lee of Tewksbury has been engaged as organist. Congregational singing has been adopted for the year.

A special meeting of Les Artisans Canadiens Francais was held yesterday afternoon in Centralville in the interest of the new St. Louis branch of the society. Ovila Gaulin presided. Twelve applications for membership were received.

You can't expect to weave white satin with blackened hands, any more than you can expect good results from papers with a bogus circulation.

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Visit the Premium Dispaly in Our Basement

CONTINUATION OF THE

Ribbon Sale

A few of the Bargains you'll find:

Satin Gros-Grain, Metallic Taffetas, Satin Liberties, Satin Taffetas and Plain Taffetas

Regular price 6c yard, sale price	3c YARD
Regular price 7c to 9c yard, sale price	4c YARD
Regular price 10c to 12c yard, sale price	5c YARD
Regular price 12c to 14c yard, sale price	7c YARD
Regular price 15c to 17c yard, sale price	9c YARD
Regular price 19c to 23c yard, sale price	12½c YARD
Regular price 25c to 29c yard, sale price	15c YARD
Regular price 35c to 39c yard, sale price	19c YARD
A beautiful Double-faced Satin Liberty Ribbon, 5 to 6 in. wide, regularly sells for 45c yard, in this sale	25c YARD
Baby Ribbon	1c YARD

Read Wednesday's Papers

FOR DETAILS OF A

DOMESTIC SALE

Y. M. C. A. Star Courts

First Congregational Church

TUESDAY, MARCH 15, 8 P. M.

REDPATH GRAND CONCERT CO.

OF NEW YORK

CARL E. DUFFT, Basso

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ANITA RIO, Soprano

BESSIE BONSALL, Contralto

MAUD PARADIS, Pianist

Single Admission 35 Cents

Reserved Seat 50 Cents

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At About Half Regular Prices

Our Usual Early Spring Selling of the Lowell Axminster Rugs and Art Squares Begins

Tomorrow Morning

We offer about 500 Rugs in all different sizes, including all the new designs of Oriental and Floral patterns subject to slight imperfections—only as to matching and shading—at the following prices:—

Size 27 in. x 63 in., worth $3, only	$1.69 each
Size 36 in. x 72 in., worth $5, only	$2.49 each
Size 4 ft. 6 in. x 7 ft. 6 in., worth $8, only	$5.00 each
Size 4 ft. 9 in. x 12 ft., worth $12.50, only	$6.00 each
Size 6 ft. x 9 ft., worth $15, only	$8.00 each
Size 7 ft. 6 in. x 10 ft. 6 in., worth $25, only	$10.00 each
Size 9 ft. x 9 ft. worth $25, only	$12.50 each
Size 9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 in., worth $27.50, only	$12.50 each
Size 9 ft. x 12 ft., worth $30, only	$12.50 each
Size 8 ft. 3 in. x 10 ft. 6 in., worth $28.50, only	$15.00 each
Size 9 ft. x 12 ft., worth $30, only	$15.00 each

As has been our custom for several seasons, we shall not allow any of these Rugs "out on memorandum" the day of the sale, and there will be none of these Rugs shown before the sale begins

Tomorrow Morning

AT 8 O'CLOCK IN OUR RUG DEPARTMENT

West Section, Gallery

A. G. Pollard & Co.

READ TALBOT'S ADVERTISEMENT IN TOMORROW'S PAPER